THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XIV. TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 29, 1882. PRICE 5 CENTS

SAID PASHA'S MESSAGE.

THE TURKS ANXIOUS TO JOIN THE CONVENTION.

Turkish Troops Prevented from Landing in Egypt—The Operations from Port Said—Important Desertions from the Staff of Arabi—The Casualties from the Sun—Other News.

LONDON, August 28.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Constantinople says: Said Pasha went to the Aapia on Sunday evening and informed Lord Dufferin that the Turkish council of ministers had resolved to publish a proclamation against Arabi Pasha, and to accept military convention with England conformaly to Lord Dufferin's proposals. A Port Said dispatch says: "The steamer Calypso arrived on Saturday with 150 Turkish troops and moored inside the inner harbor." When the Monarch sent two armed boats covered with Gatling guns from the Monarch to learn their errand. The Turks said they were the annual relief for a Turkish garrison for some fort in the Red sea. During the night the armed boats cruised around with orders to prevent the Turks landing. The Calypso entered the canal on Sunday morning, the steam pinnace, from the Heckla, accompanying her with orders to prevent the disembarkation of the troops.

AFFAIRS AT PORT SAID.

M. DeLesseps has embarked from Port Said for Marseillies. All is quiet at the front. The British cavalry has advanced to Kassassin lock. Locomotives have arrived at Suez from Bombay. A dispatch to the Daily News from Ismailia says that only six Arabs were found on the field of battle, but inside Rameses were found several small pyramids of stones freshly erected, beneath which dead natives were probably buried. Though the engagement was not serious so far as hard fighting is concerned, the soldiers acted splendidly. The difficulties of the ground were fearful, while the heat of the sun defies exaggeration. General Wolseley's object has been achieved and we have gained so much more fresh water for the canal which has been carefully dammed at Rameses. We lost a good many horses and mules. The remainder are fatigued and sadly need a few days' rest. The railway has been repaired as far as Rameses. The native cavalry have arrived and gone to the front. The News dispatch from Alexandria says it is reported that several staff officers have deserted Arabi Pasha and given General Wolseley important information. Mahmoud Fehmy has been taken prisoner at Kassassin. The previous report of his capture was premature.

GENERAL WOLSELEY'S REPORT.

The Victory a More Sweeping one than He at First Could Conceive of.

LONDON, August 28.—General Wolseley telegraphs from Ismailia, under date of Sunday, as follows: "I have just returned from the out-posts and find our actions on Thursday and Friday had a far more important result than I was aware of. Yesterday the enemy were completely routed and fled towards Zagazig, throwing away their arms and accoutrements. A very large amount of camp equippage and munition were captured. Mahmoud Fehmy, Arabi Pasha's chief engineer and military adviser, is a prisoner in my camp. The Daily News in its second edition has the following from Ismailia: "Troops are continually advancing, and it will not be long before Tel-el-Kerleir is attacked. Between Rameses and Maxama the ground is good for marching, but the canal is full of dead horses and bodies of Arabs. Some of the latter were thrown there by their comrades, while others were corpses of men shot while attempting to escape. Judging by the quantity of clothing, etc., found in the abandoned camp the rebels must have been in great force, but most of them appear to have been peasantry armed with old muzzle-loading muskets. Most all the prisoners are peasants. Most of the dead are peasants. The doctors have prohibited the use of the water of Lake Maxama for drinking. An artillery general has been captured, who speaks English fluently. He has furnished some valuable information. We now have two infantry regiments with cavalry and artillery at Kassassin." A dispatch to the Times from Ishmailia says General Wolseley, staff and headquarters will probably start for the front in a day or two. A correspondent of the Times at Calcutta telegraphs that a further reserve has been formed for immediate service in Egypt, and will be dispatched on the receipt of orders to that effect from General Wolseley. The whole control of the Indian division has been made over to General Wolseley. Ships with troops from Bombay arrived at Suez on Saturday.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

A dispatch to Reuter's telegram company from Ismailia says: "Mahmoud Fehmy was examined at headquarters. He reports that suffering and insubordination prevail in the Egyptian army." A dispatch to the Daily News from Ismailia says: "The difficulty of dragging supplies over the deep sand is very great. But a few miles can be made daily. The weather is somewhat cooler and the health of the troops is excellent. The glare on the sands at noon is terrible."

A BEDOUIN ADVANCE.

The Wild Men Around Alexandria—The Movements Around Aboukir and Ramleh.

LONDON, August 28.—A dispatch to the News dated Alexandria, Sunday evening, says: At Meks this afternoon the Bedouins appeared in large force within a short distance of the forts where the Malta volunteers had been relieved by the Derbyshire regiment. After considerable firing on both sides the Bedouins retired. Their casualties have not yet been ascertained, but it is believed that many Bedouins were killed and a large number were wounded. Our loss was one killed and one wounded. It is rumored that the Bedouins will attempt to enter the town to-night at Gabari gates. The barracks have been prepared accordingly. A dispatch to Reuter's telegram company from Alexandria says the British forty pounders at Ramleh cannonaded the enemy's lines on Sunday. The Observer's dispatch from Alexandria says: The news of the success of the British troops on Thursday was placarded in town and caused excitement and rejoicing. The commander of the British iron-clad, Achilles, reports that the Aboukir garrison is making an entrenched camp, in which several thousand laborers are working. A dispatch to the Reuter's telegram company, dated Alexandria, Sunday evening, says that about three o'clock this afternoon two heavy guns, recently placed beyond Water works hill, opened fire on the enemy on the left bank of the Mahmouldi canal. About twenty rounds were fired, several shells exploded in the midst of the enemy's entrenchments, causing considerable damage. The enemy replied feebly. About five o'clock a conflagration was observed in the rear of the enemy's camp, about ten miles beyond Ramleh. The British man-of-war, Minitour, shelled the enemy's outposts in the direction of Aboukir Sunday afternoon. The shells appeared to burst in the midst of the enemy's position. The Minitour fired with increased rapidity until sunset. The enemy's reply was weak and there was altogether very little activity in the rebel lines. The impression gained ground that the bulk of Arabi Pasha's men has been withdrawn from Kafr-el-Dwar. An Alexandria dispatch reports that Abdel Rassek and four other staff officers escaped from Arabi Pasha. They were well received by the khedive. A dispatch to the Standard from Alexandria states that the ministry has been formed with Cherif Pasha as president of the council and minister of foreign affairs; Riaz Pasha, minister of the interior; Haidar Pasha, minister of finance, and Omar Lurti Pasha, minister of war.

The Times correspondent at Alexandria telegraphs that the enemy have released the surplus water behind the dam and flooded the country on both their flanks. The cavalry and Bedouins continue to raid the village of Meks during the night, murdering the inhabitants. It is said the British intend to cut the dykes near Meks, so as to flood a portion of the dry bed of lake Mareotis, and prevent any attack from that side during the night. The troops at Kafr el Dwar are considerably reinforced. A dispatch to the Exchange telegraph company from Alexandria states that the man of war Minotour successfully shelled the enemy out of Mandar on the line between Ramleh and Abouskir.

SPANISH AMERICAN SPORTS.

Revolutions, Riots, Railroad Progress, Failing Crops and River Development.

NEW YORK, August 28.—Panama advices of the 17th state that a slight electoral row occurred in Colon on the night of August 15th. The leaders of the defeated party, headed by a desperado named Preston, commenced indiscriminate revolver-firing in the streets. The police endeavored to check them, but without success. In the scrimmage two innocent canoemen were shot. Fearing the consequences, Preston and his gang took to the woods, and, although parties have been sent in search of them, they have remained up to the present entirely unmolested. Preston is said to have 100 armed men with him, and the probabilities are he will give the authorities some trouble and finally a compromise will be effected under which he will gain some of the political advantages he seeks. The principal object of the movement is to keep Dr. Nunez from entering into power as president, to which office he was elected months ago. Political jealousies and personal animosities seem about to again cause trouble on the Isthmus. For months past a general feeling of disquitude has been evident in many of the states, and the compromise effected the other day in Bogota is already giving evidence that it cannot stand any pressure. Three distinct parties have agreed to be represented in the cabinet, and thus obtaining what they wanted withdrew their opposition to the presidential action but no coalition has followed.

RISING OF THE PERUVIANS.

Late reports from the south confirm the statement that a general rising of the Peruvians against the Chilians had been plotted. It was to have occurred July 28. The Chilians got wind of the matter and searched a steamer on her arrival at Callao. Full plans are said to have been discovered on some of the passengers, and, consequently, the outbreak did not occur. Some Italians were to have taken part in it. Esmeraldas, Equador, is reported to have been captured by the rebels. The report has its origin in the fact that the government has declared the port blockaded, and will allow no communication with it. The probabilities are, however, that the measure has simply been taken in order to prevent the disaffected in the port communicating with their friends who are in arms on the outskirts. A Chilian surveying corps is under orders to examine and report upon the natural territorial divisions which appear to be the most suitable for Chili to accept as her northern boundaries as modified by the war.

AMONG THE CENTRAL STATES.

The Nicaraguan government is about to sign a contract for the construction of a short line of railroad from Marays, on lake Managua, to Granada, on lake Nicaragua. The completion of the line between Corinto, on the Pacific, and Leon Viejo, on lake Managua, and the construction of the portion mentioned would insure through inter-oceanic communication by rail and steamer from the Atlantic port of San Juan del Norte (Greytown) and the Pacific. The provision crops of Salvador, Honduras, and Nicaragua have almost failed this season, and much want and suffering are being experienced. The governments are purchasing corn and rice abroad, and abolishing all import and other dues in order to encourage operators to bring in produce. The Honduras government has issued a decree canceling all consular appointments made prior to the revolution of 1876, during which all the archives of the foreign ministry were lost. Messrs. G. W. Shears, of Washington, and M. G. R. Friuz Gaetner, of Bonanza, New Mexico, have signed a contract with the government by which they undertake to clear the obstructions which now prevent the rivers Ulua and Blanco being navigated, and to put a steamer on them within one year. In return for this service the government concedes the contractors the sole right to navigate those rivers during twelve years and grants them 2,000 acres of land, besides other privileges. The cable steamer Silvertown is now at work within a few miles of Panama, all the north and south lines having been successfully laid. The cable will be open to the public in September. The United States flag-ship Pensacola left Panama for Guavaquil, Payta and Callao, and, it is believed, for a trip around the Horn to New York. She will await the arrival at Payta of the Iroquois, now en route from San Francisco, as the latter has a large amount of specie on board for the flag-ship.

THE COREAN SLAUGHTER.

The Queen, The Heir Apparent and a Large Number of Japanese Burned.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 28.—The steamer Coptic from China and Japan brings the following details of the recent outbreaks in Corea. On the 23rd of July an organized body of insurgents took possession of the capital of Corea, attacked and captured the royal palace, drove the members of the Japanese legation from their homes and pursued them to Port Jinsin, fifteen miles distant, killing four and wounding a number of others. The fugitives were there rescued by a British ship and taken to Nagasaki. A Japanese man-of-war was sent to investigate the outbreak and succor the Japanese who remained in Corea, returned on August 5th and announced that all the Japanese had probably been slaughtered and the capital was in a state of anarchy. Of the inmates of the palace, the king alone was spared. The queen, the heir apparent and thirteen ministers of state and other high dignitaries were murdered. The Japanese government has dispatched a fleet to the scene of disorder and is gathering troops to await developments. The reparation must be absolute and unconditional or war will ensue. The rebellion is said to have been directed by the ex-Regent Tar-In-Kun, who is a violent opponent of foreign intercourse.

Dr. Bliss's Claims.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—Dr. Bliss has written a letter to the board of auditors appointed to settle the expenses of the illness of the late president, setting forth in detail his claims for remuneration. He says his pecuniary losses during the time he attended the president, and during his subsequent ill health caused by over-exertion, amounted to $15,000, and he thinks he should receive as compensation for losses and services to the late president $25,000.

Heavy Fire.

LANCASTER, Ohio, August 28.—The Hocking Valley manufacturing company's works at this place were burned this morning. Loss $135,000.

THE COMMISSIONS

ATTENDING TO THE TARIFFS AND THE BROKEN RIVER BANKS.

The River Commission Make Some Recommendations as to the Distribution of the Funds—The Levees to be Considered a Part of the Work—Subjects Before the Tariff Commission.

NEW YORK, August 28.—The Mississippi river commission held its session to-day. Henry B. Richardson, state engineer of Louisiana, appeared before the commission to argue the necessity of building levees below as well as above the mouth of the Red river. The following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, That it is the judgment of the Mississippi river commission that the repairing and building of levees, as set forth in the resolutions of the Mississippi river commission adopted at their session held in the city of New York on the 14th to 18th days of August, 1882, should be done as part of the plan of the committee to afford ease and safety to the navigation and commerce of the Mississippi river, and deepen the channel, that the secretary of war be informed that the allotment of the funds and plans proposed at said sessions were made in pursuance of such judgment of the commission then existing." The committee then discussed the subject of expending part of the money alloted to the levee building above the mouth of Red river in the levee building below that point. A resolution to that effect was lost, but the matter will probably be reconsidered at to-morrow's session and another vote taken. The secretary of war has decided that the bids for levee building obtained by the Mississippi state authorities cannot be used by the United States government, and separate bids must be advertised for in accordance with the provisions laid down for the other harbors and river improvement works. This will cause delay from ten to fifteen days.

THE WORK ON RED RIVER.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

NEW YORK, August 28.—During the afternoon the subject of levees on Red river was considered. The resolution which was voted down earlier in the day provided that $100,000 from the reserve contingent fund of $473,000 should be allotted to levee building below the mouth of Red river. Mr. H. B. Richardson, state engineer of Louisiana, spoke of the necessity of the work, and said that the fund available from his state for that purpose would not be sufficient. The following resolution, offered by Judge Taylor, was finally adopted: "Resolved, That it is recommended that the sum of $50,000 be set aside from the contingent allotment for the building and repairing of levees, for closing the outlets and crevasses below Red river which discharge into Atchafalaya and its basin; such sum to be applied to the closure of such outlets as are nearest Red river and divert the largest quantity of waters from the Mississippi." The commission adjourned to meet in St. Louis, September 8th next.

THE TARIFF COMMISSION.

BOSTON, August 28.—The tariff commission met this morning at 10 o'clock, with President Hayes in the chair. Secretary Porter presented to the board a series of communications which had been transmitted to him from James Vick, of Rochester, N. Y., strongly urging the reduction or abolition of the tariff on garden seeds; from Cooper & Conrad, of Philadelphia, protesting against the present clumsy arrangement of the duties on textiles weighing less than five ounces per square yard; on yarns so far as they concern the textiles in question, and on wools used in the manufacture of the latter yarns; from Charles S. Higgins, of New York, pointing out that the present excessive duty on caustic soda was devised as a war measure, and recommending that the tariff, which was both unjust and injurious, be entirely removed; from Hartwig Schrader & Co., of New York, recommending that salt sardels, now admitted at 60 per cent ad valorem, be admitted at a specific duty of $1.50 per barrel; from the International Pavement company, of New York, advocating a specific duty on asphaltum in lieu of the evidently unjust ad valorem import duties now imposed, which specific duty would reconcile the present conflicting interests between the respective owners of deposits of asphaltum in foreign countries and consumers in the United States; from J. B. King & Co., of New York, asking for an increase to at least 30 or 35 per cent of duty on calcined plaster (gypsum) from the Christy fire clay company, of St. Louis, Mo., petitioning for renewed protection of fire-clays, kaoline, etc., from Richard Beeching, of Boston, suggesting the importation of the raw material for the manufacture of cork stoppers free, and a duty of $20 per 100 weight on foreign made corks, and from W. B. Hoyt, assistant appraiser, New York, a report supplementary to his evidence at Long Branch, recommending the alteration of the duties on a variety of articles.

F. M. Ames spoke on the subject of sugar. He read a letter from Louisiana giving the cost to Louisiana planters of labor in producing the sugar as compared with the cost under slave labor. The labor in Louisiana, he said, is three or four times in cost that of the labor in sugar districts in Cuba. The former pay about 4.6 cents per pound, and the latter 1½ cents for labor. There are 350,000 people in Louisiana alone dependent on the sugar industry. Perhaps if the duty were removed upon any other article imported, the planter might be able to hold his own. The constant agitation of the tariff question has discouraged the planter from making improvements. Another disadvantage for the planter is the annual flood pouring down from the north, but this, it is hoped, the general government will be able to rectify. In reply to Commissioner Kenner, Mr. Ames stated that he resided two months of the year in Louisiana; that and the neighboring states, with proper protection, could make more than enough sugar for the whole United States. The polariscope was used on plantations to test the quality of juice and sugar products.

Edwin E. Angell spoke of the duty on screwss saving that the duty should not be reduced without a reduction on the material used. He claimed that the duty should have some relation to the cost of the raw material, and that a proper distinction should be made as to the rate on the various sizes of screws. Edwin S. Barnett favored the repeal of the existing duty of 10 per cent on East India tanned skins. He claimed that the great middle and poorer classes, as well as the boot and shoe dealers of the country, are opposed to an increase. Marcus Beebe, of Boston, confirmed the views of the last speaker, as did also Ira S. Franklin, who said that an advance of 4.15 per cent on the duty would be disastrous.

A. E. Denison, of Boston, stated that he represented 120 persons interested in potato starch. There are, he said, 95 establishments in the United States, employing 2,072 hands. Seventy-two are in New York. By reason of unfair discrimination the trade has made no progress during the last ten years. The great competitor for trade is Germany. The duty on stock is 1 cent a pound and 25 per cent ad valorem. It is asked that a duty of not less than 2 cents a pound be laid on stock under any form. A. S. Eustis confirmed the various statements made by the previous speaker. In New Hampshire and Vermont especially, he asserted, the trade had failed. Hiram Power, manufacturer of jewelry in Rhode Island, said: The duty on jewelry is 25 per cent. Precious stones and diamonds pay in 10 per [redacted] great wealth and his ability to purchase newspapers, which were not too expensive luxuries to own, and asked where Brady obtained this sudden wealth and what he proposed to do with the two newspapers unless to use them in self-defense when called to account for his official acts. After reviewing the arguments of the opposing counsel, and answering the questions and objections raised by them, Mr. Merrick said in conclusion that the other side had appealed to the sympathy of the jury. He would have them cold as icycles. If he had a plea to interpose at all it was a plea for his country, and the preservation of her institutions. In the name then of the people of the United States and of their government, in the name of honesty and honor, and of the supremacy of the law and right over vice and criminality, he demanded a verdict of guilty against these defendants. Mr. Wilson rose to reply to Mr. Merrick, but had hardly begun his argument when the court adjourned.

"NOTARY PUBLIC."

How the Mistake in the Wording of the New Bonds Will be Overcome.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 22, 1882.—There has been some anxiety, apparently, in financial circles outside of Washington, lest the appearance of the words "notary public" on the new 3 per cents, just being printed at the bureau of engraving and printing, would so vitiate the issue as to compel the secretary of the treasury to have it reprinted, thus delaying the exchange of the bonds for weeks. It is stated, at the treasury department, that, although the words "notary public" got on the bonds by mistake, their presence will not necessitate a reissue. It is thought that the mistake can be very easily corrected by a general circular, to be issued by the secretary of the treasury, explaining how it occurred, and stating that it does not affect the validity of the bonds. This course will probably be adopted.

A HINDOO MASSACRE.

The Parsees Turn Out and Butcher the Unoffending Mussulmen.

CALCUTTA, August 28.—There has been fearful rioting between the Hindoos and Mahomedans at Salem, in the presidency of Madras. One hundred and fifty Hindoos and three Mahomedans have been arrested. An eye-witness of the disorders says he saw the disemboweled body of a Mahomedan infant lying on the ground. Its arms also torn off. The headless corpses of Mahomedan men and women are lying on every side. The houses of Mahomedans were burned and the principal mosque was almost razed to the ground. Dead pigs had been thrown into wells with the corpses of Mahomedan children. Troops are still patroling the street. The Mahomedans are a small minority of the population.

A Disastrous Accident.

NEW ORLEANS, August 28.—While a cartman was delivering oil to Frank & Steiner, bakers, on Torti street, yesterday, the oil ran into the bakery and took fire, destroying six small houses. Steiner's horse was burned to death, and a child aged two years, Mrs. Baker, and James B. Mallon, cartman, were all badly, if not fatally, injured.

THE QUARANTINE LINE.

MOBILE AND MONTGOMERY CUT OFF PENSACOLA.

Two Cases of Fever Reported from the Florida Gulf Port—The Disease Supposed to Have Reached Its Climax in Brownsville—The Disposition of the Fund—Full Particulars.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—Surgeon-General Hamilton, of the marine hospital service, has determined on a very conservative course in handling the $100,000 special epidemic fund placed in his hands by the president through the secretary of the treasury. The national board of health distinguished itself during its existence by pursuing a course which was as arbitrary as it was disagreeable. Presuming upon its national character it practically ignored local authorities in many respects. It had a way of suddenly declaring yellow fever epidemic at some particular town, and then placing that town under the strictest quarantine. Sometimes there was not sufficient grounds for these proceedings, and they were exceedingly annoying to the people of the injured town. It is noteworthy that, on the day that a member of the national board of health said to a newspaper reporter that the board had abandoned all hope of getting control of the $100,000 special epidemic fund, Surgeon-General Hamilton, who now has undisputed control of that fund, said to your correspondent that, in administering it he would take the initiative in nothing, and, least of all in declaring yellow fever epidemic in any particular place, and that he should confine himself to giving such aid as is asked of him by the executive of an afflicted state. This position made it very easy for him, when the town of Laredo, on the Texas border, complained by telegraph to-day of being quarantined against, to throw off the responsibility for action, which was manifestly that of the state of Texas. The working force of the marine hospital service is in perfect condition, and its head will be able to give the states afflicted by yellow fever all the assistance they require. Beyond this he will not go.

Surgeon General Hamilton has received to-night the following telegram from Brownsville, Texas: "Forty-six new cases of fever and three deaths are reported for the twenty-four hours ending at 10 a. m. yesterday. Eighty-six new cases and eight deaths for the past twenty-four hours. Dr. Murray has arrived."

THE WEEKLY REPORT.

Dr. Hamilton, in his review of the progress of the yellow fever epidemic in Texas, says: "Since the last weekly statement the epidemic at Brownsville has been somewhat increased, though it still appears to lack the malignancy that usually accompanies this disease. During the past week an effective cordon has been established by the treasury department around the infected district, and mounted guards patrol both sides of the Rio Grande. The disease is now confined within a triangle bounded by the Rio Grande, Gulf and the cordon extending from Laredo to Corpus Christi. From telegraphic advices received to-day it is learned that a cordon was established just in time to catch the refugees from the infected district. Fifty were stopped between Corpus Christi and Laredo yesterday, seven of whom were from Tampico, Mexico.

BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS, August 28.—There were forty new cases of yellow fever on Sunday, at Brownsville. Three Mexicans died. Dr. Murray arrived at Brazos at 10 o'clock in the morning on the revenue cutter McClane. There were five deaths in Matamoras on Sunday. The weather is sultry.

AT ITS CLIMAX.

NEW YORK, August 28.—A Brownsville Texas, dispatch to the Evening Post says that it is believed the fever has reached its climax. Dr. Murray, of the United States board of health, writes that nurses and supplies have arrived. Mayor Carson and the Rev. Mr. Hall have been attacked. In Matamoras the disease has about run its course.

MONTGOMERY QUARANTINES AGAINST PENSACOLA.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 28.—At the meeting of the board of health to-night, the president stated that he had been officially informed, by telegraph from the Pensacola board of health, that two cases of yellow fever had developed in that city, but no death is reported. The quarantine against Pensacola will be rigidly maintained, and all roads carefully guarded.

MOBILE'S QUARANTINE.

MOBILE, August 28.—Mobile established this morning a quarantine against Pensacola, Fla., owing to an official report of yellow fever there.

CHALMERS'S RIVAL.

Hannibal Carter, a Colored Republican, Throws Down the Gauntlet.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—The contest in the second congressional district of Mississippi, in which Mr. Chalmers is running as an administration candidate in the hope of securing republican support, is not to be the simple contest it had promised to be. Hannibal C. Carter, the colored republican who has announced himself as an independent candidate in the district, and who seeks the support of the straightout republicans against Chalmers, proposes to make an active contest, and his friends here say the fight in the district will be the hottest seen in that section for years. Carter was a Grant delegate at the Chicago convention and has held office for many years in his state. He is an educated man, was a soldier, and early rose to prominence in the public affairs of his state, having as a member of the state legislature framed and secured the passage of a civil rights bill in Mississippi some time before the passage of Sumner's measure of that name. He is thoroughly in earnest in entering this contest. He spent a few days in Washington last week seeking information as to whether Chalmers would recieve the indorsement of the administration and the aid of the republican congressional committee. Colonel Henderson, secretary of the committee, told Carter that the committee was not yet prepared to say whether or not they would aid Chalmers, but Carter, becoming satisfied that aid was even now being sent him by the committee, determined to enter the field at once as an independent candidate. He left here on Tuesday last, and a ratification meeting is to be held at Holly Springs on Monday night to indorse his candidacy.

In the address to the republican voters of the district, he says: "The quasi-indorsement of Mr. Chalmers by the Sardis convention was procured by illegitimate methods and is a fraud upon the people, who were not consulted, and was a bitter pill to a large majority of the members of the convention." Explaining his own position, he says: "Conceding to my party all it claims to have given to the colored race, freedom and the ballot, it has done nothing entitling it to bind us hand and foot and turn us over to the leadership of the men whose hands have been deepest and reddest in the blood of southern republicans. This is precisely what they are now doing." And further adds: "I deny the right of men who have taken no inferest in our struggles and preferred to expend all their force on doubtful northern districts or cliques who have piques to gratify to sell us out to such masters. I deny their capacity to even judge what is best for us, which is proved in their men and methods. This transaction, stooping to barter with the chief of sinners, is a blot upon the fair name of the party which will not soon be forgotten. Our blood and the bleaching bones of our dead protest against this monstrous crime." Carter's friends concede that it is possible his candidacy, dividing the republican strength, may give the district to the democrats, but they say they would rather see a democrat elected from the district than see Chalmers returned.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS.

How They are to be Conducted Under Professor Powell's Supervision.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—Professor Powell is rapidly organizing and dispatching parties to various sections of the country to continue the geological survey and to prepare a geological map of the country. The latter undertaking was for the first time made possible by the phraseology of a bill which passed congress at the last session, and which gave authority to enter the several states and prosecute the surveys therein, it having been held that only the territories and the public domain could be surveyed and mapped by the government until the law mentioned took effect. One party has been sent to North Carolina, under Professor Carr, who was formerly the official geologist of that state. He has several topographers as assistants. Parties have also been sent to Missouri, Arkansas and Kentucky, and one or two more mapping parties will be dispatched to other localities. The largest of Professor Powell's parties will leave Washington within a few days to continue the geological and topographical work in Arizona and New Mexico, begun last year near Fort Wingate. In the latter territory Professor Powell will join this party in person, after completing the details of the organization of other parties, and will supervise and direct its operations. The bureau of ethnology, for the operations of which congress made an appropriation at the last session, has been placed under the control of Professor Powell, and several parties have been dispatched to various parts of the country, especially to Mississippi, Minnesota, Illinois, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, for the purpose of making ethnological researches. In connection with this branch of the work quite a large party, under the direction of Mr. James Stevenson, one of Professor Powell's experienced assistants, will be sent to Arizona and New Mexico to continue the exploration of ancient pueblos of those territories and in what is known as the San Juan county. Up to the present time but little exploration has been carried on among these ancient pueblos, the efforts having been principally directed to the collection and preservation of archæological and ethnological material to be found in the possession of the present Pueblo Indians. As very large and rich collections of this character have been made, it is the purpose of Professor Powell to turn the attention of his explorers more especially to the architecture and topography of these ruined cities of a mysterious race, so thickly scattered over the territories, and especially to those in the canon forming the tributaries of the Colorado river of the West. This party has attached to it a competent landscape artist, a photographer and an experienced collector. A detailed notice will be made of every feature of the pueblos, which will be laid before congress in the expectation that steps will be taken for the preservation of the ruins. A petition from the genealogical society of Boston, asking that this be done, was presented to the senate by Senator Hoar last winter.

STAMPS AND POSTAL CARDS.

An Official Tour of the Factories Where They Are Made.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—Third Assistant Postmaster-General Hazen returned to-day from an official tour of the factories which manufacture stamps and postal cards for the United States. He states that everything was found to be in good condition at every point. The work is being better and more cheaply done than ever before. General Hazen states that, although the returns for the last quarter of the last fiscal year are not in yet, the post-office department, after paying all expenses, will put about $1,000,000 into the treasury vaults on account of the fiscal year just closed. The department was self-sustaining during the war one year, but never since. Before the war, it was self-sustaining during the 40s and again during the 50s. The reduction in postage cut down the receipts in each decade. When business revived in 1879 the receipts of the post-office department would have proportionately increased had it not been for the famous Kirby ruling, which permitted the transmission of mixed written and printed matter at third-class rates. The revocation of this order and the reductions on the star routes account for the $1,000,000 surplus.

The Garfield Monument Bazar.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—The prospectus of the Garfield Monument Bazar, to be held in the capitol from November 25 to December 3, has been given to the public. It states that $20,000 has already been collected, and the Bazar is expected to add enough to erect the monument. The art department is to be under the management of local artists. Contributions of needle and fancy work are especially invited, and the opportunity offered to other exhibitors will be very great and second only to the centennial exhibition. Communications may be addressed to the board of managers, rooms 90 to 96 Ebbitt house.

Loss of a Vessel.

ST. LOUIS, August 28.—The tow boat Fearless, belonging to the Missouri valley transportation company, struck a snag in the Missouri river, fourteen miles above the St. Charles yesterday morning and is supposed to be a total loss. She had three barges in tow, which were not injured. The Fearless was valued at about twenty thousand dollars.

Shot and Killed.

GALVESTON, August 28.—The News Long View special says Tom McGruder was shot and instantly killed by George Anderson, colored, about six miles from here to day. Anderson went to McGruder's camp to take his (Anderson's) wife who was with McGruder. The officers are in pursuit.

General Sherman to Retire.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—General W. T. Sherman said to-day that he would retire from active service in November of next year. He would be retired under the present law February 8, 1884, at which time he will be sixty four years of age. He will make St. Louis his home.

The Bids for the Jetties.

NEW YORK, August 28.—Bids were opened by General Gilmore to-day for the extension of the jetties now in course of construction at the mouth of the St. Johns river, Florida, and the jetties at the entrance to the Cumberland sound, Florida and Georgia. No awards have yet been made.

Suicide and Murder.

LELAND, Ill., August 28.—This evening Mrs. J. M. Stratton, wife of a successful lawyer here, shot her husband and then shot herself, both dying immediately. No cause was assigned. They had been married only a short time.

Call for Bonds.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—Secretary Folger will probably call in to-morrow all the continued sixes remaining uncalled which have not been surrendered in exchange for the new threes.

Illness of Archbishop Tait.

LONDON, August 28.—Great fears are entertained regarding the condition of the archbishop of Canterbury in consequence of his continued serious prostration.

STATE NEWS.

WHAT THE PEOPLE OF GEORGIA ARE DOING AND SAYING.

The Sage of Liberty Hall and Know-Knothingism—How the Negroes Take Religion at Griffin—A Negro Baptism—The Coroner's Verdict—Suicide in Acworth—Rome Matters.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

GRIFFIN, August 28.—The colored baptising was one of the main features of the day here yesterday. Most of the white people had, in the early morning, gone to Mt. Zion camp meeting, about seven miles distant; but it so happened that a few of us couldn't go, so we concluded to tramp to Dismuke's pond, near the suburbs of the city, and see a wholesale ducking of the sinners who have turned their backs upon the world and declared that they would henceforth go and sin no more. So we went. About 10 o'clock an immense concourse of colored people were seen coming from the direction of their various churches on New Orleans street, some riding, some walking, some rushing, the others taking it quietly; in other words, it was just such an aspect as a routed army would present. Of course they were making their way to the holy waters. We joined them, and were soon on an equal footing "with those walking," and in less than thirty minutes arrived at the pond and secured a first-class position for viewing the always novel sight of a first-class negro baptising. First in the order of exercises was an old fashioned hymn raised by one of the brethren, which was joined in freely by the vast congregation, which fairly made the valley ring with human voices. The singing, however, was good, in fact, superb, for a large congregation of colored people can always keep in perfect accord. I don't know how they can do it so perfectly, but they do, and it's a treat to hear them. The crowd was variously estimated at from 1,500 to 2,000. About thirty-three was the total number who took unto themselves this most solemn rite, and as some of them would come up out of the water they would clap their hands with seeming transport and fall over into the arms of the preacher as limber as a rag. They were met by their friends as they came out of the water, and then commenced a regular chorus of shouts and hallelujahs, and by the time they were all baptized there was more glory in the crowd than I can describe. While the shouting on one side was going on, it was pretty soon caught up on the opposite bank, and I was for some time at a loss to know whether they would undertake to meet half way or not. The baptizing was a genuine success, so far as the peculiar characteristics of the average religiously inclined negro is concerned, and came up to the established rules on such occasions. Rev. Daniel Wilson, assisted by Rev. Delamater, of Atlanta, officiated, and it might be well to state that they performed their duties well. Rev. Wilson wore a black baptismal gown, or covering, while Rev. Delamater stood on the banks and welcomed the newly-bound to the sacred rights and privileges of sainted Christians by extending the right hand of fellowship and otherwise urging them on in the right way. There were numerous expressions made use of by the lookers-on near where I was standing calculated to provoke a smile, but I will only mention one or two of the most ridiculous. One of the old-time sisters remarked to another just as the preacher was getting ready to put one of the candidates under the water, "Don't she look mild?" whereupon somebody pushed her, and she came near falling in the pond. No wonder. Another remark was "she's got 'ligion, and pure 'ligion at dat. She takes water like a duck," etc. H. B. L.

THOMASTON SAYS

It Wants a Railroad from Thomaston to Talbotton—A Great Camp Meeting—Schools and Property.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

THOMASTON, August 28.—A great many people in this county are making preparations to attend the camp meeting in Talbot county, which is now in progress about five miles from Talbotton on the Columbus and Geneva road—twenty-five miles from here—all of which distance has to be made by private conveyance. When the much hoped-for railroad is completed from here to Talbotton, and our children, and in fact every one, will enjoy a trip to the camp meeting. Besides, Thomaston will continue to improve and build up, as she is now doing.

Most of the Meriwether, Talbot, Taylor and Pike county farmers are making this their trading point, and much cotton is brought here from these three counties.

The school here with its present able board of teachers and trustees is in a very flourishing condition. It numbers at present one hundred and seventy scholars, and more are expected in at an early day.

For the purpose of stimulating the pupils of this school some very handsome prizes were offered during the commencement in June last to the most successful competitors in oratory. Besides, quite a number of smaller prizes were awarded to students in different departments.

In consequence of the high character that this school has attained within the last two years under the management of Professor Harrison, it became evident a few months ago that the academy would not be large enough, and it is understood that a new one will be built.

Thomaston, as it stands now, is destined to become one of the most thrifty and prosperous towns in the state. It has a healthy locality, and will be, when it gets its new railroad, accessible from all points. Property here is advancing rapidly in values, and not a vacant house of any character is to be had. Colonel Stephen Woodward, the real estate agent, a few days ago purchased fourteen acres of land lying near the suburbs, paying therefor two thousand dollars. Residences that might be built at small cost will pay handsomely here; good dwellings are not to be had at any price, now.

LIBERTY HALL'S SAGE.

Mr. Stephens Denies the Know-Nothing Sentiments Attributed to Him.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CRAWFORDVILLE, August 26.—I have just come from a short visit to Liberty hall. I found Mr. Stephens very busy dictating letters to his secretary. He is looking remarkably well, and says he is in better health than for years. While I was at the hall I directed the attention of Mr. Stephens to the following paragraph that appeared in the Evening Herald of yesterday:

"'Put none but Americans on guard to-night.' 'Americans must and shall rule America.' 'Foreigners shall not vote nor be deemed eligible to office under the American government.'"—Know-nothingism by Alex. H. Stephens in 1856 to 1860.

I asked Mr. Stephens what authority there was for attributing such sentiments to him. He replied to me that there was no authority in the world, but the imagination of the writer. The expressions used by the Evening Herald and attributed to Mr. Stephens were never used by him save in condemnation and denunciation. Every intelligent person who is at all familiar with the question of know-nothingism, knows full well that Mr. Stephens opposed it bitterly; he opposed it upon the ground of being in opposition to a republican form of government. I cannot understand myself, why the opponents of Mr. Stephens should resort to such underhanded means to defeat him. They must, indeed, be hard pushed. It is Mr. Stephens's present intention to leave for Atlanta about the middle or latter part of next week. He will be detained here several days arranging his private business matters.

The superior court assembles here next Monday. His Honor, Judge Pottle, will arrive to-morrow and will be the guest of Mr. Stephens. There is very little real important business on hand. The most important case is a civil suit of heirs vs. Hillman. This case involves some $25,000.

Most of the farmers have pulled their fodder, and all that I have talked to are more than pleased with the prospect of a good crop of cotton.

ROME.

The Library's Progress—The First Bale—Judge Underwood's Views—Personals.

ROME, August 28.—W. O. Rich and brother, who reside about six miles from this city, on Saturday brought to town a bale of cotton weighing some 350 pounds, the cotton having been raised on their place. It was sold at public outcry at 20 cents per pound, being purchased by T. F. Howell.

The library will receive seventy-five new volumes in a few days. It is probable that the association will make arrangements with the Y. M. L. A. of Atlanta, to have a series of lectures by distinguished gentlemen during the coming season. Rev. G. W. Stone, of Emory college, preached at the Methodist church this morning to a large congregation. Mr. Charles A. Thormwell, who has been visiting in North Carolina for the past five weeks, has returned to the city, to the satisfaction of his many friends. Mr. John F. A. Evans, who has for some years past been superintendent of Bass' furnace, Ala., died in this city yesterday morning of typhoid fever. The deceased had many friends who sincerely regret his untimely death. He was a member of the Knights of Honor lodge of Rome, and a delegation from that organization accompanied the remains to his home at Lancaster, Pa. Judge Underwood left yesterday to rejoin the tariff commission. He states that the final report of that body will be made early in December. The judge intends to resume the practice of law in this city. Major Sam Morgan, who is at present under treatment in Cincinnati, is very much improved, and there are strong hopes of his early and complete recovery.

THE CORONER'S VERDICT

In the Case of a Colored Man Who Got Drunk and Was Killed.

Special Correspondence of the Constitution.

HOGANSVILLE, August 28.—The north bound passenger train ran over a negro man about two miles below here yesterday morning. The train is due here at 1:40 a.m. It being dark at that time, and the negro being in a deep cut and in a very short curve of the road, the engineer did not see him in time to stop the train. The negro was in Hogansville Saturday evening drinking a little too much "red eye," and it is supposed he got so drunk after leaving here that he fell down on the track and went to sleep. A coroner's jury found a verdict that he came to his death by getting drunk and laying down on the track so that the train ran over him. No blame is attached to any of the railroad men.

SUICIDE IN ACWORTH.

Cobb County Convention to Meet at Marietta—Candidates' Chances.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ACWORTH, August 28.—A man by the name of James Taliaferro, who resided about two miles from Acworth, but had recently come from Cass Station, suicided Sunday morning by shooting himself through the head. No known cause except bad health and poverty. He leaves a wife but no children. The democratic convention of Cobb county will meet in Marietta September 5, to nominate two candidates to represent the county in the legislature. Some of the friends of J. J. Northcutt will urge his name for one of the representatives. Mr. Northcutt is a young lawyer of fine ability and liberal views.

FIRE IN COFFEE COUNTY.

A Planter's Daughter Perishes in the Flames—A Brave Rescuer.

MACON, August 28.—The residence of Jeff Kirkland, at Pearson, Coffee county, was destroyed by fire Saturday night. Bertha, the little daughter of N. C. Greer, perished in the flames. Her sister Belle was rescued by R. J. McDonald, who rushed into the flames getting his hair and whiskers burned off.

AN EIGHTY-SIX POUND WATERMELON.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

STONE MOUNTAIN, August 28.—Mr. John Miller's big watermelon that was written up in THE CONSTITUTION a few days ago has been weighed. It weighed net 86 pounds. It measured 54 inches around the long way and 47½ inches around the middle. Is not this the biggest melon ever raised in Georgia, and does not Mr. Miller take the cake?

BARNESVILLE.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

BARNESVILLE, August 28.—At the county convention, held at Zebulon on Saturday last, Colonel John F. Redding and Dr. J. C. Beauchamp were nominated for representatives from Pike. Monroe superior court is in session, and some of our attorneys are in attendance. The plan of the new Baptist church for this place has been drawn.

A Card from the Route Agents.

From the Columbus, Ga., Times.

OPELIKA, Ala., August 18, 1882—Editor Times—Dear Sir: I see an article in your paper of this date in reference to a mail robbery between Columbus and Opelika which is a direct reflection on Mr. T. O'Hanlon and myself, who are the only route agents between Columbus and Opelika. The piece does not only do us injustice but is altogether uncalled for, for I have the good luck to say that neither one of the letters to Mobile, Ala., or the one to Atlanta, Ga., passed through our hands, as neither of us run on Sunday. The letters that are mailed at Columbus on Saturday evenings and Sunday mornings are dispatched by pouch from Columbus office Sunday morning at 7:10 and Sunday evening at 1:40, evidently showing that letters mailed as you state did not pass through our hands. Even if we had been running on Sunday it would have been injustice to us to have laid the blame at our door as it would have been necessary for these letters to have passed through the hands of the mailing clerks at Columbus, through the hands of postal clerk from Atlanta to Montgomery, the postal clerk from Montgomery to Mobile, Alabama, and then through the hands of the post-office clerks, Mobile, Alabama, before they reached the parties to whom they were addressed; and I am sure the above would be as equally connected as either of us. Any way, why should we be designated? In justice to Mr. O'Hanlon and mself, I beg you favor us with the publication of this letter.

Respectfully,
P. E. MOORE,
R. P. O. Clerk Macon to Opelika, Ala.

We cheerfully give place to the above, as it is our intention to reflect on no one, merely to state facts as they exist.

LIFE IN GEORGIA.

From the Montezuma Weekly.

Mr I E Veal has eighteen acres of cotton over six feet in height and literally covered with fruit.

From the Athens Banner-Watchman.

Rev. Mr. Davis has now in his possession a hideous worm, very large and armed with horns on its head, with which the reptile defends itself when molested. It was captured near Athens, and will eventually develop into a beautiful butterfly.

Some train hands have swung a bed by ropes beneath the trucks of a freight train on this branch, in which dangerous position they sleep at night.

A darkey in Athens is making money running a hotel to board the dogs of our young sportsmen. He charges $2 per month each, and has his yard full of customers.

From the Jasper County News.

I will say to J. Fox that we have the whisky and tobacco here now, but not the negroes, though we have 648 white voters, and he can come along, as they will do as well.

Mr. Snelling Johnson says he can not get into the jury box, but he can and will have a big fence. He will carry 100 votes here for fence.

A good lady of Bethel vicinity (who will not agree for her name to be published) has sent in the largest beet we have ever seen, weighing eight pounds. This surely is a beet that can't be beat.

I saw to day at Mr. J. S. Malone's store a stalk with ten ears of corn on it, and each was from five to eight inches long—it was good sound corn.

From the Cedartown Advertiser.

The dog poisoning business is growing less in activity. A close watch is being had, and any one engaged in the graceless work had better keep the fact well concealed, as vengeance lurks in the eyes of a good many whose dogs have been made victims.

CLEMENTS TO FELTON.

A DIGNIFIED LETTER FROM THE ABLE CONGRESSMAN.

Dr. Felton Writes to the Congressman from the Seventh District Challenging Him to a Joint Discussion, and the Latter Declines in a Remarkably Strong and Positive Letter.

THE GEORGIA JUDGESHIP.

How Judge Wood is Said to Have Worked to Prevent the Confirmation of Atkins.

From the Akron, Ohio, Beacon.

The presence in the city of James Atkins, of Savannah, Ga., ex-collector of customs at that port, on a visit to his sister-in-law, Mrs. Charles Brown, and his brother-in-law, Mr. D. L. King, led to a representative of the Beacon calling upon him with a view to ascertaining some of the inside history of his recent withdrawal of his name for confirmation by the senate as the United States district judge for the northern district of Georgia. Mr. Atkins, however, though courteously responding to the opening inquiries, preferred not to appear in print in a matter so intimately affecting his relations with other public men. Mr. King was accordingly sought, as one thoroughly familiar with all the circumstances of the case, and kindly gave the following important piece of inside political history:

"In order to properly understand the situation," said Mr. King, "I should explain that there are two factions of the republican party in Georgia. One might be said to be represented by A. E. Buck, who went from Maine to Mobile, Ala, and represented that district in congress for several years. Justice Wm. B. Wood, of the United States supreme court, and he are in the iron business together in Alabama. Wood brought Buck over to Georgia several years ago and made him clerk of the United States court, a position that pays $7,000 a year. The other faction, with which Mr. Atkins is aligned, is headed by ex-Governor Conley. The republican state convention met on the 2d of this month. It split, one-half meeting in one hall, half in another. The result was the choice of two state central committees, with Buck as chairman of one and Conley chairman of the other. The bitterness of that conflict entered very largely into the fight against Mr. Atkins. Buck's faction exerted themselvds to the utmost to secure his defeat. Buck and his faction, moreover, were very largely assisted by Senator Brown, while Senator Hill, though lying very ill at his home, wrote a letter against the confirmation. In the house Congressman Speer, independent, was the only representative from Mr. Atkins's state who supported him. That, I believe, is the political situation in brief."

"As to the personal and business alliance of Justice Wood and Buck," continued Mr. King, "it was the most fatal of all to Mr. Atkins. Buck wanted to retain his position. By a recent law, circuit judges can appoint clerks of courts subject to the approval of the district judge. In case they can't agree, the supreme judge for that circuit has the appointment to make. It was on this ground that Justice Wood opposed Mr. Atkins' confirmation in Georgia, as he had previously opposed Judge Pardee's appointment for the fifth circuit. Pending the appointment of Mr. Atkins, Buck sent word to him that he could have the influence of himself and friends if he (Atkins) would continue him as clerk. Mr. Atkins replied that he did not think it proper for a candidate for a judgeship to enter into any such bargain. The result was that he did not receive the support of that wing, but, on the contrary, its bitter opposition."

"Do you mean to be understood as saying that Judge Wood was active in his opposition to Mr. Atkins?"

"I do. He went to Davis, president of the senate and set him against Mr. Atkins. In the absence of Judge Edmunds at the bedside of his daughter, in Vermont, Davis became acting chairman of the judiciary committee. Wood, however, did not stop there, but went to New England, and Edmunds soon after wrote a letter to the committee opposing Mr. Atkins very strongly, and notwithstanding his daughter had just died, he said he would come on to Washington, if necessary, to defeat his confirmation. Mr. Atkins could not get at Edmunds to disabuse his mind, and did not think it proper to press his case upon him at such a time. The committee stood politically five republicans to four democrats, classing Davis as a democrat. In Edmunds's absence it stood, politically, four to four. The nomination, which was sent to the senate July 3, was referred to a sub-committee consisting of Logan and Garland. Well, of course, if the committee stood four to four, even though he get a favorable report from the republican subcommitteeman, a favorable report of the full committee to the senate would be impossible. If Logan had consented to make Atkins's case his own, the latter might not have asked the president to withdraw his name. But Logan was lukewarm. I had a talk with him, but he would make no fight for Mr. Atkins."

"And Edmunds, you say, was guided principally by Wood's advice?"

"Edmunds has the greatest respect for Wood's opinions, owing to the position he occupies. Yet Wood visited the attorney general daily in his efforts against Mr. Atkins. Even in the contest which resulted in the split in Georgia he visited the departments to dictate the appointment of route agents and other small officers in the interest of faction—all of which would have greatly surprised Edmunds, no doubt, to learn; in fact, he wouldn't have believed it. Nevertheless, it is true, and can be proven.

"These influences led to Mr. Atkins's withdrawal. He saw that it was simply butting his head against fate, although he had, among the democrats, the promise of the votes of Pendleton, of Ohio, and Johnson, of Virginia, and would probably have gotten the support of the two West Virginia senators. As, however, he had no one to fight his battles in executive session, he resolved to end the contest, and accordingly, as the result of a final interview with the president, July 27, sent him this letter [producing the following]:

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28, 1882.—To the President: In consequence of the bitter, not to say unprincipled opposition to my confirmation on the part of both the senators and their allies from my own state, rendering the result in the senate doubtful, as well as in consequence of the pressing necessity there is for an immediate appointment of some one as judge for the district for which I have been nominated, I have concluded to put an end to the struggle over my case, and thus leave you free to substitute the name of some one else for the position in question. I accordingly hereby request you to withdraw my nomination for the northern judicial district of Georgia, from the further consideration of the senate. I beg at the same time to express my hearty thanks and profound gratitude for the confidence you have reposed in me, not only in this matter, but in other things also.

Very truly, your obedient servant,
JAMES ATKINS.

"Mr. Atkins's relations with the president"—

"Have been of the most pleasant character. He always received him very courteously, and at the last expressed regret at the complication of affairs that led to his withdrawal."

The result of all this was the nomination and confirmation of Judge Henty K. McCay, a favorite of ex-Senator Simon Cameron, who visited Washington to press in his nomination.

A HORRIBLE DEED.

A Screven County Man Shoots His Sister-in-law and then Commits Suicide.

From the Sylvania, Ga., Telephone.

On Tuesday last a tragedy was enacted in this county such as it is seldom our duty to chronicle, the victims of which were Robert McClelland and Mrs. Susan McClelland, the wife of Elias McClelland. It seems that there had been some unpleasantness between the parties a week or more before the fatal day, which had not been reconciled. They were picking cotton in a field half a mile from the residence of Mr. B. F. McClelland, with whom they were living, and who was the father of Robert. After dinner, perhaps about one o'clock in the afternoon, Robert took his gun and left the house, stating that he intended to go to shoot some turkeys which had been seen near the field. Shortly after he left two or three others of the family went to the field, and among them Mrs. Susan McClelland. When they reached the cotton patch Robert was seen sitting on the fence near by, with the gun, and in a few minutes he came to where they were, and, calling to Mrs. Susan McClelland, asked her if she had gotten in a good humor; receiving no reply, he repeated the question, and still receiving no response, he said he would put her in a good humor, and immediately fired at her, the entire load of buckshot entering her hip and back, when she turned, and taking hold of him begged him not to shoot her any more, but, pushing her off, he fired at her again, the charge glancing and making an ugly wound across her hip. He then deliberately reloaded the gun and started for the house, and, meeting his father and step-mother on the way, who had suspected that he was bent on mischief, and that the report of the gun was but the execution of a threat he had made but a few days before, and were going to see if they were right in their suspicion, he made an effort to shoot himself, but the gun failed to fire, and he desisted from a further attempt at the solicitation of his father. He then proceeded to the house and they to the scene of the first tragedy, but before reaching the unfortunate woman they heard the report of the gun at the household, and knew too well what it meant, as he had expressed to them his determination to kill himself. Mrs. McClelland soon returned to the house and found Robert dead in the yard. We happened to be passing at the time in company with Mr. R. T. Sowell, when she called to us and asked us to come up to the house, stating what had happened. We drove up to the yard and there beheld a sight the horribleness of which we never wish to witness again. There lay Robert with his head blown open from the right brow to the back, a pool of blood around him on the ground, and the side of the house and steps bespattered with blood and brains. He had certainly committed the deed of self destruction most completely and with a frightful determination.

The neighbors were notified of the terrible event and soon a number were on the ground, and a litter was made on which the fatal woman was conveyed to the house. Medical assistance was procured as soon as possible and everything done for the wounded sufferer, but without avail. She lingered until 8 o'clock in the evening of that day, when death relieved her from her sufferings. Two justices of the peace were notified and a jury was summoned to hold an inquest on Wednesday morning last. We cannot believe but that Robert must have been temporarily insane.

SOUTHERN NOTES.

Kentucky's railway mileage is 1,715.

Mrs. Mary Dodgen, of Sevier county, Tenn., is 108 years old.

A colony of 150 Tennesseeans will settle in Nevarro county, Texas.

The Farmers' Institute will be held in Greenville, Tenn., November 15.

Lake City, Florida, people are eating their third crop of this year's corn.

Fair Promise and Never Pay are the names of two precincts in Tennessee.

An undertaker's state convention will assemble at Lexington, Ky., August 30th.

A fleet of forty vessels from Key West are gathering sponges off Arclot and Clear Water Harbor, Fla.

One day last week 1,500 pounds of roots and herbs were shipped from Shelby, North Carolina, to New York.

The Lexington, Ky., lunatic asylum has 620 inmates: Anchorage asylum, Ky., 82: Hopkinsville asylum, Ky., 500.

In the manufacture of cotton alone in the south the increase in spindles has been from 300,000 in 1860 to 714,000 in 1880.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

New Life

is given by using BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. In the Winter it strengthens and warms the system; in the Spring it enriches the blood and conquers disease; in the Summer it gives tone to the nerves and digestive organs; in the Fall it enables the system to stand the shock of sudden changes.

In no way can disease be so surely prevented as by keeping the system in perfect condition. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ensures perfect health through the changing seasons, it disarms the danger from impure water and miasmatic air, and it prevents Consumption, Kidney and Liver Disease, &c.

H. S. Berlin, Esq., of the well-known firm of H. S. Berlin & Co., Attorneys, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C., writes, Dec. 5th, 1881:

Gentlemen: I take pleasure in stating that I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for malaria and nervous troubles, caused by overwork, with excellent results.

Beware of imitations. Ask for BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and *insist* on having it. Don't be imposed on with something recommended as "*just as good.*" The genuine is made only by the Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

TUTT'S PILLS

A DISORDERED LIVER IS THE BANE of the present generation. It is for the Cure of this disease and its attendants, SICK-HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, PILES, etc., that TUTT'S PILLS have gained a world-wide reputation. No Remedy has ever been discovered that acts so gently on the digestive organs, giving them vigor to assimilate food. As a natural result, the Nervous System is Braced, the Muscles are Developed, and the Body Robust.

Chills and Fever.

E. RIVAL, a Planter at Bayou Sara, La., says: My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of bilious diseases and chills. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of TUTT'S PILLS. The result was marvelous: my laborers soon became hearty and robust, and I have had no further trouble.

They relieve the engorged Liver, cleanse the Blood from poisonous humors, and cause the bowels to act naturally, without which no one can feel well.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents. Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, and acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of One Dollar.
Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.
(*Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed* FREE *on application.*)
may20—dly sat tues thur &wly fui nx rd mat

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters extirpates dyspepsia with greater certainty and promptitude than any known remedy, and is a most genial invigorant, appetizer and aid to secretion. These are not empty assertions, as thousands of our countrymen and women who have experienced its effects are aware, but are backed up by irrefragable proofs. The Bitters also give a healthful stimulous to the urinary organs.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.
aug1—d1m tues thur sat &w1m nx rd mat

THE IMPERISHABLE PERFUME.

Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH and HANDKERCHIEF.

apr1—dóm sat thur tues nxt rd mat

LOTTERIES.

The Public is requested carefully to notice the new and enlarged Scheme to be drawn Monthly.

CAPITAL PRIZE $75,000.

Tickets only $5. Shares in proportion.

L. S. L.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

Incorporated in 1868, for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS WILL take place monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. NINTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS I, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1882—148th Monthly Drawing.

LOOK AT THE FOLLOWING SCHEME, under the exclusive supervision and management of

GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

who manage all the drawings of this Company—both ORDINARY and SEMI-ANNUAL, and attest the correctness of the published Official Lists.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.

100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each.
Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE		$75 000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF $6000		12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1,000	do	25	25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES

9	Approximation Prizes of $750		6,750
9	do	do 500	4,500
9	do	do 250	2,250
1,967	Prizes, amounting to		$265,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information, write clearly, giving full address. Send orders by Express, Registered Letter or Money Order, addressed only to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.

or M. A. DAUPHIN,
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

N. B.—Orders addressed to New Orleans will receive prompt attention.
aug8—d&w5w top col

---47TH---

POPULAR MONTHLY DRAWING OF THE

COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.

In the City of Louisville, Ky.

Thursday, August 31st, 1882.

These drawing occur monthly (Sundays excepted, under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st, rendered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—Its drawings are fair.

N. B.—The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

AUGUST DRAWING.

1	Prize	$30,000
1	Prize	10,000
1	Prize	5,000
10	Prizes, $1,000 each	10,000
20	Prizes 500 each	10,000
100	Prizes 100 each	10,000
200	Prizes 50 each	10,000
600	Prizes 20 each	12,000
1000	Prizes 10 each	10,000
9	Prizes $300 each, Approximation Prizes	2,700
9	Prizes 200 each	1,800
9	Prizes 100 each	900
1,960	Prizes	$112,400

Whole Tickets $2. Half Tickets $1.
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit money or Bank Draft in letter, or sent by Express. Don't send by Registered Letter or Post-office order. Address all orders to R. M. BOARDMAN, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky., 309 Broadway, New York.
aug1—d&w tues thur sat&w3w

PAUL HITZ, FRESCO ARTIST.

Public Buildings and Residences Decorated in the Latest Style of the Art.

Office: 8½ Marietta street,

Over Phillips and Crew's Book Store,

ATLANTA, : : : GEORGIA.

Southern Sanitarium.

THIS MEDICAL INSTITUTION, FORMERLY known as the Atlanta Health Institute or "Water Cure," is now complete and in daily operation, and is more than ever considered a

A Model Home for Invalid Ladies and Gentlemen.

The luxurious and costly appointments, medical apparatuses and appliances introduced since the purchase of our present location and the erection of our new Medical Department, have justly earned for this Sanitarium the name of being one of the foremost and most elegantly fitted up institutions of its kind in the United States.

OVER TWO THOUSAND PERSONS have by our methods of treatment under our personal guidance been entirely restored to health without administering a single dose of either Mineral, Vegetable or Animal drug nostrums of any kind whatsoever; and in the future, as in the past, none but Normal and Physiological agents and means will ever be employed at this Sanitarium as aids in restoring the sick to health. Chronic Diseases a Specialty.

For particulars and references address
U. O. ROBERTSON, M. D.,
mar 14—1y 2d ponly Atlanta, Ga

COPARTNERSHIP.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership under the firm name and style of JOHNSON & CAVERLY, for the transaction of a Wholesale Grocery Business.

JACK W. JOHNSON,
CHARLES E. CAVERLY.

Dated at Atlanta, Ga., August 17, 1882.

NOTICE.

Orders promptly executed on and after Tuesday, 29th instant.
JOHNSON & CAVERLY.
aug18 d to aug28

FLOUR!

IF YOU WISH

THE FINEST FLOUR IN THE MARKET

Inquire of Your Grocer for

TANNER, CURRIER & HEATH'S Fancy Roller Process.

863—july23 tf

TRANSIT OF VENUS.

A NOTABLE EVENT FOR THE SCIENTIFIC WORLD.

The Coming Transit of the Planet Across the Face of the Sun—Preparations for Observations by Eight Parties of American Astronomers—The Details of Their Plans, Etc.

The transit of the planet Venus across the face of the sun occurs on the 6th of December next, and the scientific world is looking forward to that event with great interest. In every civilized country preparations are being made to observe the transit, and the various civilized governments have made liberal appropriations to send out parties of observers to various points. The United States government is not behind the rest of the world in this respect, congress having appropriated $75,000 for the purpose. It is the intention of the authorities to equip eight parties, and as those intended for distant parts of the earth will have to start in the early part of the next month, the preparations are now under full headway at the naval observatory. The same method employed in observing the transit of 1874, by means of photographs of the sun's surface, will be followed next December, and it is believed that the results will justify the wisdom of this selection. Besides the four stations in this country, which will be at Washington, Cedar Keys, Fla., San Antonio, Tex., and Fort Thorne, N. M., there will be four foreign stations, namely: cape of Good Hope, Santa Cruz, Patagonia; Santiago, Chili; and one in New Zealand.

REHEARSALS AT THE NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

In order that the arrangements for observing the transit may go off without a hitch, the members of the parties have been devoting some time at the naval observatory to practice. An apparatus, similar to that which will be employed at all the stations, has been erected at the observatory, and the practice of photographing the sun has been made familiar to all those who are members of the parties. This apparatus consists of a long shed, having at one end a photographic lens and heliostat, which turns the rays of the sun and throws them horizontally into a small frame house at the other end of the shed, where the photograph is made. With the exception of this apparatus, which is very simple, and is to be erected by the parties upon their arrival at their destinations, no equipment of instruments is needed. A small equatorial telescope will be taken along to observe the contacts—the beginning and the end of the transit.

THE SEVERAL OBSERVATION PARTIES.

The party for the New Zealand station will start out first, and expect to leave about the first of September. It will be in charge of Mr. Edwin Smith, of the United States coast survey, who has for an assistant Professor Pritchett, of Washington university, St Louis.

The party for Patagonia will leave about the same time, and will be stationed near the mouth of the Chico river. Lieutenant S. W. Very, United States navy, will be in charge of this party, with Mr. O. B. Wheeler as assistant, and Mr. William Bell of Philadelphia, principal photographer, and Mr. Irbin Stanley of Carmel, Indiana, assistant photographer.

The two other parties for foreign stations will start about the middle of September. The one going to Santiago, Chili, will be in charge of Professor Lewis Boss of the Dudley observatory, Albany, N. Y. Mr. Miles Rock of the naval observatory will be assistant astronomer, and Mr. T. Marceau of Canandaigua, N. Y., chief photographer, and Mr. Gustav Theikuhl of Washington, assistant photographer.

The other party, under the charge of Professor Simon Newcomb, the superintendent of the Nautical Almanac, will go to the Cape of Good Hope. Lieutenant Thomas L. Casey, Jr., U. S. A., will be assistant astronomer; Julius Ulke of Washington, principal photographer; and Ensign Holcomb, U. S. N., assistant photographer.

The parties for the stations in the United States will not start until the middle of October, and the personnel has not been agreed upon as yet. Professor Hall will have charge of the party at San Antonio, Texas, Professor Eastman at Cedar Keys, Fla., Professor Davidson at Fort Thorne, New Mexico, and Professor Harkness the one in Washington.

THE TRANSIT OF 1874.

The parties that were sent out in 1874 to observe the transit of Venus, had in many cases rather rough experiences, owing to the wild and desolate localities in which they were stationed. This year all the parties will be favorably situated, in most cases near large cities, with the exception of the Patagonian party. The latter, however, will be conveyed to the station on the United States steamer Brooklyn, which will remain with them until their work is completed. While there is great interest manifested in the results of these observations, and considerable enthusiasm in scientific circles, still the chances of the entire preparation coming to nothing are so great that scientific men are not inclined to be very sanguine. The transit of 1874 was rendered valueless on account of the clouds which obscured the face of the sun during the transit and prevented photographs from being taken. A more favorable condition is hoped for this time. In order to avoid as far as possible the unhappy contingency of clouds, stations have been selected in the south instead of in the north, Washington being the fatherest northern station.

INTEREST IN THE EVENT.

The question might be asked by the unscientific mind why so much interest is attached to this phenomena. Transits, eclipses and other phenomena are continually occurring without any particular interest being attached to them. The reason is that Venus affords the best means of mastering a problem which is one of the most important within the whole range of astronomy—the distance of the sun from the earth. As the orbit of Venus is nearly on the same plane as the earth's orbit, it happens from time to time that it passes between the sun and the earth, and appears like a black spot crossing the luminous disk. This passage occupies several hours, and takes place at intervals of 8 years, then 113½ years, eight years and 113½ years, and so on. The last passage occurred in 1874, and the one following this year's will not occur until the end of 122 years, or in 2004. Two observers, situated in the stations most distant from each other, note the two points where the planet, seen from each of their stations, seems to be projected at the same moment in the solar disk. This measure gives the angle formed by the two lines starting from the stations and crossing each other on Venus and passing on to the sun. It is the measure of this angle, made by observers placed on all parts of the globe, which gives what is named the parallax of the sun. The determination of the solar parallax, therefore, is the object of these expeditions. Another object to be attained is the accurate position of Venus in reference to the center of the sun, and also the measure of the diameter of Venus in the sun's disk.

DISTANCE OF THE SUN FROM THE EARTH.

The inaccuracy in the present estimate of the distance of the sun from the earth is, according to Professor Hall, about 500,000 miles. By the use of the photographic method, which Professor Hall considers far superior to any other, he hopes that the data will be obtained which will determine within a small fraction of a second the solar parallax. The foreign governments, as stated above, have very generally decided to send out parties to observe the transit. The French will send an expedition to Santa Cruz, Patagonia, and will also have stations in Florida. The Belgians will have one station in San Antonio, Texas, and another at Santiago, Chili. The Germans will have two stations in Santa Cruz, one at Hartford, Conn., and one at Aiken, S. C. The English will have one at Cape Good Hope, and one on the island of Madagascar, New Zealand and Australia. The English southern stations will be in the West Indies.

Nerves, brain, and muscles gain strength and the power of endurance by using Brown's Iron Bitters. aug29—d&w1w

---

That feeling of languor and debility that follows physical exertion, removed by using Brown's Iron Bitters. aug29—d&w1w

---

The attorney general of Tennessee has decided that matrimonial associations in that state are illegal, and has ordered their prosecution by the district attorneys.

Foaming and sparkling Bailey's Saline Aperient is the cheapest and most delightful purgative in use. For dyspepsia and habitual constipation, it delights everybody.
aug29d1w tues thurs sat &w1t

Poor Oscar Wilde! In Texas they call him "colonel," which is as near the common place as any man can be put in the southwest.—P. I. Man.

Whenever You See a Friend Suffering

with dyspepsia, sick headache, billiousness or any kindred disease, advise him to go to the nearest drug store and procure a bottle of Simmons Liver Regulator. It never fails to relieve and cure.

Parents should caution their children against stealing ice chippings from the ice wagons. Such pilfering now comes under the head of grand larceny.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

acts as food for an exhausted brain.

A French scientist is trying to figure the weight of the world down to an exact ton or two.

Western liars are now practicing on hoop-snake. It is next to certain that the "hoop" and "snake" are both near relatives of the whisky barrel.

Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection with syringe combined cures stinging irritation, inflammation and urinary complaints. $1. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, and all druggists.

Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous debility, impotence and nocturnal emissions. $2 By mail. Depot 429 Canal street, New York.
apr 11 d&wly tues thur sat

A rattlesnake with nine rattles has been killed at Peabody, Mass.; but a Kansas chap claims to have killed a snake with a whole string of sleigh bells.

"Did She Die?"

"No; she lingered and suffered long, pining away all the time, for years, the doctors doing her no good; and at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about. Indeed! indeed! how thankful we should be for that medicine."

An aged colored man in Arkansas says his "idee of de better worl is whar dar is a election goin' on all de time, case den dé white folks is allers perlight."

The mystery has been solved at last;
Our teeth no longer need decay,
All troubles of the mouth are past,
By SOZODONT they're swept away;
And young and old may smile secure
With lips and teeth so bright and pure.
aug2. d1w sun tues thurs sat&w1t

In 1821 an appraisement was made of the late duke of Devonshire's furniture, books, plate, jewels and marbles. The total valuation was $6,000,000.

English Female Bitters is intended for young girls as well as married ladies, who have by some exposure become irregular, pale and feeble, with headache, leucorrhoea, pain in side and back, falling of womb, or female weaknesses or excesses. Its use strengthens and tones the stomach, invigorates the nerves, gives iron to blood, corrects irregular uterine action and removes unnatural obstructions.
aug29d1w tues thur sat &w1t

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

HOW TO TELL Genuine Simmons Liver Regulator, or Medicine.

Look for clean, neat white wrapper with the red symbolic letter stamped upon it in the form of a ribbon gracefully curved into the letter Z embracing the emblems of our trade, Spatula, Mortar and Graduate with the words A. Q. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR or MEDICINE thereon, also observe the signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO. in red ink on the side.

TAKE NO OTHER.

Beware of those who know nothing of Medical Compounds who put out nostrums known to sour, and being analyzed prove worthless and only made to fleece the public, and to pirate on the well-earned reputation of Zeilin & Co's medicine. These frauds have no reputation to sustain and will cheat you for a few pennys every way they can.

Look careful to the medicine you are induced to take, for much suffering, permanent injury, and even death has resulted from improper treatment, and from taking unskillfully prepared medicine.

DR. SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR,
Manufactured only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO.
Sold by all respectable Druggists.
aug29—d1y tues thur sat&wly top col n r m

[redacted] CARMINATIVE,

FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

COLIC, CHOLERA INFANTUM, DIARRHŒA, Dysentery, or any morbid state of the Alimentary Canal, cures the child. A relief to the aching heart of the over taxed mother. For adults—cures [redacted] Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga., and for sale by all druggists. may4-d&wlm

[redacted] and have on our books a very choice collection of valuable property in and around this city (Spartanburg, S. C.) at private sale. The advantages of this section of our country for permanent investments in real estate are well conceded. Property is now being handled at a minimum price. All persons interested are respectfully invited to address A. J. GWYNN,
Real Estate Exchange, Spartanburg, S. C.
Refers in Atlanta to Major John Keely, Messrs Chamberlin, Boynton & Co., Mr. G. W. Adair.
june22 d1y

Ballard's Baggage Transfer.

WAGONS WILL MEET ALL INCOMING trains on the E. T. Va. & Ga. railroad (Georgia division and the Georgia Pacific also,) and will call and deliver baggage to the above named railroads. Leave your orders at baggage room, Union passenger depot, all of which will be promptly attended to. Hacks will be furnished if ordered.
aug6—d1m

DR. CLARK JOHNSON'S
Indian Blood Syrup

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. *Millions* testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia.

TRADE MARK. AGENTS WANTED.

Laboratory 77 West 3d St., New York City. Druggists sell it.

Doraville, DeKalb Co., Ga.
DR. CLARK JOHNSON:—I have given your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP a fair trial for Liver Complaint, and can recommend it to all afflicted as a valuable medicine. M. A. RODGERS.
aug15—d&w1y nx rd mat

"THE BROWN HOUSE,"

GEORGE C. BROWN, Proprietor.

MACON .... GEORGIA,

IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE PASSENGER DEPOT.

TERMS $2.50 AND $3.00 PER DAY.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL, WITH THE TRAVELING PUBLIC DURING THE PAST FEW MONTHS, has been thoroughly overhauled and renovated from the basement to the attic. The rooms have been newly carpeted and supplied with handsome furniture, and every effort has been made to make them comfortable and attractive. This House is regarded as the most liberally managed in the South, and for the past year the registers show an actual account of 25,000. It is known as the Headquarters for Commercial Men.

The office is in charge of Fred. A. Richards and Fred A. Cullen, who never fail to make their friends comfortable while enjoying the hospitality of Macon's Most Popular Hotel july6—dtf

---

MOWERS, REAPERS, THRESHERS, ENGINES, ETC.

A. B. FARQUHAR. A. JESSOP. ROBERT H. SMITH.

A. B. FARQUHAR & Co.

MACON, ... GEORGIA,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS,

FARQUHAR'S GRAIN THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS,

CHAMPION REAPERS AND MOWERS,

HORSE RAKES, GRAIN FANS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

HARDW[redacted]

PROPRIETORS CENTRAL[redacted]
apr—

HINTON A. HELPER, President } B. G. SANDERS, [redacted]
Gen. L. J. GARTRELL, Legal Adviser. } General Manager [redacted]

GEORGIA MATRIMONIAL SE[redacted]

18 CENTENNIAL BUILDING, [redacted]

ORGANIZED AND CHARTER APPLIED FOR JUNE 10t[redacted] First month's membership Nos. 250. Reliable Agents [redacted]
aug1—d1m sun tues fri

TOLU ROCK AN[redacted]

Use Lawrence &[redacted]

TOLU ROCK AND RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be **Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,**

WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

Agents, LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR. apr1—d6m sat tues thur

EDUCATIONAL.

EMORY COLLEGE,

ORGANIZED IN 1837.

WITH A FACULTY OF FOURTEEN MEN ACtively engaged, Emory College is prepared to do thorough work, and is doing it. No extras for French or German or Hebrew. Oxford is on a granite ridge, 800 feet above the sea, and is as healthful as any place can be in this country. Expenses small compared with first-grade colleges. For special information write to the president.
ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD,
aug15—1m Emory College, Oxford, Ga.

MORGAN PARK MILITARY ACADEMY.

A CHRISTIAN FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Prepares for College, Scientific School or business. Send to Capt. ED. N. KIRK TALCOTT, Principal, Morgan Park, Cook county, Ill., for catalogue. july15—d10w

---

SWATHMORE COLLEGE,

RE-OPENING IN RESTORED BUILDING.

BOTH SEXES ADMITTED. COLLEGE AND Preparatory School. Under care of Members [redacted] ociety of Friends. The main building, de[redacted]ed by fire 9th month, last, has been completely [redacted]ilt, enlarged, and fitted up with all conveniences. Thorough instruction in Languages, Literature, Mathematics, and the Sciences. New Scientific Building containing Laboratories, Drafting Rooms, Machine Shops, and all appliances for pursuing a thorough course in Chemistry, Mechanical and Civil Engineering. The next term opens 9th month, September 12th. Apply early, as, other things being equal, places will be given the earliest applicants.

For full particulars, address EDWARD H. MAGILL, President, Swathmore College, Delaware County, Pa. june21—d78t

---

[redacted]TLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PEACHTREE STREET, OPPOSITE GOVERNOR'S Mansion. The exercises of this school [redacted] resumed Wednesday, September 6, 1882, [redacted] a corps of experienced teachers. The object [redacted]is institution is to afford the advantages of a [redacted]ough education embracing Primary, Intermedi[redacted]e, Academic and Collegiate Departments. Spe[redacted] attention given to the study of Music. Modern [redacted]guages, Belles-Lettres and Art. Native French and German teachers are employed. The music department is under the able management of Prof. Alfredo Barili. For circulars apply to
MRS. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.
feb12—d6m

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,

Macon, Georgia.

THE FORTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 4, 1882. The College is furnished with all modern appliances looking to health, happiness and comfort of its inmates.

Unsurpassed advantages in Literature, Music and Art, at moderate rates.

Apply for Catalogue to
REV. W. C. BASS, President,
july5—53m or REV. C. W. SMITH, Secretary.

NEW SCHOOL.

I WILL OPEN A PRIVATE SCHOOL IN THE basement of the M. P. church, corner of Garnett and Forsyth streets, on Monday, September 4. Being an experienced teacher, satisfaction is guaranteed to all who may patronize the school. Terms moderate. MRS. A. M. CAMPBELL.
aug19—2w

MEANS' HIGH SCHOOL,

76 North Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Ga.

BEGINS ITS FIFTH SCHOLASTIC YEAR ON the first Monday in September, 1882. Instruction thorough and practical. In addition to the regular course, pupils are taught to speak and write French fluently by a native teacher. For catalogue address T. E. MEANS,
888july23—tf Principal

SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE,

LaGrange, Georgia.

WITH FULL FACULTY, FINE BUILDINGS, and a complete outfit for Literary, Art and Music Departments, opens September 20th. Advantages unsurpassed. Last Catalogue numbers 145 pupils and 110 in music. Annual expenses for board and tuition, $207.00; the same with music, $267.20. For Catalogues address I. F. COX,
june27—d&w2½m President.

THE WASHINGTON SEMINARY.

MISS L. H. WASHINGTON, Principal,
MRS. B. MALLON, Associate Principal.

THE EIGHTH SESSION OF THE MISSES WASHINGTON School will open the first Monday in September, with a corps of teachers of special ability in each department.

The reputation the school has achieved for thoroughness and faithful attention to the mental and physical training of each pupil, can be learned by applying to the references in our circular, which will be sent on application to No 24 Church street, Atlanta, Ga.

The well known and competent teacher, Mrs. M. Madden, will have charge of the Music Department.
85 july2—dsun till sep 10—last w in aug every day

AUSTIN FEMALE SEMINARY

Located Near Plainville, Gordon Co., Ga.

A HOME SCHOOL IN THE COUNTRY FOR girls; a full curriculum and able faculty. Fall term opens 1st of September. Send for catalogue. Address COL. JAMES S. AUSTIN,
Principal, Plainville, Ga.
june13—tues&w till sept 1st

SHENANDOAH ACADEMY, WINCHESTER, Va. Eighteenth session begins September 14. Preparation for university, army, navy or business. Thorough discipline. Location unsurpassed for beauty and health. Covered gymnasium and extensive grounds. C. L. C. Minor, M. A. (University Va.) L.L.D.
aug8—d2taw6w tues fri

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA,

P. H. MELL, D.D., LL. D., Chancellor.

THE 82ND SESSION OF THE DEPARTMENTS at Athens, Georgia, viz:

[redacted]klin College, State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts and Law School

[redacted] open Wednesday, 4th of October next. Full [redacted]ses of instruction in Literature, Science, Engin[redacted]g, Agriculture and Law. Tuition Free in [redacted]klin and State Colleges. For catalogues and [redacted]mation address the Chancellor, or L. H. Char[redacted]ier, Secretary, Athens, Georgia.
[redacted]y29—d6w tues wed sat &w4w

[redacted]ANOVER ACADEMY, VIRGINIA,
TAYLORSVILLE P. O.
[redacted] HILARY P. JONES, M. A., PRINCIPAL.
[redacted]33d Annual Session begins SEPTEMBER 27th.
[redacted]PECIAL PROVISION FOR YOUNG BOYS.)
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
[redacted]16—d&w1m thur sat tues

[redacted]BALTIMORE, MD.

[redacted]GEWORTH SCHOOL, 59 FRANKLIN ST.
MRS. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.

[redacted]horough English and French Home School [redacted]s The twentieth annual session will begin [redacted]ber 21. For further information apply to the Principal. july4—d2m tues thur sat

---

VIRGINIA FEMALE INSTITUTE,

STAUNTON VA.

Mrs. GEN. J. E. B. STUART, Principal.

The next session will open September 14th, with a full corps of teachers. Training thorough and terms moderate. Catalogue sent upon application to the principal. july18 d6w tues thur sat

---

NORWOOD HIGH SCHOOL AND COLLEGE,

Norwood, Nelson County, Virginia

R. H. WILLIS, JR., (Univ. of Va.) } Principals.
L. B. WHARTON, (Univ. of Va., D. D. }

OPEN SEPTEMBER 21ST, WITH FULL CORPS of instructors. Location especially healthy. Chalybeate water. Complete courses of study in all departments. Thorough preparation for University of Virginia and other higher institutions. Board and tuition from $200 to $260 per annual session. Apply to Principals for catalogue.
july25—dtil sept tues thur sat

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

ADVERTISER WOULD INVEST ABOUT $1,000 in an established paying business where his services as book keeper or salesman could be made available. Address S J Z, care Constitution.
aug29 1t

EDUCATIONAL.

ATLANTA PREPARATORY SCHOOL—FOR boys and girls. This school will resume its exercises September 4, 1882. For catalogue apply to Miss Bunnie Love, principal, 38 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga. aug 20 sun tues fri 644 1m

---

MISCELLANEOUS.

PAINTERS, CONTRACTORS AND ALL WHO wish to paint, we offer a large stock non corrosive, ready mixed paints, all colors, warranted the best make, at factory prices. Call and examine paints and prices. Pemberton, Iverson & Co., wholesale druggists, 40 and 42 Wall street, opposite passenger depot. aug12—dtil sept 1st

---

EDUCATIONAL.

EDGEWOOD SEMINARY.

Mrs. AVA WRIGHT, Principal.

Thorough Instruction in all the

ENGLISH BRANCHES.

French Taught by the Natural Method.

THE FALL SESSION WILL COMMENCE MONday, September 4, 1882. Refers, by permission, to the following:

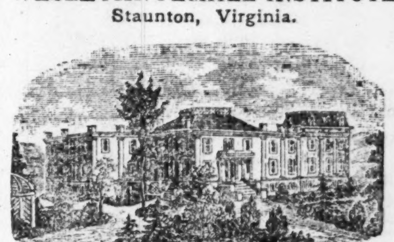
Rev S E Axson, Rome; Robert Battey, M D, Rome; T W Alexander, Esq., Rome; Professor J C Lynes, Rome, Professor of Modern Languages and Natural Science Shorter College; H V M Miller, M D, Atlanta; Colonel G W Adair, Atlanta; Asa G Candler, Esq, Atlanta; R C Word, M D, Atlanta; T J Word, Atlanta, Ga; Hon M A Candler, and other citizens of Atlanta and Rome.

For further particulars apply to

AVA WRIGHT, Principal,
EDGEWOOD, GA.
777 aug27 d4t sun tues thurs sat

WESLEYAN FEMALE INSTITUTE,

Staunton, Virginia.



OPENS ITS 33D ANNUAL SESSION SEPTEMber 20th, 1882. One of the FIRST SCHOOLS FOR YOUNG LADIES IN THE UNITED STATES. Thorough in all departments. Buildings and surroundings beautiful. Climate and home comforts unsurpassed. One hundred and thirty-nine boarding pupils from eighteen States. Refers to over thousand pupils and patrons. TERMS AMONG THE BEST IN THE UNION, COMBINING ALL IMPORTANT ADVANTAGES IN ONE CHARGE, viz: Board, Washing, Fuel, Gas lights, English course, Latin, French, German, Instrumental Music, etc. for entire scholastic year from September to June, $238. For catalogues, write to REV. WM. A. HARRIS, D.D., President,
Staunton, Virginia.
july1—d&w till sep1 sat tues thur

SOUTHERN HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

197 & 199 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

MRS. W. M. CARY, MISS CARY.

Established 1842. French the language of the School aug1—d2m tues thur sat

---

SKETCHING, DRAWING, DESIGNING.

Horace Bradley

ARTIST.

27½ WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
Studio Hours, from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Drawing Class at 70½ Whitehall street, from 3 to 6 o'clock every afternoon.
june13—d6m tues fri sun top col

FAY & EICHBERG.

ARCHITECTS

19 S. BROAD STREET.

ATLANTA, GA.

may20—d1y

G. P. HUMPHRIES. G. L. NORRMAN.

HUMPHRIES & NORRMAN,
ARCHITECTS,
43 Marietta street,
676 may14—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

BRUCE & MORGAN,
ARCHITECTS,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Have the largest and most successful Practice in the South. We refer to our work. apr1 tf topc

---

JOHN MOSER & LIND,
ARCHITECTS AND SUPERINTENDENTS.
63½ Whitehall Street, over Schumann's Drug Store
feb5 dtf

LAW CARDS.

ROBERT B. TRIPPE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC,
Room 6 No 48 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.
In Practice 8 Years.

Being no longer Assistant United States Attorney, I will give my time and attention exclusively to the practice of law. Practice in State and Federal Courts in Atlanta, Superior Court of Bartow county, and elsewhere by special contract. july18—dtf

---

EDGAR H. ORR. GUSTAVUS J. ORR, JR.

ORR & BRO.,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 48 Marietta street, corner Forsyth,
may13—12m Atlanta, Georgia.

J. G. ZACHRY
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
48 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Practice in State and Federal Courts. Regular correspondent in Washington City for all Government business. may13—d1y

---

JOHN D. CUNNINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Offices over the Atlanta National Bank, 15 Alabama street. 137 apr2d1y

---

H'y. Edmund Ravenel. E. Miles Gadsden

RAVENEL & GADSDEN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 11½ Broad Street.

Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.

Henry Jackson. Porter King

JACKSON & KING,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office, 40½, Marietta Street.

Insurance, Railroad, Banking and Commercial Law. 683 feb19 dtf

---

J. C. JENKINS, (FORMERLY OF N. C.) ATTORNEY AT LAW, 48 MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, G

References- Hon D A Jenkins, Charlotte, N C; First National Bank, Charlotte, N C; National Park Bank, New York; Hon S F Phillips, Solicitor General U. S., Washington. july9—dt

---

John Milledge. Wm. A. Haygood.

MILLEDGE & HAYGOOD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office, corner Alabama and Loyd streets, opposite Georgia Depot.

Mr. Milledge being no longer Judge of the Police Court will give his entire time and attention to the practice. july6—dtf

---

A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright

WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT, & WRIGHT,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Rome, Georgia.,
Collections a Specialty. feb25—

SLATERS AND ROOFERS.

ELLIS DAVIS & CO.,
SLATERS, MANUFACTURERS AND ROOFERS,

Roofing done at short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders promptly attended to. Box 4. Office at A. P. Tripod's Paint Store, 13 Broad street. jan24—dt

---

MEDICAL CARDS.

DRS. J P & W. B HOLMES
DENTISTS Macon, Georgia

Publishers of Dental Luminary. Proprietors of the Macon dental depot. Dealers in all kinds of dental goods. jan11—dtf

---

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

BEATTY'S Organs, 27 stops, $1.25. Pianos, $297.50. Factory running day and night. Catalogue FREE. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. may12 d1y

---

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

LADIES AND GENTS' GENUINE SOLE leather trunks; leather and fine covered trunks of all styles and sizes. Sole leather and canvass state room trunks, sample cases of all descriptions, valises, satchels, tourist companions, rubber pillows and cushions, flasks and drinking cups, alligator valises, satchels and pockets. All kinds of goods made to order and repaired at the Atlanta trunk factory, 50 and 92 Whitehall street.
830 aug27 d1y top col

SUMMER BOARDING.

THREE ROOMS WITH BOARD CAN BE HAD in one of the most desirable homes in Atlanta. Address "S. F. S.," care Constitution office.
july26—dtf

HOUSES

OF ALL KINDS ARE BUILT BY BLOUNT & Co. in first-class style at reasonable prices. Having a Lumber yard always well stocked, we can build houses on short notice. Leave plans and specifications with Greeson & Hooks, corner Peachtree and Decatur streets.
june 27—tf sun tues fri

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS PLUMBER TO go out of city; a young man preferred; good wages and steady employment will be given to right party. For information call at Davenport, Johnson & Co.'s, 68 and 70 East Alabama street.
aug29—d1t

WANTED—A COMPETENT SALESMAN TO take charge of our Notion department; one acquainted with store decorations preferred. References required. M. G. & J. Cohen, Atlanta, Ga.
aug29—d1t

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS HARDWARE MAN to travel—none other need apply. Address Hardware, care this office. aug29 d1w

WANTED—A STRONG, ACTIVE YOUNG MAN to put up beds. Ristine, May & Co, 29 West Alabama street. aug29 1t

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN FOR wholesale city trade. Good city reference desired. Address Fulton, care Constitution.
aug29 2t

WANTED—A GOOD, ACTIVE YOUNG MAN as salesman in an established business house. State experience and salary. Give references. X, this office aug29 1t

WANTED—BY A LICENSED DRUGGIST OF ten (10) years' experience, a situation in a drug store with a view of buying an interest if suited. Address "Druggist," care of this office.
aug23—4t wed fri sun tues

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED COAT Makers. Liberal price paid to A No 1 workmen. Address A R Phillips & Bro., LaGrange, Ga.
aug26—d3t

WANTED SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TRAVELING salesman for groceries or liquors. Reference good. Address F, Constitution office. aug29 2t

---

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO SELL A NUMBER OF GOOD second hand two and one horse phaetons at a bargain. Also a lot of new top and open buggies of my own manufacture, at reduced prices. A T Finney, 15 Broad street. aug29 3t—tues thur sun

WANTED—BY A MAN, WIFE AND CHILD, one or two unfurnished rooms and board in a private family, or rooms near where board can be had. Washington or McDonough streets preferred. Address W F D, Constitution office. aug29 1t

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, OR AN interest in one, by a man of experience in the business. Address Hotel, care Atlanta Constitution.
aug29—1t

LADIES AND GENTS, I COME TO STAY—FLY Window Screen, best made; fit any window only one dollar; come and see for yourself. The best mocking bird cage made for $1.50. The cheapest place to get a wire-guard to keep out burglars and let fresh air pass; wire arches, wire baskets flower stands, wire trainer, nursery gate and window guard, at Atlanta Wire Works and Bird Cage Manufactory, 82 Peachtree street. Yours most obediently, Emilio Cavaliri.
118 sep3—1y sun tues. un mis want

WANTED—EVERYBODY WITH SORE EYES to try Wilhite's eye water. A cure guaranteed. For sale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar.
july25—3m

FOR RENT—HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—MY HOUSE AND PREMISES, NO 128 S Pryor street. W R Hammond, 23½ Whitehall street. aug26 1t

FOR RENT—6 ROOM HOUSE, 360 WHITEHALL, furnished or unfurnished; party going to leave city. Apply at house or G W Adair's office.
aug29 1t

FOR RENT—A NEW SIX-ROOM HOUSE, adjoining, with the use of West End mineral spring and park. Apply to G W Adair or W L Stanton. aug26—4t sat tues wed&thurs

FOR RENT—2 NEAT, SIX ROOM COTTAGES on Whitehall street, near junction of Whitehall and Forsyth streets. Apply to M Haralson, No 11 Decatur street. 868 aug27—dtf

FOR RENT—FRONT BASEMENT OF NO. 37 Marietta street, corner Forsyth street, opposite post-office. Nelson, Barker & Co. june20—tf

---

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS AND CANVASSERS TO sell a new spring bed bottom. Address P O Box 103, or call at factory, corner Houston street and Air-Line railroad. 891aug27—3t

WANTED—DEALERS AND CANVASSERS TO sell our Patent Athletic Suspender. No strain on buttons. Sample by mail 35 cents or 50 cents; 3 cents for circular and price list. Turner Bros. inventors, 786 Washington street, Boston, Mass.
july1—d26t sat tues

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY—ENERGETIC Agents everywhere to work for the Columbia Matrimonial Union, a new 4 months company. Write for terms and agent's outfit. Address A J Corbitt, Secretary, Columbia, Tenn.
aug22—d2w tues thur sat

WANTED—FIVE NO 1 MEN AS GENERAL agents on new book, on salary. Apply to or address J H Chambers & Co, Atlanta, Ga.
1062 july30 12t sun tues thurs

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—WE OFFER OUR ENTIRE STOCK, lease and fixtures for sale. This business is long established in the best business block. A rare chance is offered. Possession given at once. Turner & Co, 43 Whitehall street. aug29 d6t

NOTICE—THE PATENT GARRISON BAY Window Blind Improvement will be attached to residences in different parts of the city at cost of material and labor, to introduce it, for a few days only. Leave orders with agent, 14 South Broad street. County right for sale. aug29 1t

FOR SALE—ONE DRUMMER SPRING WAGON with top, very cheap. Been used a short time. N. C. Spence, 45 and 47 Decatur street.
888—aug27 sun tues&thurs

THE GULLETT GIN—THIS JUSTLY CELEbrated gin, acknowledged by all Cotton Buyers to make the best sample and as good as the best for quantity of product. For sale at Nos. 79 and 81 Broad street, by S C McCandless, Agent.
aug4—dtil sep15 fri sun wed &wtilsep

FOR SALE—FIFTEEN SHARES ATLANTA Building and Loan Association stock. Cheshire, Wilson & Co, No 14 Whitehall street.
847 aug27—5t

FANCY GROCERIES.

DOHME & DUFFY BEG LEAVE TO INFORM their customers that they have leased their old stand, 88 Whitehall street, for a number of years, and on October 1st will open with the largest stock of fancy and family groceries ever brought to this city.

BUTTER, BUTTER, BUTTER—25, 9, 12 AND 20 pound cans of extra fine butter just received by Dohme & Duffy, No 6 West Mitchell street.

HERE IS WHAT THE PEOPLE OF ATLANTA say: I like to trade with Dohme & Duffy, for their goods are always just what they represent them to be, and you can depend on getting full weight.

FLOUR DOWN TWO DOLLARS PER BARREL at Dohme & Duffy's, 6 West Mitchell street.

10 POUNDS A SUGAR, $1; 35 POUNDS GRITS, $1; 9 pounds granulated sugar, $1; 12 cans corn, $1; 12 cans beans, $1; 8 cans fish mackerel, $1; 11 cans tomatoes for $1. In order that we may not have to carry any of our present stock over to the new store we will sell for the next thirty days for very little over cost. Dohme & Duffy, 6 West Mitchell street.

COME AND GET A SMALL CAN OF OUR BUTter fresh every morning, at Dohme & Duffy's, 6 West Mitchell street.

ATLANTA IS CONSTANTLY DEMANDING better goods, and Dohme & Duffy's is the place to find them. 6 West Mitchell street aug29

LOTS.

LOST—ON FRIDAY LAST A SMALL ENAMeled gold bracelet was lost between E Harris and Alabama street. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to No. 24 Peachtree street. aug29—d1t

THE CONSTITUTION,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2 50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., AUGUST 29, 1882.

PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

The Trade of Atlanta.

THE CONSTITUTION'S annual review of the trade of Atlanta will be published on Friday, September 15. Every feature of the city's activity will be fully and accurately described—its trade, wholesale and retail, and its varied manufactures to receive particular attention. The railroad development will be explained, and all the changes it has wrought, especially in real estate values. Atlanta has never known a more prosperous year than the one now drawing to a close, and her prospects were never brighter than they are to-day. All these things will be fully set forth in our annual review. We expect to make it so interesting and valuable that no one interested in the prosperity of the city can afford to do without it. An immense edition will be printed, although the review will fill at least twenty-four pages of the regular size of THE CONSTITUTION. Orders for space in this great issue, or for extra copies, should be handed in, the sooner the better both for us and our patrons. Early orders will be carefully attended to. Address,

THE CONSTITUTION.

THE signal service bureau report indicates for South Atlantic and Gulf states to-day, local rains, and partly cloudy weather; southwest winds becoming variable, nearly stationary temperature, stationary or slight rise in barometer.

MR. CLEMENTS's letter to Dr. Felton is candid, dispassionate, dignified and reasonable. It can hardly fail to produce much good.

MR. STEPHENS as a "know nothing" is Mr. Stephens in a new role. Yet a campaign slander is afloat that he was a "know nothing," and it has promptly been stepped upon by the sage of Liberty Hall.

THE Fulton county tax digest has been consolidated and sent to the comptroller general's office. The aggregations have been secured and appear elsewhere. A comparative statement which is also given shows a creditable increase in the value of the property in the county, although it is believed that there are many defaulters and that the full value of the property is not shown.

MR. A. T. BROYLES declines the nomination for governor tendered him by the greenbackers of South Carolina. He does not so much object to the doctrines of the greenbackers as to their attempt to divide the white vote of the state. He believes in the supremacy of the white race. He thinks the south cannot afford to be otherwise than solid when the issue involves such momentous consequences. The truth is, the greenbackers placed in nomination by mistake a genuine Jeffersonian democrat, and he reminds them of their mistake in words that cannot be misinterpreted.

THE battle in Maine will soon take place, and Frye, who wants to succeed himself, and Blaine, who wants to retain his home prestige, are working with their coats off. The state is full of republican stumpers, and yet Maine or over twenty years was regarded as true a republican state as Vermont or Iowa. Were it not for Blaine it is the opinion of good politicians that the republicans would encounter another defeat this year. Blaine is, however, heavily handicapped, and in spite of his earnest efforts, Plaisted may win; and if he does the intestinal quarrel of the republicans will be intesified both in New York and Pennsylvania.

"Big rains, big crops—big everything." This is the story from nearly every part of the state, and of other southern states. The merchants of Atlanta understand the situation, and they are making ready for the coming trade wave. Every one of them should be represented in THE CONSTITUTION'S annual review of the trade of the city, which will appear regardless of weather on the 15th proximo. Those who listen to our young men first will be better written up and will have preference in the matter of location in our columns. We propose to make the review worthy of Atlanta and her wonderful trade.

JAMES H. BLOUNT.

The unanimous re-nomination of James H. Blount to represent the sixth Georgia district in congress was a most deserved recognition of merit. Mr. Blount has been in congress five terms and this action of his constituents will entitle him to twelve years of continuous public service in the most trying arena of political life. That long period has been a crucial test which few men could have endured, but Mr. Blount has come out of it with a record of remarkable purity and usefulness. No man has devoted himself more earnestly to the direct demands of his constituents, but his services in the national council have extended beyond any local lines. He has been one of the most conservative legislators the American congress has had during the decade in which he has conspicuously figured. The only abuse cast upon him has been by the men who have tried to use him and failed. The only comment on his long career is that he has been too conspicuously honest and too careful of the people's money. He has become famous in Washington for killing loose and corrupt appropriations and for his strict attention to every detail of congressional proceedings. THE CONSTITUTION has had occasion from time to time to call attention to his good work there, and it chronicles with pleasure the evidence that his constituents appreciate it. Though there have been efforts among the soreheads to induce a candidate to run against Mr. Blount they have failed and ought to have failed because the sixth district could not find a better or more influential representative than the man it is willing to trust for a sixth term.

THE TAX LEVY OF THE POOL.

The comment in these columns on the ukase of the managers of the Southern Railway and Steamship association, in connection with the resolutions adopted by the Atlanta chamber of commerce, has attracted some attention, especially in the interior towns which have for so many years been engaged in an effort to secure a fair proportion of the cotton business. The increase of rates on incoming and outgoing freights is of far more importance to the people of the state than to the interior towns, but the whole question is interesting to students of railroad legislation as showing the autocratic power that can be exercised at will by the corporations and to the detriment of vast interests that are now and will continue to be helpless until they compel the strong arm of the law to come to their aid; for it may be said here that the producers of cotton who will have to pay the taxes are no more helpless than the interior towns, such as Macon, Augusta, Columbus, Atlanta, Athens, Rome and others, whose business will be seriously crippled.

It will be perceived that the corporations not only have power to tax the people most outrageously, but they have power to cripple and practically destroy the business of whole communities whenever they are so disposed. That they are so disposed in this instance is shown by the advance in rates which we have already fully explained in these columns. For instance, a prominent business man of Atlanta estimates that it will cost Athens at least one hundred thousand dollars, besides injuring the town as a cotton market. He can see no remedy. The Messrs. Doughty, of Augusta, have also some views which we print elsewhere from the Augusta Chronicle.

We have seen an attempt to sneer at the interest taken in the matter by the business men of Atlanta, and, strange to say, the attempt comes from a quarter that is even more largely interested in the increase of rates than Atlanta. In point of fact, there is not an interior cotton market in the south that is not vitally interested in the announcement of the pool association; for the action of the pool is not only a tax levy, but a despotic discrimination against business communities that have heretofore never flinched when they were fleeced by the strong arm of the corporations.

SOME COLORED INDEPENDENTS.

The colored men of Missouri have been holding a convention for the purpose of organizing and looking after their own interests, educational and political. From all accounts, it was a much more imposing and important body than the colored assemblies which have been meeting in Atlanta off and on during the past four or five years. For one thing the convention of Missouri negroes was not controlled by colored politicians who have been bought off from a position of manly independence by a two-penny government office. On the contrary, the Missouri negroes appeared to be very much in earnest so far as bettering their own condition is concerned. Instead of rushing around and bootlicking and supporting a parcel of white men who do not have the respect and confidence of men of their own color, the Missouri negroes had something to say of the cheap white demagogues who for so many years have been profiting by the ignorance and carelessness of the colored people. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we indorse every movement whose purpose shall be the emancipation of the negro race from the thraldom of political demagogues. That while we acknowledge with profound gratitude the efforts of the republican party in behalf our race, and that its platform of principles as announced at every convention is the most practical, progressive and safe to all the elements of our composite nationality; nevertheless, be it

Resolved, That we hereby announce as the new Monroe doctrine of the era of emancipation that the negro voter in the United States shall not henceforth consider himself a subject for colonization and appropriation for any political party, but that the individual right to think, speak and act for himself shall be untrammeled by party chains.

A letter was read from Fred Douglass, regretting his inability to attend the convention, and expressing warm approval of the objects of the meeting. A letter was also read from George T. Downing, of Providence, R. I., indorsing the purposes of the convention, dwelling particularly upon the relations of negroes to the republican party and advising independent action in the matter of voting. This brought out the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That we commend to the negro voters of the state that whenever a colored man has been nominated on the republican ticket and been beaten, while the other part of the ticket was elected, we recommend them to vote independently and without regard to party.

It will thus be seen that the Missouri negroes are far ahead of their brethren in Georgia. The latter, after making a great show of independence, have subsided into their old attitude of slaves, and are now following such men as Bryant with an assiduity that would accomplish wonders in the direction of real manliness. Every word THE CONSTITUTION says in behalf of the political improvement of the negroes is construed by them into an effort to coax them into voting the democratic ticket. The truth is, THE CONSTITUTION doesn't care how the negro votes, if only he could be persuaded to show by his attitude that he has some little interest in the progress and prosperity of the state. At present, however, the only interest he displays is in supporting for office white men in whom other white men have no confidence. There is nothing sadder than the spectacle of a number of bright intelligent negroes, who ought to be working for the future of the race, going about bootlicking a parcel of white men whose sole interest in the race is to secure office.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1882, the total number of acres of public land disposed of was 15,699,848, an increase over last year of about 5,000,000 acres. The cash received for this land amounts to about $8,361,000, as against about $5,000,000 during the last fiscal year. The number of acres entered for agricultural purposes as "cash sales" during the year amounted to 3,699,899 acres; for mineral purposes, 3,706,810 acres; for desert lands, 166,055 acres; for coal lands, 7,194 acres; 6,347,729 acres were entered under the homestead laws, while 2,216,244 acres were "proved up" under the same laws; under the timber culture acts, 2,609,797 acres were entered and "proved up;" under the various land warrants, railroad grant, school, and state selection acts, (including various kinds of scrip,) 615,866 acres were disposed of. The great increase in the disposition of public lands the past fiscal year is said to be owing to the large immigration in the northwest. In Dakota the increase is more noticeable than in any other state or territory. The area of cash sales in Dakota alone was 698,094 acres, and the homestead entries in the same territory were more than 2,000,000 acres.

These facts show that if congress had devoted the net proceeds of the public lands to public education, a wonderful impetus would have been given to our common schools. Instead of doing this, however, all sorts of large-sized schemes were originated, and in the end nothing was done. Let congress be urged at the next session to give the people the benefit of the proceeds of the public lands. Let the money that comes in from them be put where it cannot be seized by the pension grabbers, or the river-and-harbor log-rollers, or the public building ring. Let it go to educate the children of the men who own the land—of the poor and unfortunate as well as the children of the well-to-do. If the proposed dedication of the proceeds of the public lands is not sufficient for the object in view, let additions be made to it in good time, but let us see that a beginning is made in an appropriation of the sales of lands on the basis of illiteracy among the states.

WHEN Candidate Locke, of the coalition syndicate, declared in Cartersville that the independents were on their way to the republican camp, he spoke by the card. There is no other camp that will fit men who are willing to destroy the democratic party in order that they or their friends may hold office. Candidate Locke, of the coalition, might have gone further and said that the democrats who are opposing Mr. Stephens are playing boldly into the hands of the republicans.

We have been told that some of the malcontents flinch when they are called soreheads. And yet it must be admitted that "sorehead" is a very mild term to apply to men who are either passively or actively willing to see the democratic party defeated simply because the nominee doesn't fit their personal prejudices and expectations.

THE twenty per cent freight gouge announced by the Southern Railway and Steamship association amounts to a tax of more than one million dollars on Georgia farmers; but no estimate has been made of the extent to which it will cripple the business of Macon, Atlanta and other interior towns by diverting cotton to other markets.

THE republicans are now hand-in-glove with Chalmers. It has frequently been said that for two dollars and a half a republican would consort with anybody or anything. If the south wanted to secede now, the whole affair could be negotiated in Wall street. This may appear to be funny, but it is really very serious.

SOME of the professed democrats who oppose Mr. Stephens say there is no choice between the democratic nominee and General Gartrell. Now the republicans think otherwise. With one accord they indorse General Gartrell and support him. What do the malcontents think of this? Is there really no choice?

THE opposition to Mr. Stephens among democrats should have ceased when the convention nominated him. Democrats who oppose him now are merely seeking, whether they desire it or not, the destruction of the democratic party and the elevation of the republican party to power.

ALL Pennsylvania candidates have what they call home organs. General Toombs (who is now warmly in favor of Mr. Stephens for governor) says that the outfit of a home organ consists of a shirt-tail full of type and a box of blacking.

EDITOR PENDLETON, of Valdosta, says he proposes to whirl in and support the democratic candidate, or words to that effect. This is right. Southern Georgia is not the place in which to start the boom of disaffection.

THE republican party is an able organization. For twenty years they have had a squad standing out in the front porch bellowing reform, while the rest of the gang are ransacking the pantry and plate closet.

It is said that Dorsey is confined to his room by nervous prostration. It would seem from this that Mr. Dorsey's nearest route to health and happiness is through an inebriate asylum.

As the great republican party has now gone into Wall street for funds, it is to be hoped that the trained thieves of the organization will take their hands out of the treasury.

THE New York Sun wants to know whether Dorman B. Eaton is a donkey or a humbug. As he is a republican reformer the probability is that he is a humbug.

CORNELL denies. Conkling, however, is doing pretty much as he did when old man Sprague galloped him out of his back yard. He is holding his tongue.

The season opens with a war in Egypt and a bankrupt circus somewhere in the west. The world is very full of news and excitement.

Colonel de Lesseps has gone home to France after a bunch of tooth picks, and Egypt is left practically unprotected.

STATE POLITICS.

Screven county is excited over a senatorial contest. The contestants are J. L. Singleton, T. W. Oliver and W. L. Matthews.

Judge Lofton, R W Patterson, Charles L Bartlett and W W Parker solicit the support of the democrats of Bibb for legislative honors.

General Gartrell says that Noah Johnson, a mail carrier between Tennelle and Sandersville, will carry Washington county for him for governor.

S. G. McLendon indignantly denies the report that he is opposed to the railroad commission. He desires to represent Thomas in the next legislature.

Floyd has, it is said, six men who want to go to the legislature, but the names of only Seaborn Wright and J. M. Elliott appear in the Rome papers.

Ben Duggar is a candidate for congress in the ninth district. The Dahlonega Signal seems to think that he will poll a very considerable vote in the mountain counties.

E A Eakes is the regular democratic nominee for senator in the thirty-ninth district, and his prospects of election are bright. His only opponent is H L Patterson, of Forsyth.

Colquitt is entitled to a senator under the rotation rule, and the contest is a very sharp one. The aspirants for representative of Colquitt are James H Gay, Sam Gregory, Owen Gregory and H D Patterson.

David B. Harrell, of Webster, announces himself as an independent candidate for congress. He adopts the usual cant by declaring that he is bound by "no party, caucus, rings, cliques or combinations."

Mr. Felton recently spoke at Cedartown, and the Advertiser says that he, in mentioning Gartrell's candidacy, took occasion "to declare the actuality of his constantly increasing strength, and to laud him as a man and a candidate."

In the Houston senatorial district Mr. Smith, of Crawford, will go before the convention on the principle of the rotation system. Judge Grice, of Houston, is running on his merits, and his friends claim support in both Taylor and Crawford.

Clay is entitled to the senator of its district this year, and at a mass meeting held in Fort Gaines D C Adams received 117 votes; W A Graham, 26; and R E Kennon, 17. It is expected that the delegates of the other counties in the district will support Mr. Adams.

Judge Buchanan tells the Columbus Enquirer that he will make a thorough canvass of his district. He entertains no uneasiness in regard to his own election, but will stump the district for the cause of democracy. He is very hopeful of democratic success throughout the state.

We learn with pleasure that Attorney-General Anderson is to meet General Gartrell in discussion at Forsyth to-day. General Anderson has gone boldly and fearlessly into the campaign and set a good example to follow. In his hands the interests of the party are safe and of his contest with General Gartrell there can be only one result, a rout of the enemy.

General Albert Wrenn, of the Kennesaw route, went into Hardeman & Gibson's warehouse in Macon on Saturday, when there was no one present but the porter, and asked permission to tack up a Gartrell card. The porter asked what a Gartrell card was, and was told that it offered twenty acres and a mule to every man who voted for Gartrell. "Course you kin tack it up, boss, course you kin." An advertisement of the Kennesaw route was duly tacked up, and the knight of the tack and hammer left.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE Windom-Dunnell fight in Minnesota is at close range.

MR. DORSEY is confined to his room with nervous prostration.

[redacted]

REMENYI, the famous violinist, intends to spend the coming winter in Mexico and Cuba.

ISABELLA, ex-queen of Spain, has grown tired of the French capital, and is going back to her old realm.

REPORTS from Kentucky show that Colonel Jones, of Newport, will give Proctor Knott a hard race for the nomination for governor.

[redacted]

A FINE statute of Gladstone, erected by Mr May, of the match firm of Bryant & May, has been unveiled at Bow, in the east end of London.

[redacted]

THE Rev. M. P. Clifford, of Macon, who has been traveling through Georgia, Alabama and Florida in the interest of Pio Nono college, has met with success beyond his expectations.

MR. WALTER, the proprietor of the London Times, has suppressed the life of the great editor of the paper, Delane, which Sir George Darent has been preparing.

MR. WILLIAM C. CHASE, editor and manager of the Southern Oil and Mercantile Journal, of Chattanooga, Tenn., is in Atlanta in the interest of his enterprising paper.

PATTI, it is said, loves to sit all day in a conservatory. Patti is different from American girls. They'd rather sit all day in a confectionery with an ice creamery attached.

THE Wadsworth, Folger, Seward, Cornell and several other booms are being carefully tied-up and labelled by the New York papers. This in order that the man who is finally nominated may be easily identified.

A BROTHER of President Garfield has lived for many years in northern Michigan on a small and sterile farm. The Grand Haven papers say that he is now building a fine house and barn with money given him by Mrs. Garfield.

BARON ROTHSCHILD traveled to Bayreuth in his palace car to attend the first performance of "Parsifal," and whilst there not only dined but slept under his own roof. The hotel keepers were angry at the baron, perhaps, but other travelers had reason to envy him.

EX-SENATOR CAMERON'S effort to stampede the independent republicans in Pennsylvania by raising the cry of free trade appears to have been a dismal failure. It has not caused a ripple on the surface of the situation in the state. He undertook to "rouse the business classes" and he raised, apparently, nothing but laughter.

WHEN old John Jacob Astor was trading in mink pelts and coon skins and making money by his wonderful business talent and enterprise, his load was not lightened nor his heart cheered by the knowledge that he was founding a line of snobs. Had he known that he might have failed to perfect his great invention for deodorizing the skin of the mephitis Americana.

For several days past General Phil Cook has suffered severely from an attack of rheumatism. He is at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. Peel, and under medical treatment. Last night he was somewhat easier but still far from well. His many friends in Atlanta hope to see him soon out on the streets in his usual vigor.

CURRENT COMMENT.

A Bear in Politics.
Cleveland Herald.

Jay Gould's friendship is strength to stocks and weakness to public men.

Give Him a Pointer.
Cincinnati Enquirer.

Oscar Wilde is said to have made a great deal of money in this country. We see absolutely no way to prevent him taking it out of this country, unless Governor Cornell will consent to give him a pointer on a blind pool.

The Pennsylvania Canvass.
Uniontown Genius of Liberty.

Pattison is a young man but Jefferson was only a year older when he wrote the declaration of independence.

Chambers Herald.

Beaver will not debate with Stewart this fall Some other fall after Beaver's fall.

Allan D. Candler.
Madison Madisonian.

Allan Candler, the people's man. Emory Speer, the trickery college bred demagogue. There they stand. The one has been tested in many ways, and like gold, appears fine after every test. The other, glittering like gold at first, but after each test the gold has fled and only dross appears. The one a democrat, firm and true; the other so near a radical he appears as one.

[redacted]

New Uses for the Cotton Crop.
Scientific American.

Mr. Edward Atkinson has found a new element of value in the cotton crop, and one which promises to materially advance the prosperity of southern farmers. It appears that for each bale of lint there are 1,500 pounds of stems, which are very rich in phosphates of lime and potash. When ground or mixed with ensilege or cotton seed meal (which is too rich for use as fodder in large quantities), the stem mixtures makes a superior cattle food rich in all the elements needed for the production of milk, meat and bone. It is believed that this utilization of the cotton stems will greatly facilitate the raising of stock, by furnishing a substitute for grain which now has to be brought from the west

The English Wheat Crop.
New York Herald.

According to the London Times, the English wheat crop of this season will fall below the average of the past five years, both in quantity and quality. This statement becomes still more significant in view of the fact that the yield of recent seasons has been inferior to that of former years. The number of acres planted in wheat was nearly a million less in 1881 than in 1874. The condition of the present crop must be discouraging to the English farmer and the crop reports bad news to the English consumer. But let the latter have no fear of any famine in breadstuffs. The American yield this year will be unusually abundant. According to the latest report of the department of agriculture, it will exceed five hundred million bushels, and some estimates put it at nearly six hundred millions. Our producers will be glad to let England have all it wants, and also France, whose crop is reported to be only a medium one.

Judson C. Clements.
Cedartown Advertiser.

Hon. J. C. Clements, the democratic nominee for congress from this district, addressed the people at the court house in this place on Tuesday last The court house was packed with listeners. The practical, pointed utterances of the speaker won their attention, and the mildness with which they were tempered was observed as it worthily deserved to be. Mr. Clements defended himself ably against the criticisms of his votes by his opponent, and showed conclusively that his action was that of a man regarding with a jealous eye the best interest of his people. He counseled his fellow citizens against any renewal of the bitterness of past campaigns in this district, and urged every man to cast his vote according to his convictions, laying aside everything like animosity or ill feeling. His speech was received quietly, but left a good impression. Mr. Clements spoke encouragingly of his prospect for re-election.

Mr. Stephens in Bibb.
Macon Correspondence Savannah News.

Mr. Stephens will carry Bibb county by an overwhelming majority. The "great commoner" is entrenched in the hearts of the people and his exalted patriotism, long and faithful service in our national councils, and abounding and practical philanthropy will render him invincible. As soon doubt the pointing of the needle to the pole as call in question his democracy and fealty to the south. Indeed his "History of the War" and masterly exposition endear him to the hearts of all true southrons. The attacks of his enemies, who insist upon retaining the subriquet of "organized democrats," are far more reprehensible and injurious to the party than the combined efforts of a hundred such men as Dr. Felton and Mr. Speer. The latter appear above board as "independents;" the former in the garb of democrats, like Joab of old, are smiting their companions and comrades beneath the fifth rib. Happily, however, the number of malcontents is too small to form a factor in the pending canvass, and the election will result in their discomfiture and annihilation.

THE SENATORSHIP.

Candidates for Mr. Hill's Place—Governor Colquitt, Judge Jackson and Others.

From the Augusta Chronicle.

Meeting a prominent Georgian on the streets the other day, the Chronicle asked him about the probable candidates for Mr. Hill's place in the United States senate from Georgia? Our friend remarked that two or three worthy gentlemen were mentioned for the place, but that nothing definite was yet known of the race.

"Do you regard Governor Colquitt as a probable candidate?"

"Yes, sir, and a very strong one. There is no reason why the governor should not be in the race. He has finished up his second term as governor and will not be a candidate for re-election. He posseses the confidence and admiration of a majority of the people of Georgia. Governor Colquitt has been receiving letters from all sections of the state urging him to become a candidate for the senate. To these he did not reply definitely, prior to the death of Senator Hill, because he was constrained by feelings of commendable delicacy. I presume now, however, that he may be considered squarely in the race."

"Is not the governor now personally independent?"

"Yes, sir. The governor is now in possession of an ample fortune. He has realized very handsomely from business operations of the past two years, and his connection with the Georgia Pacific railroad has netted him, with Gordon, nearly a quarter of a million of dollars each. The governor has been all over the state, hunted down and paid up every debt he ever owed; has purchased one or two plantations, and is, I should say, very comfortably off."

"Then Governor Colquitt has more business sense than many people would give him credit for?"

"Bless me, yes. It is a mistake to suppose that the governor is not a man of thrift and business capacity. He is a man of fine ideas and financial ability. His embarrassment of late years have been owing to the failure of a firm upon whose paper he had placed his name, and with whose misfortunes his own possessions disappeared. But he has recovered his footing and is able to hold his own with the world."

"Will he have Governor Brown's influence?"

"I think it very likely. The two governors are warm personal friends, and the support of the one may be safely counted on for the other. They would work together harmoniously as colleagues in the senate."

"Who else are spoken of as candidates?"

"I hear the names of Chief Justice James Jackson and of Hon. N. J. Hammond mentioned in this connection. Both have strong friends and are men of marked ability. General Gordon will hardly oppose Governor Colquitt."

"How about Mr. Stephens?"

"Mr. Stephens has declined to run. He will have just begun his gubernatorial term and would not so soon vacate for the senate. I think it not improbable, however, that Senator Brown will resign his seat before his term is out. The climate of Washington does not agree with his health, and he is not ambitious, at least, for a re-election. In such an event Mr. Stephens would be readily elected to that chamber, the threshold of which he has never entered, and across which he has declared he would never step until he has his credentials as a United States senator."

THE NEW FREIGHT RATES.

The Actual Tariff Established—Comments of Georgians on the Subject.

From the New York Times, August 26.

General Commissioner Virgil Powers, of the Southern Railway and Steamship association, has issued a circular announcing the new schedule of cotton rates between southern and eastern ports, to go into effect September 1, superseding all previous schedules. The rates between this city and Philadelphia and the principal southern points are as follows: Columbia, S. C., and Augusta, Ga., 76 cents per 100 pounds: Macon and Milledgeville, 89 cents; Athens, Atlanta, Rome, Dalton and Chattanooga, 94 cents; Fairburn, $1 08; Palmetto, $1 10; Newnan, $1 12; Grantville and Hogansville, $1 16; LaGrange, $1 20; West Point, $1 22; Opelika, $1 12; Montgomery and Selby, 94 cents; Bolton, Gilmore, Vinings, Tunnel Hill, and Tilton, $1 06; McIver, Smyrnia, Marietta, Ringgold, Graysville, Resacca, and Calhoun, $1.08; Big Shanty, Chicamauga, McDaniel, and Adairsville, $1.10; Amnicola, Kingston, Acworth, and Alatoona, $1.12; Bartow, Stegalls, Cartersville, Rogers, and Cass, $1.14. The rates to Fall River, Providence and Boston are 6 cents in advance of the figures above published, and the rates are 5 cents less to Baltimore. The advanced rates are those adopted at the recent meeting of the association in this city, and which have been confirmed by the managers of all the transit lines connected with the Southern Railway and Steamship association.

From the Augusta, Ga, Chronicle.

Learning that there was quite a stir on Cotton row over the recent action of the railroad pool in raising freight rates on cotton, the Chronicle made a tour through that section. The fact that buyers and factors were pretty well stirred up was evident, and the Chronicle learned the following facts, based upon matter already published in this paper: The recent meeting of the Southern Railway and Steamship association in New York agreed upon a basis of a general advance of from 15 to 20 per cent on cotton—the rate being determined by the distance. Meeting the Messrs. Doughty, large cotton buyers, at the exchange, the Chronicle asked these gentlemen how these freights would affect Augusta? They stated that under the new schedule, rates on cotton from Augusta to New York and Philadelphia were now 76 cents per 100 pounds, or an advance in the rate over last year's tariff equal to 67 cents per bale. (The bale rate has been discontinued, and charges assessed per 100 pounds). The rate from Augusta to Boston, Providence and Fall River is 92 cents per 100 pounds, or an advance of 89 cents a bale. "Now," continued these gentlemen, "the rate from Augusta to Savannah, Port Royal, Charleston and Wilmington on cotton is 27 cents per 100 pounds, or the same as last year; while to Norfolk and Richmond it is 38 cents per 100 pounds, also about the same. Now these rates do great injustice to eastern shippers. The strength of the cotton market in Augusta and other inland towns, lies in the buyers who operate for eastern spinners and eastern shippers. Augusta's business in this way is very heavy, and the market has been strengthened and business increased through these influences. But see how this schedule works. Freights on eastern shippers has been increased eastern buyers cannot pay so much for cotton and this will damage our market in two ways; first it will give the foreign exporter who buys cotton here for direct shipment abroad, the advantage—since freights to Savannah, Charleston, Port Royal and the ports remain the same—and he will be able to give higher prices for cotton than any other buyers. He will virtually control our inland markets. Second, country people will ship cotton to Savannah and Charleston, or direct to the ports, because these markets may be able to do better by them than we can." The whole thing. Messrs. Doughty think, will work to the great injury of the eastern trade, and will tax the southern cotton producer to the extent of the extra freight, and build up foreign shippers and manufacturers to the detriment of home business

Mr. Doughty told the Chronicle that the cotton exchange would shortly take some action over the matter.

From the Athens, Ga, Banner-Watchman.

At a late meeting of the great railroad and steamboat companies in New York, a pooling arrangement was entered into that aims a death blow at the commerce of the southern states, and if not averted will severely cripple the business of every city in Georgia, and cost the consumer over a million of dollars. It seems that heretofore the steamship companies have refused to enter into any combination with the railroads, which left this channel open to the shipper and prevented any extortionate advance in freight. But now that these great monopolies have come together the trade and property of the south lies prostrated at its feet. The recent advance amounts to 20 per cent on both goods and cotton, which sudden rise is unprecedented in the annals of commerce. Meeting yesterday a prominent business man of Athens, we asked him what effect the combination would have on the trade of our city.

"Why," he replied, "it will cost Athens over one hundred thousand dollars, that will of course come out of the consumer—i. e., the farmers in this section. Like all the other trade cities in Georgia, it will seriously injure us as a cotton market giving the entire control of the staple to the Liverpool and northern dealers. The unexpected advance has completely paralyzed our merchants."

"Can you give us some of the old and new rates?"

"Certainly. To and from New York it used to cost us 70 cents per hundred; it is now 94 cents; to Boston, Fall River and Providence the jump is from 84 cents to $1. Rates to Norfolk have been reduced to 56 cents, and to Charleston and Savannah they remain unchanged. The whole combination is in favor of European and northern markets."

"Is there no redress?"

"I see none. The business men throughout the state are aroused, but I can't see how they can help themselves."

This is certainly a fearful state of affairs. Right on the heels of our large crops the cormorants and monopolies of the north step in and rob us of the profits of our harvest toil.

We are in favor now of the general government taking this matter in hand, and making such legislation as will protect the people against the accumulation of capital. The strong hand of congress is the only thing that can now save the country, and to it we appeal for protection. Let the government either take control of the great arteries of commerce, or organize a commission to stand between the people and these great monopolies.

FARMER BROWN.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"Good-by, papa."

The plump, white arms of Erica Brown were thrown about her father's neck, and the pretty face with its giant mouth and cunning dimples was pressed closely to the bronzed cheek of the farmer as he stood in the kitchen doorway a moment before going out to his daily toil.

"I am going to plow the south meadow this morning, my darling," he said to the girl, "and when noon comes you must have my accounts as treasurer of the church all arranged, because the building committee will be here after dinner, and I am to turn over the money in my hands, so that the erection of the new church in the little dell just beyond where we buried that mouse colored heifer two years ago last spring, can be commenced at once"—and, kissing his daughter again, Farmer Brown took a bite of hard tobacco and went away into the glad sunlight.

* * * * * * *

The petals of the June roses had fallen like a pink carpet along the edge of the woods, contrasting prettily with the vivid green of the grass and leaves. Above the hum of insects and the twittering of the birds rose the sturdy voice of Farmer Brown, swearing at the off mule. "Get up, darn it!" he said. But the mule only waved its ears in a sensuous, languid fashion, and looked wistfully into the next meadow where the starry-eyed kine were grazing, and the old sorrel mare that had a splint on her near front leg was quafing the incense of the new-born day. Picking up a short stick, the farmer advanced and struck the faithful mule a cruel blow just abaft his midship ribs. Stretching out his hind legs in a dreamy, listless way, the mule felt then touch something, and in a moment Farmer Brown was sailing in the far blue overhead.

The little church in the mossy dell is not completed yet, and the building committee is anxiously waiting for the treasurer to come down.

PLANTATION SONG

From the New Orleans Times Democrat.

No use talkin' 'bout de Big Bend gals,
Dat lib on de county line;
For Betsey Jane jum de Prairie Place
Jes leabes 'em 'way behine.
Oh! you neber could find sich a likely 'ooman,
Ef you search out all creation:
She beat eb'rything in de Flat Creek Quarters,
An' she clean out de Old Plantation.

She totes herself like a fivin' squirrel,
And she clam out de niggers all aroun';
An' lor' how the jew draps get orf de grass
When she draps dem foots on de groun,;
She's nice as a right mellier apple on de tree,
An' she look mighty pretty and sung:
Her mouf's jes as sweet as de corncob stopper
Dat come out de 'lasses jug.

Bumble bee light on de red clover bloom;
'Possum eat 'simmons in de fall;
Robin ketch de fishin' wum out in de fiel',
An' mule chaw his corn in de stall;
Big hawk watch what de little chicken scratchin'
Spider look out for de fly;
Nigger stan' still an' he bow an' he scrape
When he see dat gal go by!

Calf come lopin' when de old cow call him,
'Possum-dog run to de horn;
Gar' vine clam up de tall oak tree,
An' mornin'-glory wrap 'roun de corn;
Nigger turn 'roun an' he come mighty quick
When he hear dat pretty girl laugh,
An' she hang on his arm like de vine on de tree
When dey bofe go walkin' down de paff!

Her eyes gib light like a fox-fire chunk,
Her teef all white as de snow;
Niggers in de cotton-patch keep lookin' back
When dey see her come chopin' out de row;
She gine to crowd de hands when de crab-grass growin',
An' she kill all de weeds as she go;
An' she kiver up de furrer wid a cloud o' dus',
When she bus' dem clouds wid her hoe.

—J. A. Macon, Starkesville, Miss.

FINANCIAL FACTS.

NEW YORK, August 28.—Share speculation opened irregular as compared with the closing prices of Saturday, but with only fractional changes. In the early trade the general list advanced a fraction, after which prices declined ⅛ to 1⅛ per cent, Denver and Rio Grande and Canada Southern leading in the downward turn. The market after this was dull but strong, and about 1:30 p m an advance took place ranging from ¼ to 1¾ per cent, in which Texas Pacific, Denver and Rio Grande, Kansas and Texas, and Louisville and Nashville were prominent, while New Jersey Central sold off 1¼ per cent. There was then a fractional reaction, followed in the final dealings by an advance of ½ to 1 per cent, Louisville and Nashville leading therein. The market closed quiet but strong, showing a general advance on the day of ⅛ to 1⅛ per cent, latter for Michigan Central; New York Central, however is 1⅛ per cent lower. Transactions aggregated 220,000 shares.

Georgia 6s	†103	Panama	165
Georgia 7s mortg'e	†105	Quicksilver	10
Georgia do gold	†112½	do Preferred	45½
Louisiana consols	*69½	Reading	69
North Carolina old	†20	St L & San Fran	39½
North Carolina new	†15	do Preferred	57½
Funding	†10	do first Preferred	95½
Special tax	7	St. Paul	121¼
Tennessee 6s	54	do Preferred	135¼
Tennessee new	34	Texas Pacific	50¾
Virginia 6s	†35	Union Pacific	114⅞
Consolidated	†59	United States	74
do Deferred	†12½	Wells & Fargo	†130
Adams Express	140	Chicago & N.W.	144¼
American Mer. Ex.	95	do Preferred	167
Chesap'ke & Ohio	23½	Erie	38¼
Chicago & Alton	137½	East Tenn R. R.	10¾
C. St. L. & N. O	74	Ga. R. R.	——
Consolidated Coal	32	Illinois Central	136
Delaware & Lack	141⅝	Lake Shore	111½
Fort Wayne	136	L. & N.	71⅝
Hannibal & St Joe.	8	Memphis & Char'n	58
Harlem	205	N., C. & St.	61⅞
Houston & Texas	88	N.Y. Central	132⅝
Manhattan Ele	52½	Pittsb'g F.W. & C.	138
Metropolitan Elle	88	Rich. & Alleghany	20
Michigan Centra	98¾	Rich. & Dan.	112
Mobile & Ohio	22	Rock Island	135½
N Jersey Central	76⅝	S. C. con brown	102
Norfolk & W'n Pre	55	W. Pt. Terminal	69¼
N. Y Elevated	107	Wab., St. L. & Pac.	35¾
Ohio & Miss	37⅞	do Preferred	64⅞
do Preferred	105	Western Union	89½
Pacific Mail	41½		

†Bid. *Offered.

WHAT WE ARE WORTH.

WHAT FULTON COUNTY'S DIGEST SHOWS.

Some Interesting Figures, Showing the Increasing Wealth of the County—What the Colored People are Worth—A Comparative Statement of the Property in the County, Etc.

The Fulton county tax digest has been made up and consolidated and sent in to the comptroller general's office. It presents some very interesting facts. The aggregate value of all the property in the county of every kind is $24,592,287, against $22,939,780, an increase of $1,652,507. It is probable, however, that the real increase is much larger, as it is believed that there are many defaulters this year. The decrease in the number of polls shows that there must be something wrong. In 1881 there were 4,432 polls returned, and in 1880 there were 5,926, while in 1882 there are only 3,805, showing a steady decrease while the value of the property and the population has increased. There were 3,034 white and 771 colored polls returned in the county. The property returned is as follows: Value of land, $2,065,544, against $1,677,420 for 1881. The city and town property is returned at $14,005,999, against $13,282,242 for the previous year. Of course a mere trifle of this amount is outside of Atlanta as West End is the only incorporated town in the county and there is but little property outside of Atlanta except that immediately adjoining the city that is not given in by the acre, and not as town property. The amount of the other property in the county can be found in the following

COMPARATIVE TABULAR STATEMENT.

	1882.	1881.
Building and Loan association capital	$ 35,273 00	$ 10,275 00
Value of shares in state and national banks	202,365 00	597,900 00
Money and solvent debts, etc	3,104,934 00	2,818,196 00
Merchandise	2,651,379 00	2,722,721 00
Invested in shipping	900 00	
Value of stocks and bonds	900,300 00	478,491 00
Cotton manufacturing	200 00	
Iron works, furnaces, etc	219,325 00	10,500 00
Invested in mining	800 00	
Household and kitchen furniture	726,426 00	674,070 00
Silverware, jewelry, etc	145,891 00	135,985 00
Horses, mules, cattle, etc	363,652 00	238,456 00
Plantation and mechanical tools	79,517 00	101,410 00
Crops for sale April 1st	2,275 00	3,185 00
Value of other property	187,507 00	149,385 00
Number of Daguerreans	2	6
Number of lawyers	91	89
Number of doctors	87	69
Number of dentists	10	[illegible]
Acres of land	98,933	107,658

THE COLORED PEOPLE.

In 1881 there were 2,788 white and 800 colored polls returned. The colored people return 1,227 acres of land valued at $10,510, $326,275 worth of town and city property, $5,285 worth of money and solvent debts, $19,410 worth of household and kitchen furniture, $12,460 worth of horses and mules, $682 worth of plantation and mechanical tools and $10,425 worth of other property making an aggregate of $394,047 worth of property owned by the colored people of this county. The aggregate value of the property owned by the colored people in 1881 was $348,297.

The tax on professions amounts to $1,900, and polls to $3,805. The total amount of tax that could be raised at three mills with the professional and poll tax added would amount to $79,480 86. The small showing for cotton manufacturing is due to the fact that the Fulton spinning company's mill was returned as city property, and the Atlanta mill exempt for some years yet by special act of the legislature. It will be noticed that there is an astonishing falling off in state and national bank stocks. This is explained by the fact that much stock of this class was returned under the head of "stocks and bonds." Altogether the showing is satisfactory, despite the evident fact that there are many defaulters, as shown by the small number of polls returned.

IMMIGRATION STATISTICS.

71,000 Immigrants Reputed as Having Come In During July.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—The bureau of statistics of the treasury department has prepared the following advance statement of immigration into the United States during July, 1882, as compared with the same month of 1881:

During July 1882, there arrived in the customs districts of Baltimore, Boston, Detroit, Huron, Minnesota, New Orleans, New York, Passamaquoddy, Philadelphia and San Francisco, 70,699 passengers—of whom 65,010 were immigrants, 3,827 citizens of the United States returned from abroad, and 1,862 aliens not intending to remain in the United States. The following is an analysis by countries and by customs districts:

COUNTRIES FROM WHICH ARRIVED.

	July, 1882.	July, 1881.		July, 1882.	July, 1881.
England and Wales	6,893	6,693	Norway	3,266	2,905
Ireland	5,638	5,337	Sweden	5,888	6,007
Scotland	1,101	1,320	Dominion of Canada	7,282	4,890
Austria	1,180	1,941	All other countries	15,907	6,405
Germany	16,721	20,374			
Italy	1,118	675			
Total				65,010	56,607

CUSTOMS DISTRICTS IN WHICH ARRIVED.

	1882.	1881.		1882.	1881.
Baltimore	2,348	5,409	New York	38,619	36,829
Boston	5,631	4,379	Passamaquoddy	357	328
Detroit	2,056	991	Philadelphia	2,536	2,142
Huron	6,463	4,251	San Francisco	6,827	2,156
Minnesota	111	108			
New Orleans	12	1			
Total				65,010	56,607

The Yorktown Monument.

Special Dispatch to the Philadelphia Times

WASHINGTON, August 28.—Secretary Lincoln will proceed with the erection of the Yorktown monument, and as soon as possible the various blocks of which the pillar is to composed will be hoisted into position. After paying the cost of the foundation, which is completed, and the purchase of five acres of ground, there is $86,000 left to complete the monument. The architects are already at work upon it. All the cutting of figures and inscriptions will be done in the quarries where the material is procured. The site purchased by the secretary of war for the monument includes what little remains of historical interest of the revolutionary battle fields, namely, a short section of the British earthworks and the remains of the two redoubts carried by assaults, all of which are comparatively well preserved.

A New Chinese Question.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—A member of the Chinese legation visited the state department to-day and informed Acting Secretary Davis that a party of Chinese play-actors from Panama had been denied permission to land at San Francisco. Secretary Davis called upon Secretary Folger at the treasury department in reference to the matter, and the result was that Secretary Folger telegraphed to the collector of customs at San Francisco that the department did not regard play-actors as laborers within the meaning of the Chinese act, and suggesting that the facts in the case in question might bring it within the late decision of Judge Field, that the law did not apply to Chinese seamen who had shipped before the passage of the act.

A Girl's Remarkable Affliction.

LITTLE ROCK, August 25.—The eighteen-year-old daughter of Colonel Thomas Norman, of New London, mysteriously disappeared from her home on Monday last. The neighborhood was aroused and nearly one hundred men have since been searching for her. News reached here to-day that the girl had been found hidden under a grocery in the village, about a mile from the dwelling of her father. She was alive, but very weak and was dressed in her night clothes, and had evidently remained in hiding since her disappearance. Her mind was a wreck. She is described as being beautiful and her affliction excites great sympathy.

Ex-Governor Sprague Holds the Fort.

PROVIDENCE August 28.—Trustee Chafee, with his lawyer, went to the Canonchet estate to-day to put Mr. F. D. Moulton, the purchaser, in possession. They found the place occupied by men hired and armed by ex-Governor Sprague. An anomalous flag was flying on the house. There was an armed man on the roof, men on the lawn and at the various entrances. After an interview with Mr. Sprague's boy, who said that entrance would be resisted by rifles, Gatling guns and mitrailleuse, Trustee Chafee decided to withdraw. There was some firing on the grounds, apparently in the way of bravado or as signals.

The Cincinnati Exposition.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

CINCINNATI, August 28.—The tenth industrial exposition, under the auspices of the chamber of commerce, mechanics institute and board of trade and transportation, will open on the 6th of September and continue till the 7th of October. The management has been energetic and the promise is excellent for a successful exhibition.

The Irish Police.

LIMERICK, August 28.—Earl Spencer, lord lieutenant of Ireland, has ordered the dismissal of five of the constables who objected to being removed to the north. The event has caused considerable excitement and thirty of the constables have resigned, so that the city to-night is without the usual police force.

Paddling Their Own Canoes.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

TROY, N. Y., August 28.—Messrs. Meide and Kendall, of the Lake George canoe club, passed through Troy to-day in canoes, en route for Lake Worth, Florida. They intend to make the journey in canoes via the canal to Cincinnati, and thence via the Ohio and Mississippi rivers to the Gulf of Mexico.

Death of General Powers.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., August 28.—General Charles J. Powers slipped and fell on the street this morning, sustaining injuries which caused his death. He was a member of the first regiment raised in Monroe county at the beginning of the war and served with distinction. He was a prominent lawyer and a man of unusual ability.

An Anti-Catholic Defaulter.

GALVESTON, August 28.—The News' Dallas special says: William J. Grant, an alleged cousin of the ex-president, is guilty of defalcation of funds of lodges of several anti-Catholic negro societies. He will be indicted if he does not refund.

Sherman Will Retire.

ST. LOUIS, August 28.—General Sherman stated his intention to leave the army before the law retiring him would take effect, and he would then return to St. Louis to live.

The Louisiana Bench.

NEW ORLEANS, August 28.—Governor McEnery has appointed Hon. T. C. Manning, ex-chief justice, associate justice of the state supreme court, vice Levy, deceased.

BAKING POWDERS.

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N.Y.
714 tunel8—dawly 5p top col nx rd or fol rd mat

FUNERAL NOTICE.

THROWER—The friends and relatives of the Hon. J. K. Thrower are invited to attend the funeral of his wife, Mrs. Mattie Thrower, from St. Paul's M. E. Church, South, East Hunter street, at 10 a. m., to-day.

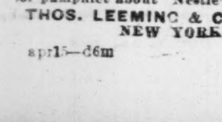
OBITUARY.

LIND—Died, on the 27th instant, Margaret Murdoch, wife of Edmund G. Lind, late of Baltimore Md.

OPERA HOUSE.
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2D
ORIGINAL AND ONLY
MORTON'S BIG 4 MINSTRELS
—AND—
BRASS BAND!!
THE BEST MINSTREL COMPANY IN AMERICA!
8 END MEN 8
10 Peerless Comedians 10
HEADED BY
JOHN W. MORTON,
Whose Natural Portrayal of the Genuine Darkey is always appreciated by his audience with great applause. Don't fail to see them!
Prices as usual; reserved seats for sale, without extra charge, at Phillips & Crew's Music Store.
aug29 d4t—tues thur fri sat

NEW & ELEGANT
ST CLAIR HOTEL
SIXTH, MOUND, & GEORGE STS.
RATES PER DAY $3.50 TO $5.00 CINCINNATI
aug29—d8w tues fri sun

LANIER HOUSE,
MACON, GA.,
OPENS UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT
SEPTEMBER 1ST.
Refurnished, Repainted and all Modern Improvements.
FREE BUSS.
BYINGTON & RUSHING.
886 aug27d4t



NESTLE'S CONDENSED SWISS MILK
is guaranteed to be the PUREST and RICHEST on the market. Try it once and you will use it always. Ask for the "Nest" Brand and take no other. Send for pamphlet about "Nestle's Milk Food."
THOS. LEEMING & CO., Sole Agents, NEW YORK CITY.
apr15—d6m

BAKING POWDERS.

THE CONTRAST!

While other Baking Powders are largely adulterated with Alum and other hurtful drugs,

has been kept unchanged in all its original purity and strength. The best evidence of its safety and effectiveness is the fact of its having received the highest testimonials from the most eminent chemists in the United States, who have analyzed it, from its introduction to the present time. No other powders show so good results by the true test—the TEST OF THE OVEN.

IT IS A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER
—MADE BY—
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,
Manufacturers of Lupulin Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts, and Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes.
may20—d1y sat tues thur top col nx rd mat 142 6pd &wly 8 or 2p

ANNOUNCEMENT

By the solicitation of my friends, I hereby announce myself a candidate for councilman in the first ward at the ensuing election.
J. M. BORING.

We are authorized to announce Captain W. M. MIDDLEBROOKS as a candidate for Council from the First Ward, at ensuing election. aug26—1m

We take pleasure in announcing the name of S. W. DAY as a candidate for Councilman from the Third Ward, at the coming election.
874 aug27—d1m MANY CITIZENS.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Please announce my name as a candidate for member of Council from the Fourth Ward. Respectfully,
aug27—d2t sun B. F. LONGLEY.

DOWN WITH MONOPOLIES
GATE CITY
FURNITURE MANUFACTORY
JOHN D. STOCKER, Prop'r.
Manufacture Medium & Cheap Furniture.
Send for Price List.
234 AND 236 MARIETTA ST.,
aug26—d1m ATLANTA, GA.

G. W. ADAIR......Auctioneer.

TWO CENTRAL BUILDING LOTS.

ON TUESDAY NEXT, 29TH INSTANT, ON THE premises at 5 o'clock sharp, I will sell two unimproved lots, each 50x90 feet, at the northeast corner of James and Fairlie streets, adjoining Mrs. C. P. Ezzard's residence on the east and Henry Holcombe's on the north.

These lots are in the center of the city and have handsome residences and cottages all around them. They are even with the street and can be improved without the expense of grading, and are just such lots as hundreds have inquired for at my office. Gas and water mains convenient. Titles indisputable. Terms half cash and remainder in twelve months, with 8 per cent interest.
G. W. ADAIR.
Atlanta, Ga., August 26, 1882. 831—aug27 2t

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.
Warren Ray: 62 South street, New York, will dispach schooner
"Mary Lord,"
from New York for Brunswick on 31st instant.

Patronage of Atlanta Merchants solicited.
LITTLEFIELD & TISON,
aug25—d5t Agents, BRUNSWICK, GA.

G. W. ADAIR......Auctioneer

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A SPECIAL ORDER FROM the Court of Ordinary of Lumpkin county, Ga, granted the 5th day of June, 1882, will be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, on the first Tuesday, (5th day) of September next, two houses and lots, lying on the south side of Jenkins street, in the 4th ward of said city, adjoining the property of L P Grant and J H Mecaslin. Sold as the property of G W Anderson, deceased, for the benefit of heirs and creditors. Terms cash.
J E WOOD,
JASPER GAYDEN,
Administrators with will annexed.
aug2 d1aw4w—tues.

WATCHES!
DIAMONDS!
FINE JEWELRY!
—AND—
STERLING SILVER-WARE,
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
31 WHITEHALL STREET
feb4—d1y 5p

NOTICE.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED GENERAL Agent for THE EQUITABLE CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION of Nashville, Tenn., for the States of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, North and South Carolina, am desirous of obtaining good and reliable agents in every town and county in the above named States. References required. Address all inquiries to J. B. MORGAN, 31 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. au g22—d1w

W. S. COX. A. B. C. DORSEY.
COX & DORSEY,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
GAINESVILLE, GA.
MAKE A SPECIALTY OF SELLING, RENTING and leasing city and country property, and looking after wild lands. may18 d6m

G. W. ADAIR......Auctioneer

Guardian's Sale

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE of an order of the Court of Ordinary of said county will be sold on the premises, within the lawful hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in September next, to the highest bidder, the one-third undivided part of lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 52 feet on Hunter street, and bounded on the east by an 8 foot alley 153 feet, thence running west 100 feet to O'Neal's line, and thence north along O'Neal's line 153 feet back to Hunter street, bounded north by Hunter street, east by an alley, south by Sheridan's land and west by O'Neal's, the same being part of lot No 52 of the 14th district of originally Henry now said county. Sold as the property of Katie Connolly, minor, for reinvestment. The remaining two-thirds of said lot will be sold at the same time and place. A B CONNOLLY,
aug8 law 4w tues Guardian.

IF YOU WANT STYLISH
FURNITURE,
CALL AT
MILLER'S FASHION PARLOR.
Ash Suits Trimmed with Walnut are all the Rage.
Also, the Only Store in Atlanta where you can find the celebrated
WRAMPELMEIER WALNUT FURNITURE.
44 PEACHTREE STREET.
117 july2—d3m sun tues thur 5p

300,000 APPLE AND PEACH TREES
FOR FALL SALES, BY
M. COLE & CO., PROPRIETORS
OF THE
ATLANTA NURSERIES.
Also, standard and dwarf Pears, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, Nectarines, Almonds, Walnuts, Pecans Mulberries, Quinces, Figs, Pomegranates, Raspberries, Blackberries, Gooseberries, Currants, Strawberries Asparagus and Grapes, including Pocklington, Prentiss, Duchess and Lady Washington; and
The Largest Stock of Hardy Ornamentals in the South.
Cape Jessamines and Roses a Specialty.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Descriptive Catalogues and wholesale lists to the trade, FREE.
M. COLE & CO. ATLANTA, GA.
[illegible] d9m—5p

HARDWARE, PLOWS, SCRAPERS, POWDER, ETC.

BECK, GREGG & CO.,
WHOLESALE HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
ALSO MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS FOR R. R. PLOWS, WHEELBARROWS, DYNAMITE, BLASTing Powder, Fuse, Drills and General Railroad and Miners' Supplies.
THE COLUMBUS SOLID STEEL SCRAPERS.
No. 1 Carries 7 feet Earth. No. 2 Carries 5 feet Earth. No. 3 Carries 3 feet Earth.
THE PERFECT SCRAPER,
Made from a Single Sheet of Steel pressed into shape—without Seam, Joint or Rivet. The Strongest Scraper Manufactured. Send for Circulars and Price Lists to BECK, GREGG & CO., Wholesale Hardware Atlanta, Ga., Road Plows, Scrapers and Wheelbarrows of all kinds. aug15 d1m

Consult Dr. BUTTS and secure the advantages of long experience in curing diseases of the Blood, Skin and Bones.—Nervous Debility, Impotency, Organic Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Syphilitic and Mercurial Affections specially treated on scientific principles, with safe and sure remedies. Call or write for List of Questions to be answered by those desiring treatment by mail.
(Persons suffering from Rupture should send their address, and learn something to their advantage. It is not a truss.)
Address, DR. BUTTS, 12 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo.
ESTABLISHED OVER THIRTY YEARS.

FREE "THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH"
Is a very interesting book, having been pronounced so by thousands of readers. It explains principles of life and death, and origin of diseases. Should be read by all thinking people. Contains valuable prescriptions for the cure of Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Vitality, Defective Memory, Despondency, and the whole train of disorders brought on by overwork or indiscretions; prescriptions for Catarrh, Scrofula, etc. A copy of this work by mail, sealed, free, by addressing W. E. JAQUES, M.D. 130 W. 6th St. Cincinnati, O.

Self Cure Free
Nervous Debility Lost Manhood Weakness and Decay
A favorite prescription of a noted specialist (now retired.) Druggists can fill it. Address
DR. WARD & CO., LOUISIANA, MO.

TRADE MARK Seminal Pastille.
An entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only true way, viz., Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease. The use of the remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits of life. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. There is no nonsense about this preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give perfect satisfaction. It is conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble. The Remedy is put up in boxes of three sizes. No. 1 (lasting a month), $3; No. 2 (sufficient to effect a permanent cure, unless in severe cases), $5; No. 3 (lasting over three months, will stop emissions and restore vigor in the worst cases), $7. Sent by mail, sealed in plain wrappers. Full directions for using accompany each box.
(Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most skeptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent sealed for stamp.)
HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G CHEMISTS,
Market and 8th Sts., ST. LOUIS, MO.

METROPOLITAN LIFE UNVEILED!
AGENTS WANTED!
Most Exciting Book Issued. 600 pages. 150 Illustrations!
Revealing miseries of high and low life in America's great cities; fashion's follies and frivolities; behind the scenes; tricks of pretty deceivers; city's rich and poor; lascivious corruption at Washington; ruin of innocent girls; old hoary-headed sinners by gas-light; bewitching sirens & victims; Voudou and Mormon horrors; Startling Revelations! Price $2.50. Illust'd circulars free. Outfits 75c. Add. ANCHOR PUBLISH'G CO. ST. LOUIS, Mo. CHICAGO, Ill. ATLANTA, Ga.
may20—d1y sat tuet thur & wkly

NOTICE.
TO
RAILROAD CONTRACTORS

I WILL LET TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES FROM one to five miles of light grading. Apply to
J. H. POWERS,
aug17—d2w Climax, Ga.

G. W. ADAIR......Auctioneer.

MOORE PROPERTY, MARIETTA STREET.

BY AUTHORITY OF AN ORDER GRANTED by the court of Ordinary of Fulton county, at the August term, 1882 I will sell, before the court house door, in Fulton county, on the first Tuesday (fifth day) of September next, 1882, within the legal hours of sale, the following described land, to-wit:

Two certain parcels of land, being parts of land lot Number 81, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., the first parcel beginning at the west corner of lot number one (1) of the subdivisions of the Moore estate on the northeast side of Marietta street, and running northwestwardly along Marietta street two hundred and eighty-three (283) feet, more or less, to the property formerly known as the Wallace property; thence northwestwardly along the lines which divides the Moore from the Wallace property to State street; thence south along the west side of State street three hundred and fifty (350) feet more or less to the Randall lot; thence southwestward along the northwest line of the Randall lot one hundred and seventy-four and a half (174½) feet more or less to lot number two (2) of the Moore property; thence northwestward along the northeast lines of lots number two (2) and one (1) of said Moore property, one hundred and fifty (150) feet more or less to the north corner of lot number one (1) of said property and thence southwestwardly along the northwest line of said lot number one (1), two hundred (200) feet more or less to the beginning point on Marietta street.

The second parcel of land is bounded as follows: Commencing on the east side of State street, at Fickett's southern or southeastern line, and running northeastwardly along said line to the original land line, which separates land lots numbers 81 and 82; thence south along said land line to the Cravoth property: thence southwestwardly along the Cravoth line to State street and thence north along the east side of State street to the beginning point.

Terms: The first parcel will be sold on time, the amount for which it sells to be paid in six equal payments, one payment to be made every six months, the first payment to be due in six months from the day of sale. The second parcel will be sold for cash. G W ADAIR,
Administrator de bonis non estate of W C Moore, deceased. aug8 d1aw 4w tues.

FULTON COUNTY SHERIFF SALES FOR state and county tax for the year 1881. Will be sold, before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September next, 1882, within the legal hours of sale, the following property to wit:

A certain tract or parcel of land adjoining the property of Dobbins, Mitchell and others, part of land lot No 40, 17th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 13 acres more or less. As the property of Martin Lowry.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land adjoining the property of Howell and others, part of land lot No 185, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 40 acres more or less. As the property of Mrs M N Lyon.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on West Baker street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Ezzard and Rice, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x168 feet more or less; as the property of J G Jones, trustee.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Jones avenue, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Macy, part of land lot No 82, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre, more or less; as the property of Mrs W S Ferris.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Sampson street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Corley and Alexander, part of land lot No 19, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅙ acre, more or less; as the property of Columbus C Wimbush.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Marietta and Farlie street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Harrison and Hunnicutt, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 20x100 feet more or less; as the property of Willis F Westmoreland, agent.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Collins street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Boutell and O, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of Dr J J Knott.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land, adjoining the property of Maulden and Sims, part of land lot No 225, 17th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 100 acres more or less; as the property of Albert F Chisolm.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land, adjoining the property of Irby and others, part of land lot No 17, 17th district of Fulton count, Ga, containing 50 acres more or less; as the property of George T Reeves.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land adjoining the property of Howell and others, part of land lot No. 144, 17th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 19 acres more or less. As the property of Allison Jackson.

Also at the same time and place, a lot near Bellwood, adjoining the property of —, part of land lot No 81, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., containing ½ acre more or less. As the property of George Holland.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel adjoining the property of Moore & Wallace, part of land lot No. 224, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., containing 30 acres more or less. As the property of Lem B. Anderson.
A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff.

BEE LINE ROUTE
(C. C. C. & I. R'Y.)
SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO
CLEVELAND,
SANDUSKY,
PUT IN BAY,
NIAGARA FALLS,
THOUSAND ISLANDS,
SARATOGA,
WHITE MOUNTAINS,
and the SEACOAST. Eleven hours quicker from
CINCINNATI AND BOSTON
than any line with through Sleeping Cars. Quicker time between
CINCINNATI AND NEW YORK CITY
than any line, with no extra fares on fast trains. Only line running directly into NEW YORK CITY without ferryage or transfer.
D. EDWARDS,
General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O.
A. J. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.
june1 d3m

Guardian's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE COURT of Ordinary of Fulton county, will be sold on the first Tuesday in September, 1882, at the Court house door in said county of Fulton, between the legal hours of sale, all that tract or parcel of land, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, and being the west half of a certain city lot known in the plan said city as the east half of city lots Nos. 178 and 179, said halves of said city lots taken together have a front north of one hundred feet (more or less) on Filmore street, and running back south one hundred and sixty feet (more or less) being part of land lot number fifty-two, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia. Sold for the purpose of changing the investment. Terms cash. August 7, 1882.
THOMAS H. NELSON,
aug8 d1aw4w tues Guardian of Lula Emerson.

CENTRAL AND SOUTHWESTERN RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., August 19, 1882.

On and after SUNDAY, August 20, 1882, passenger trains on the Central and Southwesten railroads and branches will run as follows:

READ DOWN. READ DOWN.

No. 1.	From Savannah.	No. 3.
9 20 a m Lv	Savannah	Lv 7 15 p m
4 27 p m Ar	Augusta	Ar 5 20 a m
6 30 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 7 20 a m
3 00 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 50 p m
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 p m
7 11 a m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 20 p m
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 02 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m

No 13.	From Augusta.	No. 15
9 00 a m Lv	Augusta	Lv 8 00 p m
3 45 p m Ar	Savannah	Ar 7 15 a m
2 20 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 7 20 a m
6 30 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 50 p m
3 00 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 p m
7 11 a m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 20 p m
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 02 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m

No. 2.	From Macon.	No. 4.
7 10 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 7 35 p m
3 45 p m Ar	Savannah	Ar 7 15 a m
4 27 p m Ar	Augusta	Ar 5 20 a m
9 44 a m Ar	Milledgeville	Ar
11 30 a m Ar	Eatonton	Ar

No. 1.	From Macon.	No. 5.
9 15 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 8:30 p m
1 40 p m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 7 11 a m
4 02 p m Ar	Albany	Ar 4:40 a m

No. 3.	From Macon.	No. 13.
8 15 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 7 30 p m
1 40 p m Ar	Columbus	Ar 2 20 a m

No. 2.	From Macon.	No. 4.
8 00 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 8 15 p m
12 50 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 3 00 a m

No. 25.	From Macon.	
5 35 p m Lv	Macon	
8 35 p m Ar	Perry	

No 1	From Atlanta.	No 3
2 15 pm Lv	Atlanta	Lv 1 20 a m
6 55p m Ar	Macon	Ar 6 35 a m
7 11 a m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 2 40 p m
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 02 p m
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 27 p m
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m

No 4.	From Columbus.	No 14
11 50 a m Lv	Columbus	Lv 12 04 a m
5 10 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 6 50 a m
3 00 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 50 p m
7 11 am Ar	Eufaula	Ar 2 20 p m
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 02 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 27 p m
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m

No 2	From Eufaula.	
12 53 p m Lv	Eufaula	Lv 7 10 p m
4 02 p m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 40 a m
6 49 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 6 00 a m
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 12 4 p m
3 00 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 1 50 p m
	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
	Eatonton	Ar 11.30 a m
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 27 p m
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m

No 18.	From Albany.	No. 20
12 00 noon Lv	Albany	Lv 9 45 p m
4 20 p m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 7 11 a m
6 49 pm Ar	Macon	Ar 6 00 pm
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 a m
3 30 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 50 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 am
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 27 pm
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m

No. 17. From Eatonton and Milledgeville.		
2 15 p m Lv	Eatonton	
3 58 p m Lv	Milledgeville	
6 00 p m Ar	Macon	
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	
7 11 a m Ar	Eufaula	
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	
3 00 a m Ar	Atlanta	
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	

	From Perry.	No. 26.
	Perry	Lv 7 20 a m
	Macon	Ar 10 26 a m

Local sleeping Cars on all night trains between Savannah and Augusta, and Savannah and Atlanta and Macon and Albany.

CONNECTIONS.

Eufaula train connects at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines daily, (except Sunday.) The accommodation between Macon and Perry runs daily, (except Sunday).

The Albany and Blakely train runs daily between Smithville and Albany, and daily (except Sunday) between Albany and Blakely.

The Albany Accommodation train runs daily (except Monday) from Smithville to Albany, and daily (except Sunday) from Albany to Smithville.

At Savannah, with Savannah, Florida and Western Railway, at Augusta, with all lines to North and East, at Atlanta with Air-Line and Kennesaw routes to all points North, East and West.

Berths in Sleeping Cars can be secured at Schreiner's, 127 Congress street, Savannah, and at General Ticket office, Union Passenger Depot, Atlanta.

G. A. WHITEHEAD, General Pass. Agt. WILLIAM ROGERS, General Supt. Savannah.
J. C. SHAW, General Trav. Agt. W. F. SHELLMAN, Supt. S. W. R. R., Macon Ga.

NERVOUS DEBILITY
A CURE GUARANTEED.
DR. E C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATment: A specific for Hysteria, Dizziness Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases.
Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
Orders by Mail will receive Prompt Attention.
655 may1—d&wly

NOTICE!

TO CONTRACTORS

WE WILL SUB-LET TWENTY-TWO MILES OF the Georgia Pacific railroad from Anniston, Alabama, to Coosa river within the next twenty days. Profiles and specifications can be seen and information obtained by calling on Pat Lynch, at the office of Lynch & Lea, No 12 Loyd street, Atlanta, Ga., or James E. Lynch on the works near Anniston, Alabama.
418 aug13 dtf LYNCH & BRO. Contractors

LISTEN, LISTEN,
To the Words of Warning from One of South Carolina's Noblest Daughters.
Dr. V. R. Stone:
DEAR SIR—Please send me a half dozen bottles of your valuable APEPSIA. I have seen it do such remarkable cures in cases of Dyspepsia that I resolved to try it for sick headache. When I feel the headache coming on I take two teaspoonfuls of APEPSIA, which arrests the trouble immediately and puts a stop to my suffering. I wish I could convince the heads of every household that APEPSIA should always be kept on hand. I never intend being without it now that I find it as good for sick headache as it is for Dyspepsia. Hoping to receive your orders soon, I am yours respectfully,
KATE S. VILLARD,
Seminole, S. C.

APEPSIA!
The great scientific preparation will positively cure old chronic cases of Dyspepsia, Dyspeptic Fits, Dyspeptic Vertigo and Dyspeptic Consumption, where every other known medicine has failed to give relief. I refer with pleasure to the following gentlemen of Savannah, whose characters are irreproachable: Dr. J. H. Haltiwanger, Clarence S. Connerat, Captain George M. Weymouth. Price $1 per bottle. For sale by LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, and all retail druggists.
V. R. STONE, M.D.,
mar7—d&wly Philadelphia.

BELLEVUE HIGH SCHOOL,
BEDFORD CO., VIRGINIA.
ON N. & WEST'N R. R. 15 MILES WEST OF Lynchburg. For boys and young men. Full corps of teachers. Instruction thorough. Beautiful and healthy location. Liberal provision for comfort and improvement of pupils. Session opens 15th Sept. For Catalogue or special information address WILLIAM R. ABBOT, Principal, Bellevue P. O. July 9—d2m sun wed fri

HUMPHREYS CAS
BROKER
AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
STOCKS and BONDS
OFFICE,
No. 10 East Alabama St.
STOCKS AND BONDS FOR SALE.
apr29—dly head fin col

State Charter 1870.
BANK
OF THE
STATE OF GEORGIA.
ATLANTA, GA.
CASH CAPITAL....$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND....37,000.00
STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Accounts solicited. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Loans on good collaterals and No. 1 paper, always at reasonable rates.
july28—d&wly head fin col

FINANCE AND COMMERCE
BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 28, 1882.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked
Ga. 8s	125	126	Atlanta 6s	102	103
Ga. 6s	107	108	Augusta 7s	107	109
Ga. 7s	107	108	Augusta 6s	105	106
Ga. 7s. gold	115	116	Macon 6s	101½	102½
S. C. (Brown)	101	102	Rome, new	95	100
Savannah 5s	85	85¼	Columbus 7s	105	107
Atlanta 8s	115	117	Columbus 5s	80	82
Atlanta 7s	108	109			

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. R. 7s	110½	111	At. & Char. inc. 6s	84	86
Ga. R. 6s	103	104	Atlantic & G. con	107	108
W. & A. 10s	—	—			
Cent. R. 7s	110¾	111	E. T., V. & G. inc. 6s	45	47
C. C. & A. 1st	109	110			
At. & Char. 1st	107	108½			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	145	148	Central	100	100½
At. & Char	76	76¼	Aug. & Sav	118	118½
Southwestern	116	117	At. & W. P.	103	105
South Car	25	30	C. C. & A	54	54½

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, August 28—Noon—Stocks irregular. Money 3½. Exchange—Long 485¼; short 489. State Bonds unchanged. Governments quiet.

Evening—Exchange 485. Governments generally unchanged; new 5s 101⅛; 4½s 114⅝; 4s 119⅞. Money 4@5. State Bonds generally without feature.

Sub-treasury balances:
Coin....$85,831,000 Currency....$5,875,000

Stocks closed with some irregular but generally strong.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	82	Mem. & Char	58
do. Class A small	80	N. C., & St. Louis	61⅝
Ala. Class B 5s	101	N. Y. Central	132⅝
do. Class C 4s	81½	Pittsb'g F.W. & C	138
Chicago & N. W	144¼	Rich. & Alleghany	20
do. Preferred	167	Rich. & Dan	112
Erie	38¼	Rock Island	135½
East Tenn. R. R	10¾	S.C. con. brown	102
Ga. R. R		W. Pt. Terminal	69¾
Illinois Central	136	Wab., St. L. & Pac	35¾
Lake Shore	111½	do. Preferred	64⅝
Lou. & Nash	71⅝	Western Union	89⅛

*Offered.

PARIS, August 28—4:00 p.m.—Rentes 82f. 60c.

THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 28, 1882.

New York—The cotton market opened quiet this morning at a small advance, but during the day lost the advance and closed at about Saturday's closing quotations. Spots unchanged; middling 12 15-16c.

Net receipts for two days 7,590 bales, against 16,481 bales last year; exports 10,653 bales; last year 17,998 bales; stock 126,537 bales; last year 225,680 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
August	12.90@12.95	August	12.89@12.90
September	12.54@12.56	September	12.55@12.56
October	11.92@11.94	October	11.93@
November	11.72@11.74	November	11.72@11.73
December	11.73@11.74	December	11.72@11.73
January	11.81@11.82	January	11.80@11.81
February	11.92@11.94	February	11.92@11.93
March	12.04@12.05	March	12.03@12.05
April	12.16@12.17	April	12.15@12.17
May	12.27@12.29	May	12.26@12.27

Closed barely steady; sales 28,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed quiet and steady. Spots—Uplands 7⅛d; Orleans 7 5-16d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 4,900 bales were American; receipts 1,100; American 3,000.

The local market is quiet at quotations: middling 12⅛c; low middling 11⅞c; good ordinary 11c; ordinary 9½c.

NEW YORK, August 28—The Post's cotton market report says: "Future deliveries, up to 2 p.m., were very quiet and prices advanced 3-100 but lost 1-100, and sales were made at the third call of September at 12.55, October 11.93, December 11.73, January 11.81, June 12.38; August was offered at 12.92 and 12.92 was bid; short notice September was held at 13c and 12.85 was bid."

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 21—noon—Cotton steady; middling uplands 7⅛; middling Orleans 7-5-16; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 1,100 all American; uplands low middling clause August delivery 7 7-64; October and November delivery 6 44-64; January and February delivery 6 39-64; February and March delivery 6 41-64; May and June delivery 6 47-64; June and July delivery 6 49-64; futures opened quiet.

LIVERPOOL, August 28—4:00 p.m.—Sales of American 4,900; uplands low middling clause September and October delivery 6 59-64; December and January delivery 6 39 64; futures closed quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, August 28—Cotton quiet but firm; middling uplands 12 15-16; middling Orleans 13¼; sales 165 bales; net receipts 38; gross 335; consolidated net receipts 4,515; exports to Great Britain 7,841; to continent 243.

GALVESTON, August 28—Cotton quiet; middling 12¼; low middling 12; good ordinary 11⅜; net receipts 2,578 bales; gross 2,658; sales none; stock 4,128; exports coastwise 2,901.

NORFOLK, August 28—Cotton firm: middling 12¾; net receipts 289 bales; gross 289; sales 41; stock 291.

BALTIMORE, August 28—Cotton quiet; middling 12 15-16; low middling 12 9-16; good ordinary 11 3-16; net receipts 4 bales; gross 118; sales —; to spinners 25; stock 2,986; exports coastwise 6.

BOSTON, August 28—Cotton steady; middling 13¼; low middling 12⅝; good ordinary 12; net receipts —; gross 49 bales; sales none; stock 3,880.

WILMINGTON, August 28—Cotton steady; middling 12¾; low middling 11 13-16; good ordinary 10 15-16; net receipts none; gross none; sales none; stock 311 bales; exports coastwise 78.

PHILADELPHIA, August 28—Cotton quiet; middling 13⅛; low middling 12⅝; good ordinary 11⅞; net receipts 524 bales; gross 344; stock 8,687.

SAVANNAH, August 28—Cotton steady; middling 12⅛; low middling 11⅝; good ordinary 10⅝; net receipts 1,059 bales; gross 1,101; sales 535; stock 3,542; exports coastwise 132.

NEW ORLEANS, August 28—Cotton quiet; middling 12⅜; low middling 12¼; good ordinary 11¼; net receipts 191 bales; gross 319; sales 700; stock 10,771; exports to Great Britain 2,339.

MOBILE, August 28—Cotton quiet; middling 12⅛; good middling 12¼; good ordinary 11⅝; net receipts 14 bales; gross 14; sales 25; stock 704.

MEMPHIS, August 28—Cotton steady; middling 12¾; good middling 12⅞; good ordinary 11; net receipts 34 bales; gross 34; shipments 593; sales none; stock 1,921.

AUGUSTA, August 28—Cotton quiet; middling 12; low middling 11⅝; good ordinary 11¼; net receipts 73 bales; shipments none; sales 54.

CHARLESTON, August 28—Cotton quiet; middling 12¼; low middling 12; good ordinary 11½; net receipts 317 bales; gross 317; sales 50; stock 970; exports coastwise 136.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 28, 1882.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuation on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Closing
WHEAT.				
August	1 02	1 03	1 01¾	[illegible]
September	99¼	99⅝	98⅞	[illegible]
October	98¼	98⅝	97⅞	[illegible]
PORK				
September	21 85	22 00	21 75	21 97½
October	22 00	22 15	21 90	22 15
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
September	13 32½	13 40	13 32½	13 40
October	13 30	13 37½	13 30	13 37½

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, August 28—Flour—The market is quiet, and sales for some days past have been small; we quote fancy $6.75; extra family $6.50; family $6.00@$6.25. Wheat—Chicago—The market displayed a better feeling to-day, opening at about the closing quotations of Saturday but afterwards declined a fraction, closing at the highest points of the day. The local market is steady at the following prices: Tennessee No. 2 $1.10; better grades higher; Georgia wheat 90c@$1.00; better grades scarce and in demand at $1.00@$1.05. Corn—The market is very dull with stocks limited; choice white is held at $1.15; yellow $1.10. Meal—$1.05@$1.10; firm. Grits—$5.25@$5.50. Oats—50c; steady. Wheat bran—80@85.

NEW YORK, August 28—Flour, southern dull; common to fair extra $4.90@5.75; good to choice extra $5.80@$7.50. Wheat opened ¼@⅝c lower and heavy but subsequently became stronger and recovered most of the decline, closing very firm at the best prices of the day; No. 2 spring nominal; ungraded red $1.01@$1.14; No. 2 red $1.12¼@$1.12¾ certificates; $1.12¾@$1.13¼ delivered. Corn, cash lots quiet but firm; ungraded 86@91; No. 2 91 in store; 92½@92¾ delivered. Oats, cash lots unsettled and ½@3c lower; No. 3 50. Hops moderately active and very steady; eastern 41@48; New York 41@50; yearlings 20@25.

BALTIMORE, August 28—Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and western superfine $3.25@$3.75; extra $4.00@$4.75; family $5.00@$6.00; city mills superfine $3.00@$3.75; extra $4.00@$6.75; Rio brands $6.00. Wheat, southern easier, western quiet and steady, closing a shade easier; southern red $1.14; amber $1.15@$1.19; No. 2 western winter red spot $1.11¾@1.12. Corn, southern about steady; western dull; southern white 89; yellow 89. Oats dull and nominal; southern 48@52; red rust proof 40@45; western white 50@52; mixed 42@45.

CHICAGO, August 28—Flour steady; common to choice spring wheat $4.00@$4.60; fair to choice old winter wheats $5.00@$6.50; new $5.00@$5.50; low grades $3.00@$4.75; patents $7.50@$8.75. Wheat unsettled but generally lower; regular $1.02¼@$1.02½ August; 99¾ September. Corn unsettled and lower; 75¾@76 cash; 75@75¼ August; 74 September. Oats quiet but weak; 39¾ cash; 39¼@39⅝ August; 36¼@36⅝ September.

ST. LOUIS, August 28—Flour easier; family $4.25@$4.35; choice $4.85@$4.90. Wheat opened lower but advanced and closed about like Saturday; No. 2 red fall 96¾@97½ cash; 97 August; 97¾ September. Corn dull and lower; 74¾ bid cash and August 72¼ September. Oats dull and lower; 34½@34⅛ cash; 34⅝ August; 34⅛ September.

CINCINNATI, August 28—Flour strong; family $4.70@$5.00; fancy $5.25@$6.00. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red winter $1.01@$1.02 spot; $1.01½ September $1.02⅞ October. Corn weak; No. 2 mixed 71½ spot; 77½ September; 72¼@72¾ October. Oats weak; No. 2 mixed 40.

LOUISVILLE, August 28—Flour quiet; extra family $4.50@$4.75; fancy to choice $5.50@$6.25. Wheat in fair demand; No. 2 red winter 93@94. Corn in fair demand; No. 2 white 84@85; do. mixed 80@81. Oats in fair demand; No. 2 43.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, August 28—Coffee—Rio 9⅛@12½. Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 25@33. Sugars—Standard A 10@10¼; granulated 10¼@10¾; cut loaf 12; powdered 12; white extra C 10⅛; yellow C 8⅞@9¼; market about bare of New Orleans sugar. Molasses—Black strap, in barrels, 36. Syrup—Fair 45; prime 55; choice 60. Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan 40@$1.00; Imperial and gunpowder 45@80; Young Hyson 37@75; English breakfast 35@75. Pepper 19; allspice 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 10; mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.20@$1.25; mustard, best, 40; medium 18@25. Crackers—milk 9c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 9c; soda XX 6½c; do. XXX 7c; cream 9c; lemon 10c; molasses cakes 9½; ginger snaps 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 13c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $9.00; ½ bbls $4.50@$5.00; ¼ bbls $1.80@$2.25; kits 75; No. 2 ½ bbls $5.25@$5.50; kits 85; No. 1 ½ bbls $6.00@$6.25; kits $1.00. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 ⅌ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15½; no light weight on market. Matches—$3.00. Soda, in kegs, 4@5c; in boxes 5¼@5½c. Rice—scarce and high; choice 8c; prime 7⅝c; fair 7c.

NEW YORK, August 28—Coffee dull; Rio cargoes 8@11; job lots 8@12. Sugar steady and moderately active; fair to good refining 7⅛@7¼; refined in fair demand; standard A 8⅝@8¾; yellow C 7¼@7⅝; white extra C 8¼@8¾; yellow do. 7¼@7½; yellow 6⅞@7⅛; off A 8½@8⅝; mould A 9; confectioners A 8⅞; cut loaf 9⅞@9¾; crushed 9⅞; powdered 9¾@9⅞; granulated 9 3-16@9¼; Cubes 9½. Molasses steady and quiet; north side 50-test Cuba 31; refining 32@34; New Orleans 60@75. Rice quiet and firm; Carolina and Louisiana 5⅞@7¾; rangoon 5¼@5½.

BALTIMORE, August 28—Coffee dull; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair 8½@9¼. Sugar steady; A soft 9⅛.

CINCINNATI, August 28—Sugar weak; hards 9¾@10⅞; New Orleans 7¾@8¾.

Provisions.

NEW YORK, August 28—Pork very dull and prices about steady but without decided change; new mess spot $21.75@22.25 August $22.00@$22.10 September. Middles scarce and nominal; long clear 13¾. Lard fairly active with prices somewhat unsettled, closing a shade higher; prime steam spot 12.72½@12.80; September 12.70@12.75.

ATLANTA, August 28—The market shows increased firmness with stocks limited. Clear Rib Sides—scarce and in good demand; box lots on 30 days 14½c; loose 13¾c. Bacon—Smoked sides small and bright 13¾@14c; Tennessee hams 14@14½c; sugar-cured hams 16½c. Lard—Refined 14c; leaf 15½c.

CHICAGO, August 28—Pork unsettled but generally higher; $22 cash; $21.95 September. Lard dull and drooping; 12.42½@12.45 cash and September. Bulk meats in good demand and a shade higher; shoulders 10; short ribs 13.75; short clear 14⅛.

ST. LOUIS, August 28—Pork dull; jobbing at $22.35@$22.40. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 9.90; short rib 13¾; short clear 14½. Bacon irregular; shoulders 11@11¼; short rib 14⅝@14⅞; short clear 15¼@15⅝. Lard dull and nominal at 12.30.

LOUISVILLE, August 28—Provisions strong and in good demand. Mess pork $23.25. Bulk meats, shoulders 9⅜; clear rib 14; clear sides 14⅝. Bacon, shoulders 10½; clear rib 14¾; clear sides 15⅝. Sugar-cured hams 15. Lard, choice leaf 14.

BALTIMORE, August 28—Provisions firm; mess pork $23.75. Bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides packed 11@14¾. Bacon, shoulders 12; clear rib sides 15¾; hams 15¾@16¼. Lard, refined 14.

CINCINNATI, August 28—Pork stronger at $23.50. Lard firm at 12.35. Bulk meats strong; shoulders 9¾; clear rib 14. Bacon steady and firm; shoulders 10⅞; clear rib 15; clear sides 15½.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, August 28—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jaimaca $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, August 28—Whisky active and firm at $1.17; combination sales of finished goods of 7.5 barrels on a basis of $1.17.

BALTIMORE, August 28—Whisky steady at $1.19@$1.20.

ST. LOUIS, August 28—Whisky steady at $1.18

CHICAGO, August 28—Whisky steady at $1.19.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, August 28—Spirits turpentine dull at 41; rosin firm; $1.30 for strained; $1.45 for good strained; tar steady at $1.90; crude turpentine steady $1.25 for hards; $2.70 for yellow dip and virgin.

SAVANNAH, August 28—Rosin firm; D $1.60; E $1.65; F $1.75; G $1.85; H $1.90; I $2.00; K $2.10; M $2.40; N $2.62½; W G $3.12½; spirits turpentine quiet at 41.

CHARLESTON, August 28—Spirits turpentine lower; rosin steady; strained to good strained $1.40@$1.45.

NEW YORK, August 28—Rosin quiet and steady at $1.80@$1.95; turpentine dull and weak at 44.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, August 28—Eggs—20c. Butter—The market has been active for the past day or two, and, owing to light receipts, stocks are about exhausted, especially for the better grades; choice 22½@25c; other grades 16@20c. Sweet Potatoes—80c@$1.00 ⅌ bu. Poultry Stocks and receipts light; prices firm; hens 27@30c; roosters 22½@24c; chickens 16@22½c. Irish Potatoes—$2.00@$2.50 ⅌ barrel. Dried Fruit—Peaches—Peeled 10@16c; unpeeled 4c; apples 4c. Wax—20c. Onions—$2.00@$2.50 ⅌ bbl. Cabbage—None. Feathers—Choice 55; prime 50; no demand for econd-hand. Cheese—13¾@15¾.

BALTIMORE, August 28—Butter steady; western packed 14@20c; creamery 23@27. Eggs easy at 20c.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, August 28—With the exception of lemons, which are in fair request with stocks small, foreign fruits are dull. Lemons—Messina $6.00 ⅌ box. Oranges—None. Cocoanuts—None. Pineapples—Few on market. Bananas—$1.50@$2.50 per bunch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins, new ⅌ box $3.00; new London $3.25; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants 7½@8c. Cranberries—None. California Pears—$6.00@$7.00 ⅌ barrel. Citron—26@28. Almonds—22@23c. Pecans—16c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Active and firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 7c; Virginia 11c; roasted 1½c ⅌ lb extra.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, August 28—The market is quiet and dull with stocks limited; good mules and horses in fair request; we quote job lots as follows: mules, 14 hands high, $85@$105; 15 hands $125@$135. Horses, plug $65@$85; good driving and saddle $150@$200; The supply of live stock is moderate.

CINCINNATI, August 28—Hogs firm; common and light $6.00@$8.35; packing and butchers $7.75@$8.80.

OPIUM HABIT CURE. By B. M. WOOLLEY, Atlanta, Ga. Reliable evidence given, and reference to cured patients and physicians. Send for my book on The Habit and its Cure. Free.
nov25 deomly—fri tues &wky

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA RAILROAD.
GEORGIA DIVISION.

The Short Line Atlanta to Macon.---The Shortest Line to Florida.

Condensed Local Passenger Schedule, in Effect August 25th, 1882.

SOUTH. No. 1				NORTH. No. 2
7:40 a m	Leave	Dallas	Arrive	6:20 p m
8:45 a m	"	Powder Springs	"	5:15 p m
9:10 a m	"	Austell	"	4:50 p m
10:20 a m	Arrive	ATLANTA	Leave	3:40 p m
1:10 p m	Leave		Arrive	1:10 p m
3:02 p m	"	McDonough	"	11:26 a m
4:00 p m	"	Jackson	"	10:28 a m
4:18 p m	"	Indian Spring	"	10:10 a m
6:30 p m	Arrive	MACON	Leave	8:00 a m
7:50 p m	Leave		Arrive	7:00 a m
9:39 p m	"	Cochran	"	5:08 a m
10:28 p m	"	Eastman	"	4:13 a m
11:25 p m	"	McRae	"	3:12 a m
1:15 a m	"	Baxley	"	1:17 a m
2:40 a m	Arrive	JESUP	Leave	11:45 p m
3:00 a m	Leave		Arrive	11:00 p m
4:45 a m	"	Sterling	"	9:10 p m
5:35 a m	Arrive	BRUNSWICK	Leave	8:30 p m
		S., F. & W. R'y.		
3:00 a m	Leave	Jesup	Arrive	11:25 p m
4:30 a m	"	Waycross	"	9:40 p m
7:20 a m	"	Callanan	"	6:45 p m
8:10 a m	Ar.	JACKSONVILLE, Fla.	Lv.	5:35 p m
No. 4				No. 3
....	Leave	Dallas	Arrive	....
....	"	Powder Springs	"	....
....	"	Austell	"	....
....	Arrive	ATLANTA	Leave	....
....	Leave		Arrive	....
....	"	McDonough	"	....
....	"	Jackson	"	....
....	"	Indian Springs	"	....
....	Arrive	MACON	Leave	....
3:40 p m	Leave		Arrive	8:50 a m
1:35 p m	"	Cochran	"	10:35 a m
12:10 p m	"	Eastman	"	11:30 a m
11:00 a m	"	McRae	"	1:00 p m
8:55 a m	"	Baxley	"	3:20 p m
Leave	Arrive	JESUP	Leave	Arrive
7:15 a m	Leave		Arrive	5:10 p m
....	"	Sterling	"	....
....	Arrive	BRUNSWICK	Leave	....

Trains Nos 1 and 2, between Dallas and Macon, run daily, except Sundays. Trains Nos 3 and 4, between Macon and Jesup, run daily, except Sundays. Other trains run daily.

Trains to and from Hawkinsville connect with main line trains at Cochran.

Trains arrive Macon, both south and north, in time to connect with trains for all diverging points. Trains north arrive Atlanta in time to connect with all trains for north, east and west.

J E MALLORY, Assistant Sup't, Macon. M N BEATY, Assistant Sup't, Atlanta.
W V McCRACKEN, Superintendent, Atlanta.
J J GRIFFIN, A G P A, Atlanta. JAS R OGDEN, Gen'l Pass Agent.

SUMMER RESORTS

WASHINGTON HOTEL
707, 709 & 711 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Pa.
R. W. FARR, MANAGER.

THIS HOTEL, WITH ITS DESIRABLE LOCATION, and noted for its large and well ventilated rooms and house comfort, with a cuisine unsurpassed, makes it especially agreeable for transient or permanent visitors to Philadelphia. Rates $2.50 per day. Liberal terms to permanent guests.
167 aug 6—d1mo

Collier's McIntosh House,
INDIAN SPRING.
GEORGE AND WHIT COLLIER, Proprietors.

THIS CELEBRATED SUMMER RESORT OF health and pleasure is now open and prepared better than ever to meet the wants of guests. The hotel has undergone thorough renovation and offers new attractions for the comfort and entertainment of visitors. Attentive servants and the culinary departments are made especial features.

A splendid band has been engaged to furnish music during the season.

The Springs are now placed within less than two hours ride of Macon by means of the new extension of the Macon and Brunswick railroad. An elegant omnibus will convey passengers from the train to the hotel.

Information as to rates of board can be learned by addressing either
GEORGE COLLIER, Indian Spring, Ga.,
or WHIT COLLIER, Macon, Ga.
The trains now run regularly. july19—tf

$10 $20 $50 $100 SUCCESS ASSURED.
Our well tried plan of speculating in GRAIN, STOCKS, &c., secures to small and medium traders all the advantage and protection of the largest operator. Average monthly profit paid the past year, over 40 per cent. Particulars by mail free.
CUDWORTH & CO., 89 Randolph St, Chicago, Ill.
We want a good, responsible Agent in every town.
june27—dly tues thur sat fin pg

THE SILICATE PAINT CO.
"CHARLTON WHITE."
(ORR'S PATENT,) SUPERSEDING WHITE Lead, Zinc and all other poisonous white pigments hitherto in use. Also
"Duresco or Solution of Silica."
A real remedy for damp buildings, and the best preparation for the preservation of STONE, BRICK, Plaster and CEMENT, protecting them from the effects of atmospheric influences and arresting decay.
Descriptive lists and particulars to be had on application to HOWARD FLEMING, Sole Agt U. S., New York, or A. P. TRIPOD, 13 S Broad St, Atlanta, Ga. 409 july9—d3m

FOR FENCE OR STOCK LAW

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 25th, 1882—Notice is hereby given that, under an act of the general assembly of said state, approved September 29th, 1881, a petition has been filed in this office by as many as fifteen freeholders, and more, of the 722d district, G. M., known as Buck Head district, in said county, for the benefit of sections 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453 and 1454 of the revised code of Georgia, known as the "Stock Law," in said district, and that after this notice has been published for twenty days, an election will be ordered in said district, in which the question "For Fence" or "Stock Law" will be submitted to the lawful voters therein. Fifteen days' notice will be given of said election.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.
aug26—20d

INCREASE
YOUR CAPITAL.
$10 $20 WHEAT $50 STOCKS $100

Those desiring to make money on small and medium investments in grain, provisions and stock speculations, can do so by operating on our plan. From May 1st, 1881, to the present date, on investments of $10.00 to $1,000, cash profits have been realized and paid to investors amounting to several times the original investment, still leaving the original investment making money or payable on demand. Explanatory circulars and statements of fund W sent free. We want responsible agents, who will report on crops and introduce the plan. Liberal commissions paid. Address, FLEMMING & MERRIAM, Commission Merchants, Major Block, Chicago, Ill.
apr6—dly mark or fin pg

WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY
WHEAT & HODGE, OFFICE AND FACTORY 531 and 533 Marietta street, Atlanta. Manufacturers and proprietors of the Wheat patent
Self-Feeding, Rip and Re-Saw Machine.
This excellent SAW defies competition in the Wonderful Accuracy, as well as SPEED and VARIETY of its work. It runs light and noiseless; frame is heavy and well braced; mandrel and shafts large boxes all heavy, connected and well babbitted; friction feed gear is stopped, slowed or speeded independent of saw, and saw is speeded or slowed as desired. Georgia pine, white pine, oak or hickory (green or dry) are all cut alike; and for bevel siding and re-sawing lumber of any width or thickness to the finest light work, this is the only complete saw made. One boy can adjust and run it and do better and double the work of two men with any other machine. Price $125 to $175, owing to size and number of saws. Also other machines for special work made to order, and
Cordesman & Fagan's Machinery
supplied on liberal terms at factory prices and low freight guaranteed. All machines tested before leaving factory and all warranted. Engines and boilers also for sale. Information cheerfully given, and we beg to be given an opportunity before orders are sent north for machinery.
WHEAT & HODGE,
aug16—dly Atlanta, Ga

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS PACIFIC RAILWAY TIME CARD.
IN EFFECT AUGUST, 1882.

Cincinnati Southern Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP	
12 50 nt	2 40 pm	Lv Atlanta Ar	1 40 pm	3 58 am
1 40 am	3 28 pm	" Marietta "	12 47 m	3 10 am
2 46 am	4 30 pm	" Cartersv. "	11 42 am	2 08 am
3 14 am	4 55 pm	" Dalton "	11 15 am	1 41 am
4 47 am	6 34 pm	" Kingston "	9 46 am	12 16 nt
6 04 am	7 42 pm	" Boyce "	8 26 am	11 05 pm
5 45 am	7 30 pm	" Chattan. "	8 30 am	10 25 pm
7 50 am	9 35 pm	" Sp'g City "	6 40 am	8 23 pm
8 40 am	10 08 pm	" Rockwood "	6 06 am	7 50 pm
12 40 m	1 52 am	" Pt Burnsd "	2 36 am	3 40 pm
1 05 pm	2 15 am	" Somerset "	2 20 am	3 00 pm
2 32 pm	3 35 am	" Junc. City "	12 57 nt	1 26 pm
2 42 pm	3 44 am	" Danville "	12 47 nt	1 16 pm
3 11 pm	4 11 am	" Hi Bridge "	12 23 nt	12 47 m
3 33 pm	4 33 am	" Nicholsv. "	12 05 nt	12 25 m
4 05 pm	5 05 am	" Lexingt'n "	11 40 pm	12 00 m
4 30 pm	5 26 am	" Georget'n "	11 10 pm	11 28 am
7 00 pm	7 40 am	Ar Cincin'ati Lv	8 40 pm	8 45 am

Lookout Mountain Line.

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
8 00 am	6 42 pm	Lv N. Orl'ns Ar	9 22 am	11 15 pm
....	12 05 nt	Lv Mobile Ar	4 00 am	....

Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP	
....	8 35 am	Lv Monroe Ar	5 35 pm	....
....	2 10 pm	" Delta "	12 00 m	....
....	2 40 pm	Ar Vicksb'g Lv	11 30 am	....

Vicksburg & Meridian Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
....	8 00 pm	Lv Vicksb'g Ar	6 20 am	....
....	10 43 pm	" Jackson "	3 55 am	....
....	11 28 pm	" Brandons "	2 58 am	....
....	1 44 am	" Forest "	12 50 nt	....
....	4 45 am	Ar Meridian Lv	10 20 pm	....

Alabama Great Southern Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
....	5 30 am	Lv Meridian Ar	10 00 pm	....
....	7 04 am	" Livingst'n "	8 27 pm	....
....	9 57 am	" Tusc'loosa "	5 33 pm	....
....	12 21 m	" Birm'ham "	3 13 pm	....
....	2 50 pm	" Attalla "	12 55 m	....
....	6 30 pm	Ar Chattan. Lv	9 00 am	....

Cincinnati Southern Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
....	7 30 pm	Lv Chattan. Ar	8 30 am	....
....	9 35 pm	Ar Sp'g City "	6 40 am	....
....	4 11 am	" Hi Bridge "	12 23 nt	....
....	5 00 am	" Lexingt'n "	11 40 pm	....
....	7 40 am	" Cincin'ati Lv	8 40 pm	....

John Scott, Vice-President and General Manager, Cincinnati, Ohio.
E P Wilson, General Ticket and Passenger Agent, Cincinnati Southern Railway, Cincinnati, Ohio.
H Collbran, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Alabama Great Southern Railroad, Chattanooga, Tenn.
J Hardy, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Vicksburg and Meridian Railroad, Vicksburg, Mississippi.
James F McGuire, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railroad, Monroe, Louisiana.
R H Garratt, General Agent, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
H M Cottingham, General Southern Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
Reau Campbell, General Traveling Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

—THE—
RICHMOND & DANVILLE LINE
72 MILES SHORTER
Than any Existing Route
TO WASHINGTON AND THE EAST
350 MILES SHORTER
—THAN—
ANY ROUTE VIA CINCINNATI.

Schedule in Effect May 21st, 1882.	Express, 51.	Mail, 53.
Leave Atlanta via R & D R R	2 40 p m	4 00 a m
" Toccoa " "	7 10 p m	8 18 a m
" Greenville " "	10 08 p m	11 04 a m
Arrive Charlotte " "	3 15 a m	4 00 p m
Leave Charlotte " "	4 00 a m	4 40 p m
" Salisbury " "	5 53 a m	6 24 p m
Arrive Greensboro " "	8 00 a m	8 20 p m
" Danville " "	10 17 a m	10 12 p m
Arrive N. Danville " "	10 20 a m	10 15 p m
Lve N Danville via Va M R R	10 40 a m	10 30 p m
" Lynchburg " "	2 10 p m	12 55 a m
" Charlottesville, " "	4 40 p m	3 10 a m
Arrive Washington " "	9 25 p m	7 40 a m
Lve N. Danville via R & D RR	10 35 a m	11 00 p m
" Burkeville " "	2 15 p m	4 22 a m
Arr Belle Isle " "	4 20 p m	7 12 a m
" Richmond " "	4 30 p m	7 20 a m
Lve Richmond via R, F & P R R	5 00 p m	8 00 a m
Arr Washington via A & F R R	9 50 p m	1 10 p m
Lve Washington via B & P R R	10 20 p m	1 30 p m
" Baltimore, P, W & B RR	11 55 p m	3 05 p m
Arr Philadelphia, P W & B R R	3 30 a m	6 30 p m
" New York via Penn R R	6 50 a m	9 35 p m
Boston	3 55 p m	7 45 a m

Arrangement of Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
—VIA—
Charlotte, Danville & Lynchburg
On 53—Through Sleeper Charlotte to Washington without change.
On 51—Through Sleeper Atlanta to New York without change.
—VIA—
Charlotte, Danville and Richmond
On 51—Through Sleeper Atlanta to Danville and Richmond to New York.
On 53—Sleeper Charlotte to Richmond.

T. M. R. TALCOTT, General Manager. M. SLAUGHTER, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent. W. J. HOUSTON, Assistant G. P. A.
May 5th, 1882. 868 feb26—dly

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER, AUGUSTA, GA., July 1, 1882.

Commencing Sunday, 2d instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

NO. 2 EAST DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta -	8 20 am	L've Augusta -	10 30 am
Ar. Athens - -	4 00 pm	" Macon -	7 10 am
" Washington -	2 55 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Camak - -	1 57 pm	" Camak -	12 29 am
" Milledg'v'e -	4 48 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 20 am
Ar. Macon - -	6 45 pm	" Athens -	9 45 am
" Augusta -	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	5 45 pm

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION. (Daily, Except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta -	6 00 pm	L've Covington	5 40 am
Ar. Covington -	8 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	8 00 am

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION. (Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta -	12 30 pm	L've Decatur -	2 00 pm
Ar. Decatur -	1 00 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	2 30 pm
NO 4 EAST DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta -	8 45 pm	L've Augusta -	8 50 pm
Ar. Athens -	8 30 am	" Athens -	6 00 pm
Ar. Augusta -	6 30 am	Ar. Atlanta -	6 40 am

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at any regular scheduled Flag Station.
Close connection to and from Washington on Sundays.
Connects at Augusta for all points East and North-East.
Superb Improved SLEEPERS to Augusta. PULLMAN SLEEPERS Augusta to Washington, D. C.
Only one change Atlanta to New York.
JOHN W. GREEN, General Manager. E. R. DORSEY, General Pass. Agent

—THE—
GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
Superintendent's Office,
ATLANTA, GA., July 22d, 1882.

ON AND AFTER JULY 22d, THE FOLLOWING schedule will take effect between Atlanta and Villa Rica:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

No. 1.	a. m.	No. 2.	
Leave Atlanta	7:30	Lve Villa Rica	11:40 a m
Arrive Villa Rica	10:25	Arrive Atlanta	2:15 p m

Trains will arrive at and depart from the Georgia Pacific Railway Depot grounds in Atlanta
W. J. HOUSTON, General Passenger Agent. I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent.

DR HARTER'S
Endorsed and recommended by the medical profession, for Dyspepsia, General Debility, Female Diseases, Want of Vitality, Nervous Prostration, and Convalescence from Fevers, &c.

GENTLEMEN: I was suffering from general debility to such an extent that my labor was exceedingly burdensome to me. A vacation of a month did not give me much relief, but on the contrary, was followed by increased prostration and sinking chills. At this time I began the use of your IRON TONIC, from which I realized almost immediate and wonderful results. The old energy returned and I found that my natural force was not permanently abated. I have used three bottles of the Tonic. Since using it I have done twice the labor that I ever did in the same time during my illness, and with double the ease. With the tranquil nerve and vigor of body, has come also a clearness of thought never before enjoyed. If the Tonic has not done the work, I know not what. I give it the credit. J. P. WATSON, Pastor Christian Church, Troy, O.

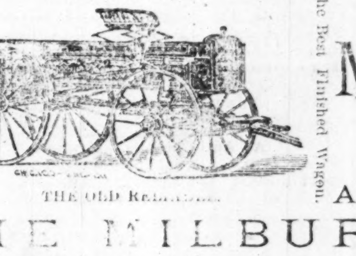
The Iron Tonic is a preparation of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark, and Phosphates, associated with the Vegetable Aromatics. It serves every purpose where a Tonic is necessary.
IRON TONIC.
MANUFACTURED BY THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., NO. 213 NORTH MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS

JACK & HOLLAND,
STEAM CANDY AND CRACKER MANUFACTURERS,
Wholesale Confectioners and Fancy Grocers,
No. 36 WHITEHALL STREET, : : : Office, up-stairs.

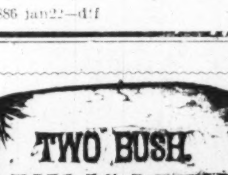
CRACKER, STICK CANDY, FANCY CANDIES—(PRESSED DROPS AND LUMPS, LOZENGES, Gum Drops, Imperials, Rock Candy, Caramels and Cocoanut Candies), CHEWING GUM, NUTS, PEANUTS, RAISINS, PRESERVES AND JELLIES, BRANDY FRUITS, CANNED FRUITS, CANNED VEGETABLES, OYSTERS, SARDINES, LOBSTERS, MACKEREL, SALMON, TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, ROASTED COFFEES, GREEN AND BLACK TEAS, SPICES, PICKLES (in Glass and Wood), CIDER (in Kegs, Barrels and Bottles), BAKING POWDER, SODA, POTASH, SOAP, STARCH, CANDLES, CANDY JARS (all sizes), CRACKERS and CANDY CASES (Tin and Paper, with Glass Fronts,)

WALNUT AND METAL SHOW CASES
IN ENDLESS VARIETY, AT NEW YORK AND CINCINNATI PRICES.
881 july23—d&w3m

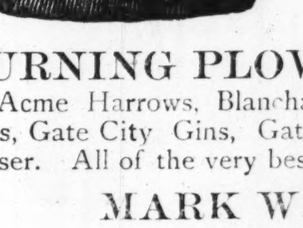
MILBURN WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, ETC.

BUY THE BEST.

31 Years on the Market. The Best Finished Wagon.
THE OLD RELIABLE.

SOUTHERN BRANCH
MILBURN WAGON CO.
LIBRARY BUILDING,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE MILBURN WAGON
Is made of the best of timber of thoroughly seasoned lumber, and by Fairly Paid Honest Workmen. No Convict Labor. A large stock of every size and variety can always be found at
NOS 39, 41 AND 43 DECATUR STREET.
ALSO, AT SAME PLACE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, PHAETONS,
—AND—
SPRING WAGONS
IN THE CITY. Come and see us before purchasing. SPECIAL PRICES TO THE TRADE.
H. L. ATWATER.
General Agent and Manager Southern Branch.
886 jan22—d1f

SEEDS, MACHINERY, ETC.



FIELD SEEDS,
ALL VARIETIES,
DALLAS WHEAT,
GEORGIA RYE,
GEORGIA BARLEY
TURNING PLOWS, SULKEY PLOWS,
Acme Harrows, Blanchard Churns, Swing Churns, Eagle Gins, Gate City Gins, Gate City Cotton Cleaner and Condenser. All of the very best and the very LOWEST PRICES.
MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.
27 Marietta Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar12—dly

AMERICA STILL FURTHER AHEAD!
WILLIMANTIC
THE BEST THREAD FOR SEWING MACHINES.
Six Cord Soft Finish Spool Cotton,
Awarded all the Honors at the
ATLANTA
International Cotton Exposition, 1881,
—FOR—
"THE BEST THREAD for MACHINE and HAND SEWING."
Two Gold Medals and the Grand Prize.
1070 july30—d6m

MEDICAL.

SHIPWRECK! TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE!!

Mother and daughter go down together. A lovely maiden leaps into eternity! Wives and husbands, sons and daughters are wrecked and lost. Many sad hearts are left to mourn the loss. A husband lost his wife and daughter, a young man lost his betrothed.

A contemplation of these horrible "wrecks" work wonderfully upon the mind. The thought makes one feel sad. The strain upon delicate female nerves is too great. A married lady of our acquaintance was so wrought upon mentally that she became low-spirited and sad, lost her appetite, refused food, became feeble and emaciated, nervous and fretful. Her friends insisted that she should not think of these "wrecks" so much, but she insisted that she was sick in reality, and took her bed. She soon had aches and pains, and worked herself into a net-work of female troubles, which eventually ended in chronic female weaknesses and excesses and death.

Another case in point was that of a young lady. She had lost a friend and soon became melancholy and nervous, could not sleep soundly, her memory began to fail her, she lost all desire for company, her brain lost its brilliancy, her eye its luster, her cheeks became pale, complained of constant headache, and finally fell a victim to a list of female troubles, hysterics, palpitations, delirium, convulsions, and death.

These cases are of every day occurrence, and these "wrecks" upon female society are frightful. They should be remedied, and there is a remedy within the reach of all, and it is your duty to apply it.

No one need complain, for dr. dromgoole's english female bitters will cure all such. A book is published giving details of all these "wrecks." Send your name to j. p. dromgoole and co., louisville, ky., and get one *free.*

Try BAILEY'S SALINE APERIENT for headache and constipation pleasant and effectual.
may20—dly sat tues thur & wly no3

CITY NEWS.

THE REGULAR RECORD OF CURRENT LOCAL EVENTS.

The Day's Doing in Public Offices—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and Hotels—Capitol Jottings—Real Estate Operations—Improvements—Gossip of all Kinds.

The mule market was brisk yesterday.

The hotels are all doing a fine business.

Forsyth street is soon to be paved from end to end.

There were four interments in Oakland yesterday.

The ward physicians report the city in a healthy condition.

The city chain gang is fifty-one strong, and is growing every day.

The drives were crowded yesterday and livery men were happy.

Workmen are putting down a pavement on Wheat and Collins streets.

The watermelon crop is about gone and the average darkey is unhappy.

The McCay banquet will occur Thursday night at the Markham house.

Several of Atlanta's leading merchants have gone east for their fall stocks.

Buckhead district is petitioning for a fence law election to be ordered.

Officer Moss yesterday arrested Jim Tanks who is wanted in Walton county.

Captain Bagby arrested a quartette of negro gamblers near the cemetery Sunday.

Officers Mercer and Brenning arrested William Bullock on suspicion yesterday.

The Lexington, Ky., excursion, which leaves this afternoon, will be a big one.

Mayor English makes a good recorder. He mingles humor and kindness with justice.

The police had quite a busy day yesterday, and an even dozen charges of suspicion were booked.

A meeting will be held at the capitol tonight to organize a Ben Hill monumental association.

Be sure and go to the ice cream festival at Mission chapel, corner Fair and Walker streets, to-night.

Albert Duncen, Gus Vanzant, Bernard Callaway and Sessie Green are in the calaboose, charged with suspicion.

An effort is being made to have all the churches unite in the thanksgiving services Thursday, and have one grand meeting.

The party which is to visit the State fair at Lexington, Kentucky, will take a special car on the train via Cincinnati Southern, leaving Atlanta at 2:40 this afternoon.

The improvements which have been going on at 54 and 56 Whitehall street are about completed, and the result is one of the handsomest stores in the city. It is to be occupied by M. Rich & Bro.

The members of the Musical Union band held an enthusiastic meeting last night and elected Professor Wiedemeyer leader, to fill the vacancy caused by Professor Soule's sudden exit from the city.

A Trial for Murder.

Yesterday was the day set for the beginning of the trial of Tobe Turner, at Greenville, Meriwether county. Turner is charged with the murder of a man named Shuttles.

Before the Commissioner.

Yesterday Gus Hammell, a Fulton county citizen, was before Commissioner W. B. Smith charged with selling whisky without license. He was sent to jail in default of $100 bond, to await trial by the district court.

Wenona Cold Water Temple.

To-night, at Good Templars' hall, Wenona Cold-Water Temple will celebrate its twelfth anniversary. An entertaining programme has been arranged for the evening. The public generally has been invited to attend.

Receiving Stolen Goods

Cordelia Moore and Lizzie Moore, two negro women were yesterday calaboosed by Officers Gloer and McWilliams upon the charge of receiving stolen goods. It was in their house that Mrs. Abbott's clothing and silver were found.

Assault and Battery.

Captain Crim yesterday arrested Fannie Powell upon a warrant charging her with assault and battery. Saturday Fannie went to a picnic at Decatur, and while there attempted to clean out the crowd. She succeeded in whipping one darkey who swore out the warrant.

After Convicts.

Mr. William Turner, of the penitentiary department, left yesterday for Eastman, where he will take in charge four of the Eastman rioters, who have been tried and sentenced to life-time imprisonment in the penitentiary. They will pass through Atlanta Wednesday.

Will Not Accept.

Mr. W. A. Bass, who was elected by the board of commissioners of roads and revenues to fill the unexpired term of Judge Clark Howell, deceased, has announced that owing to his connection with the Boys' high school, as principal, and the consequent demand for his entire time, he cannot serve on the board. So that another election will have to take place.

A New Tabernacle.

At the Sunday school celebration Saturday, a committee consisting of Messrs. J. C. Kimball, John H. James, W. A. Hemphill, John M. Green, J. W. Harle and Thomas Moore, was appointed to solicit subscriptions with which to erect a tabernacle at some convenient place at which the children's day celebration can be held. It is thought that the tabernacle will cost about $15,000.

A Painful Accident.

Sunday afternoon Walter Shivers, the ten year old son of Mr. T. I. Shivers, who resides at 152 West Hunter street, met with a peculiar and painful accident which is giving him a great deal of pain. He and a young companion were playing in the hallway of Master Walter's home, when his associate pushed him down. In falling his left arm was under his body and his arm was badly fractured at the elbow. Dr. Roach rendered the necessary surgical attention.

After the Mail Robbers.

A telegram from Rocky Mount, North Carolina, to Chief Post-office Inspector John Frey, states that at that place on yesterday Post-office Inspector Booth and Lund arrested Postmaster Pennington, charged with rifling registered packages passing through that office. Pennington's peculations extend back only about a month, but in that time he is said to have stolen over $2,000, most of which was money order funds. The inspectors say the evidence is conclusive.

Changing Their Base.

Fred Krogg, who has been an engineer on the Air-Line road for years past, has tendered his resignation, which has been accepted, and is now handling the throttle on the Macon and Brunswick. Tom Shivers has also severed his connection with the Air-Line and is now running a passenger engine on the Western and Atlantic. Both of these gentlemen are trained and skilled engineers, having devoted years to the study of the avocation which they pursue. They are both reliable, intelligent artists in their line.

Tanner's Tournament.

Yesterday was a lively day at Justice Tanner's court. The Rev. Lewis Elder, a colored minister, was up on a charge of stealing watermelons. He was sent to jail in default of bond. Celia Moore and Lizzie Moore were sent to jail to await trial on a charge of receiving stolen goods. Katie Clark, colored, was up on a charge of stealing three or four hundred dollars from a gentleman named G. W. Harrison. It appears that Katie was in the gentleman's room on Decatur street and by some means escaped with the money and his vest.

Stealing Sacks.

For some time past Messrs. Kenner, Tibbs & Co., on Mitchell street, have observed that their pile of sacks had been growing gradually less day by day. Soon they became satisfied that the reduction was the result of a thief, and after several well laid plans had failed to discover the man the case was given to Officer Brenning, who yesterday secured enough evidence against James Cato, a negro man, to warrant his arrest upon the charge of larceny. Cato is now in the calaboose, and the stolen sacks are there as evidence against him.

Postal Changes.

The post-office at Harris, Douglas county, has been discontinued and the mail will hereafter go to Douglasville.

Wolf Wolfson has been appointed postmaster at Hood, Ga.; Richard P. Craft at Craftsville, Ga; Martin F. Wells at Haides, Ga.

The following change is made in the schedule from York to Welborn's Mills: Leave Welborn's Mills Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7 a.m.; arrive at Perry by 11 a.m. Leave Perry Wednesdays and Saturdays 1 p.m.; arrive at Welborn's Mills by 5 p.m.

Nearly a Riot.

Sunday afternoon as a car on the Gate City line neared Angier's springs, a large crowd of negroes who wanted to come to the city began rushing upon the platforms before those who were in the car could get out. In the rush for seats white ladies and children were badly crushed and crowded. One gentleman was so badly pushed that he undertook to relieve himself by attempting to knock a negro man out of the way. The darkey resented it and a fight ensued, which was only quited by the use of Officer Stroud's club over the negro's head.

A Quartette of Lunatics.

Robert H. Smith, white, Fannie Luckie, Sophronia Smith, colored, and Millie Adamson, colored, were before Ordinary Calhoun yesterday on writs of lunacy. The last named individual imagines that she is proprietress of vast estates of various sorts. The evidence against the quartette was conclusive and they were all sent to jail to await an opening in the asylum for the insane. The legislature nearly a year ago appropriated $165,000 for the enlargement of the asylum, but there is still much difficulty in getting admission for patients.

An Accident.

Yesterday Mr. Mike Bowden received a telegram from Paris, Kentucky, announcing that his brother, Mr. Pat Bowden, had been accidentally hurt and his death might result from the injury. He left on the Western and Atlantic train for Paris. Soon after his departure another dispatch was received announcing that his brother was out of danger. The last dispatch was sent to Mr. Bowden by Mr. H. M. Patterson, in care of the train conductor at Marietta. Mr. Bowden continued his journey, however. Neither of the dispatches stated the nature of the accident.

BRADSTREET BUDGET.

A List of Failures for the Past Week—The Southern Ones Specified.

There were 132 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the past week, 16 less than the preceding week, and 53 more than the corresponding week last year. The middle states had 25, an increase of 5; New England states 15, a decrease of 8; southern states 19, a decrease of 3; western states 39, a decrease of 19; California and the territories 34, an increase of 9. Canada and the provinces 8, a decrease of 1. The only failures of importance were Louis Wollstein & Co., manufacturers cloaks, New York city; James S. Woodward's Sons, cotton yarns, Philadelphia, and the Santa Ana Valley bank, at Santa Ana, Cal. In the principal trades they were as follows: Grocers 23; liquors 17; general traders 13; hardware 11; clothing 7; shoes 6; manufacturers 6; fancy goods 4; dry goods 3; hats 3; produce and provisions 3; tobacco and cigars 2.

In three southern states the failures were:

GEORGIA.

Atlanta—Mrs. F. A. Ragland, grocer, has assigned. A mortgage for $800 was foreclosed; other liabilities $500; assets small.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Lowell—The liabilities of the Woodlawn manufacturing company, warps, yarns, etc., which assigned July 15, are about $40,000; nominal assets, $68,000; actual assets, $35,000; preferred claims, $20,000. The liabilities of the Lawrence manufacturing company, which also assigned, are $67,000; nominal assets, $88,000; actual assets, $61,900; preferred claims, $16,000.

TENNESSEE.

Chattanooga.—G. W. Dash, merchant tailor, is in the hands of the sheriff.

Memphis.—Louis Dush, stoves and tinware has assigned. Liabilities $21,000; actual assets about $10,000

Memphis.—Richard Masters, saloon, has assigned. Liabilities about $3,000.

UP THEY GO.

Confederate Bonds Again in Demand and What They Bring.

"No, I cannot assign any reason for the new and recent demand for confederate bonds. I only know that I am paying six dollars per thousand for small lots," was Mr. John H. James's reply to a reportorial question flung at him by a CONSTITUTION representative yesterday.

"But for whom are you buying these dead securities?"

"For persons in Europe. The market has been nearly exhausted but the demand still goes on. As I have said I can assign no reason for the late demand unless it is being started by persons who are heavily loaded and who want to disgorge. You remember there was quite a demand for these bonds some months ago and they reached, you may say, astonishingly high prices before the decline was reached. Several buyers accumulated large sums and it may be that this demand has been started by them so that they may unload."

"You say you are paying ——"

"Six dollars a thousand to day, but I have not made a single purchase this morning. Saturday I paid four and a half and five. Last week they sold in Charleston as high as eight dollars and may advance still, but I don't believe it."

"And you can't assign any cause for the demand?"

"None except what I have given you. You know, however, that there are always fools in the world who are willing to invest their money in anything, and it may be that this craze is something of that kind. However, you may rest assured that I will buy all I can sell at the full market value."

The reporter visited the Messrs. Haas.

"What are you paying for confederate bonds?"

"In small lots about five dollars per thousand. Have you any to sell?"

"No. But what is the reason of this second demand?"

"Don't know."

"CARRY ME BACK"

Is the Song Professor Soule Now Sings—The Story of His Default.

No little sensation was created in the city Sunday by the announcement of the clandestine departure of Prof. Jule Soule, the leader and instructor of the Atlanta musical union cornet band. And when it became known that quite a sum of money, several musical instruments and about one hundred dollars worth of music belonging to the band had disappeared with him the sensation was in no wise diminished but rather enhanced. It appears from remarks made by the professor for some time past, that he has been contemplating a departure from Atlanta, but it was not thought that he would glide away with the goods and chattels of those who gave him his bread in Atlanta, the place of his abode since April last. But he did. One day last week the professor called upon Mr. C. McCady, manager of the Estey organ company in this city and told him that he had an offer in New Orleans, and that he was thinking of leaving for that city soon. In his conversation with Mr. Cady, the professor acknowledged himself indebted to different parties in Atlanta but said that he would cancel these obligations as soon as his revenue in his new field of labor would permit. On Saturday evening last the professor made good his threat to shake Atlanta, and at 2:45 left on the Western and Atlantic passenger train. However, instead of starting for New Orleans, he held tickets for Cincinnati, Ohio. Soon after his departure some member of the band visited the band-room and ascertained that three fine instruments and about $100 worth of music were gone. Their absence caused him to make some inquiry, whereby it was ascertained that the professor was non est. Before long every member of the band was apprised of these facts, and a council of war was held. Little by little the light dawned upon them. One by one remarks of the professor to various members of the band were repeated until the scales fell from their eyes and they perceived that they had been duped. Inquiry soon developed the fact that the professor had not only taken the music and instruments, but that he had collected sixty dollars from Mr. Hooke Smith for the band's services on the library picnic to Indian Spring. Further search also showed that he had appropriated the band's funds to his own use, and that his boarding house, on Calhoun street, was short $73.45. When these facts, and many more of a like character, were ascertained, the band, by a rising vote, decided to

TO FOLLOW HIM TO THE END OF THE EARTH.

Chief Connolly's aid was invoked and in a trice the click of the telegraph instrument was telling detectives and police all over the country to "watch out for Jule Soule—thirty-two years of age, five feet four inches, one hundred and twenty-five pounds, dark hair, light eyes, thin mustache, sallow complexion, wearing light suit and straw hat. Arrest and hold him and his effects." This message was duplicated to points other than New Orleans, the place everybody except Chief Connolly said he was bound for. No trace at that time could be secured of him, but for some reason Chief Connolly entertained an idea that the professor was reaching for Cincinnati, and upon his own responsibility sent the message to that city. All day Sunday members of the band, with long faces and depleted pockets, stood around the telegraph office awaiting some intelligence from their traveling leader and instructor, and about five o'clock it came. It read:

CINCINNATI, O., August 27.—Captain Arthur Connolly, Chief of Police Atlanta, Ga.: Soule is arrested with instruments and music. Answer.
M. F. REILEY, Superintendent Police.

So Chief Connolly was right, and when the members of the band learned of his capture there was a called meeting, in which there was great rejoicing. Then it was decided to fetch him back to the home he had so cruelly deserted, and for that purpose Mr. C. M. Cady, one of the paters of the band, swore out a warrant before Judge Tanner, charging the professor with larceny from the house. Upon this warrant a requisition was obtained, and yesterday afternoon Captain Bagby, of the police force, left with the papers in his pocket and a clean paper collar in his gripsack, for the queen city, where he will introduce himself to the leader of the musical union band, whom he will lead back to Atlanta, where he will be greeted by his dupes.

ALL THAT IS KNOWN OF HIM.

Professor Soule, whose description is given in Chief Connolly's telegram, came to Atlanta in April last. He claimed to have come from New Orleans, and was a perfect stranger in this city. Soon after his arrival in Atlanta the organization of the musical union band was agitated, and when the organization had been about completed, the professor made himself known to Mr. Cady. He exhibited cards and letters and professed to have been a leader and instructor of bands in New Orleans, and solicited a like position in this Atlanta organization. Mr. Cady knew nothing of his past career or of his ability as a leader and instructor, but presuming the applicant honest and competent, he took the matter under consideration. While Mr. Cady was meditating upon the professor's employment that gentleman went ahead and with a wonderful industry, discovered quite a latent musical talent in Atlanta, of which the band is now composed. Gradually, and solely by his own exertions, he soon put himself at the head of the band and was looked upon as its leader before Mr. Cady had arrived at a conclusion. Every night for weeks he would meet his pupils in their musical college and stamped his foot to mark the time until they could blow "Old Black Joe" and "Coming Through the Rye" in concert. But then his star began to descend until there was imminent fear of a disruption in the band. Several of the members happened to be good musicians themselves and soon they openly declared that they knew more about music themselves than Soule. Soule met their declarations half way and informed the members that any one who didn't like his style could leave the room. And thus matters went on until the fourth of July when the band made its first appearance. They played well, and Atlanta was proud of them. But a day of reckoning came. The band had been led to believe by the professor's talk that they were

TO RECEIVE ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

for their services, and when the money was not forthcoming they began an investigation, which resulted in a loss of confidence in their leader. But the professor's support came from this band, and he clung to it with a fondness surpassed only by his heartless desertion. He was a quiet person, and mingled little with the world. He was fond of music and billiards, and gave his entire time and attention to these two pleasures.

As to his past career nothing is known. He claimed to have come from New Orleans to Atlanta, but there are those in this city who say his home is in Milledgeville. He is a married man and his wife is from that town. She is said to be a lady of good appearance, fine family and elegant education. She was with him during his sojourn in Atlanta and it is said left with him. Just before the train upon which they left pulled out from the car shed they were seen in a restaurant on Wall street, and she is represented as being in tears while he was pleading with her.

Captain Bagby will return about Friday with his prisoner and then some understanding will be reached. Some members of the band have expressed a determination to prosecute him to the extent of the law, while the less obdurate are pleading for him on account of his wife. Just now it is not known what the result will be, but if the band can recover its property it will do well enough. They employed the prosessor without his having the proper credentials. They have been duped and should stand the racket.

The Summer Watermelons.

Melons are generally wholesome food is eaten ripe and in proper quantity, provided the stomach is not overloaded with a whole picnic of indigestible food. When imprudently eaten they sometimes make mischief. Cramps, colic, cholera morbus and all that family of evils have asserted themselves in the middle of the night as the consequence of too much melon during the day. For these ailments Perry Davis's Pain Killer is the sovereign remedy. Mr. David Pierce, of Utica, N. Y., says: "I have had many occasions to use the Pain Killer for colic. As it has never failed to effect a cure, I freely recommend it to all families."

Copies of the DAILY or WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, with H. W. Grady's sketch of the Hon. B. H. Hill, can be had at the counter or by mail, 5 cents per copy. d&wtf

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

OF

SUMMER CLOTHING

AT COST,

UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1ST

FOR CASH.

JAMES A. ANDERSON & CO.,

41 Whitehall Street.

aug3 d12m—top col 7p

CARPETS. CARPETS.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS.

JOHN RYAN

Is receiving daily the largest and most magnificent lot of Carpets ever shown in any Carpet House in the Southern States, consisting in part of

TAPESTRY, BODY BRUSSELLS, WILTONS,
VELVETS, MOUQUETTE, AXMINSTER,
All kinds, INGRAINS, Etc., Etc., Etc.,

and is selling them at prices which are unapproachable by any house in the United States.

JOHN RYAN

ALSO, KEEPS THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF

HOUSE [redacted] NG GOODS

to be found anywhere. Belo[redacted] house-furnishing articles always to be found in his

EXTENSIVE [redacted] WARE-ROOMS.

Crumb Cloths all sizes. M[redacted]le in all designs and of any material. Dado Shades in lat[redacted]able Cornices, Mattresses, Scotch Holland, all widths and col[redacted]ds, etc.

Magnificent assortment o[redacted]

JOH[redacted]YAN

make[redacted]niture.

CARPETS SOL[redacted]ALLMENT PLAN

[redacted]T CASH PRICES.

Parties contemplating furnishing their houses this fall will save money and study their own interests by calling at

JOHN RYAN'S,

61 WHITEHALL AND 70--78 BROAD ST.

AT WHOLESALE ONLY,

Having determined to sell out our entire Retail Drug Department, September 1, 1882, we will, after that date, sell at

WHOLESALE ONLY.

PEMBERTON, IVERSON & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

---------AND----------

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,

40 AND 42 WALL STREET, Opposite Passenger Depot.

N. B.---Third Floor 100x50 feet, with elevator, suitable for light manufacturing purposes, for Rent.

aug12—dtf 7thp un ryan

No Back.

In one of Hans Andersen's stories, he speaks of an old elf lady, who, when she went into company, made a very genteel appearance, only she had no back. There are many people who suffer so many aches and pains and weakness in that part of the body, that they almost wish they had no back. But these pains, etc., come from kidney disease, and there is a medicine—Hunt's Remedy, the great kidney and liver medicine—that works to such a charm, that one taking it becomes, like the elf lady, unconscious of a back, though unlike her in having a whole, sound, and perpendicular back. Hunt's Remedy has a back of the stiffest kind, for its mission is to support the weak, and heal the ailing, and this it is doing all over the land.

aug29 d1w tues thur sat&wlt

The Egyptians are humping themselves, and it is now almost as dangerous for a Christian to be out after dark in Egypt as it is in Ridgeway park

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15th, 1880.

GENTLEMEN—Having been a sufferer for a long time from nervous prostration and general debility, I was advised to try Hop Bitters. I have taken one bottle, and I have been rapidly getting better ever since, and I think it the best medicine I ever used. I am now gaining strength and appetite, which was all gone, and I was in despair until I tried your bitters. I am now well, able to go about and do my own work. Before taking it I was completely prostrated.

MRS. MARY STUART.

From the Great Drug House of the Northwest.

CHICAGO, July 14th, 1882.

We do not hesitate to say that for a year past we have sold more of your Swifts Specific (S. S. S.) than all other blood purifiers combined and with most astonishing results. One gentleman who used half a dozen bottles says that it has done him more good than treatment which cost him $1,000. Another who had used it for a scrofulous affection reports a permanent cure from its use. Yours truly,

VANSHAACK, STEVENSON & CO.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., July 17th, 1882.

I have had what my physicians termed eczema for over eight years, and came five years ago to this place to live in order that I might be cured. During that time I energetically applied all the healing art of the physicians here (both internal and external) in connection with the celebrated Thermal hot baths, and in addition have taken more than a hundred bottles of various medicines without the desired result. Up to three months ago I had almost believed my case incurable, and began taking Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) with all the skepticism possible, although the eruption was at first worse, yet there were some signs of improvement, and after three months use of S. S. S. I am sound and well, not a sign af the eruption, my skin smooth and clear. Ind my general health as good as it ever was. of there are any doubting ones, let them write to me here. J. N. PEATT.

THE MARKHAM HOUSE,

Atlanta, Georgia.

HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS and Southern Tourists.

RATES—$2.50, $3.00 PER DAY.

Special rates made with families.

july 4—3m W. A. HUFF, Proprietor.

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS,

HALL COUNTY, GEORGIA.

THE FINEST ACCOMMODATION, THE BEST water and the purest climate in the south.

TERMS:

$30 per month; $10 per week; $2 per day.

Special rates given to families.

july 4—3m W. A. HUFF, Proprietor.

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.

A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on [illegible] earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop B[illegible]

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND" and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.

D.I.C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

aug27—d1y tues thur sat &wkly No 2

LAW OFFICE OF JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Rooms 5 and 6, Atlanta National Bank.
Messrs. McBRIDE & CO., Atlanta, Ga.:
In reply to your question, I answer that your "Cherry's Patent Steam Evaporator" has been running on my plantation at Orchard Hill, for several weeks in connection with several others of different patents. My Orchard Superintendent reports than it gives satisfaction, and that it is the best Evaporator he ever saw for general use.
JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM.
jan16—d1y top 1st col 8p

SCHOOL BOOKS
—AND—
SCHOOL SUPPLIES
—FOR—
COLLEGES, ACADEMIES,
High Grammar, Primary, and Private Schools.
HOLMAN, COFFIN & CO.
feb18—d1y un mch

DIAMONDS
FINE
JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER
BRIDAL PRESENTS.
LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST STYLES
and Lowest Prices.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
FACTORY & SALESROOM,
34 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 7½c; in New York, at 12 15-16; in Atlanta at 12¼.

Daily Weather Report

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., KIMBALL HOUSE, August 28, 10:31 P. M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	29.87	72	65	S.	Fresh	.....	Cloudy.
Augusta	29.90	78	...	S.	Light	.....	Cloudy.
Galveston	29.87	82	77	S. W.	Fresh	.30	Cloudy.
Indianola	29.87	82	77	S.	Fresh	.....	Cloudy.
Key West	29.99	81	...	S. E.	Light	.....	Cloudy.
Mobile	29.88	74	...	N. E.	Light	1.10	Fair.
Montgomery	29.87	71	69	S. E.	Light	.10	Clear.
New Orleans	29.88	78	72	S. E.	Fresh	.....	Cloudy.
Pensacola	29.86	76	73	...	Calm	.03	Cloudy.
Palestine	29.89	81	70	N.	Light	.....	Clear.
Savannah	29.92	78	...	S.	Light	.19	Cloudy.

Local Observations.

Time of Observation.							
6:31 a.m.	29.89	69	67	W.	Gent.	.00	Cloudy.
10:31 "	29.90	76	68	S. W.	Gent.	...	Cloudy.
2:31 p.m.	29.84	82	69	S.	Gent.	.00	Fair.
6:31 "	29.84	80	70	S.	Light	.00	Cloudy.
10:31 "	29.87	72	65	S.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.

Mean daily bar..... 29.865 | Maximum ther..... 82.5
Mean daily ther..... 14.5 | Minimum ther..... 68.5
Mean daily humid 78.7 | Total rainfall 00.0

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 5 p.m.—Local time.

Atlanta District.	Max Tem	Min Tem	Ra'n fall.
Atlanta	82	68	.06
Spartanburg	86	71	.10
Toccoa	82	70	.42
Gainesville	85	65	.00
Dalton	86	65	.10
Calhoun	85	66	.00
Cartersville	81	69	.00
West Point	86	69	.00
Newnan	85	68	.46
Griffin	84	69	.01
DISTRICTS.	AVERAGE		
1 Wilmington	88	69	.20
2 Charleston	88	71	.49
3 Augusta	87	69	.09
4 Savannah	87	71	.49
5 Atlanta	84	68	.11
6 Montgonery	85	68	.29
7 Mobile	88	70	.01
8 New Orleans	89	72	.29
9 Galveston	94	72	.06
10 Vicksburg	87	71	.47
11 Little Rock	84	67	.12
12 Memphis	86	67	.06
13 St. Louis	...	...	..
Mean of Districts	87.7	69.6	0.23

H. HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

ELEGANT
ESTABLISHMENT

One of the most attractive and elegant establishments in Atlanta, is the handsome jewelry store of A. F. Pickert, No 5 Whitehall street. His superb and tastefully arranged stock claims the admiration of all who see it, and a visit to his establishment is always pleasant and interesting, for aside from the attractions of a pretty and stylish stock of jewelry, he has just received a large stock of the celebrated Meriden Britania company's silverware, some elegant designs in tea sets, water sets, baking dishes, with porcelain lining, something handsome, and many other goods too numerous to mention. These goods are the heaviest triple plate, and the finest finished goods in the world. Go to No 5 Whitehall street and see them.

A. F. PICKERT,
JEWELER.

P S—A full line of the finest imported Spectacles and Eye-Glasses can also be found at my place, which I guarantee to give satisfaction for five years.
may28 dtf—1st col 8p

WATCHES,
JEWELRY.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
31 Whitehall Street.
We are prepared to do all the most difficult
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING
IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE.
feb4—d1y 8p un pick

MEETINGS

Be sure to attend the auction sale by D P Ellis, auctioneer, of the balance of M Rich & Bro's large stock, consisting of dry goods, fancy goods, novelties, etc. Sale will commence at 10 a m Tuesday, 29th inst, and continue three days and nights at the old stand, No 65 Whitehall street, corner of Hunter.
853aug27—2t sun&tues

Don't Die in the House

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, bed bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers. 15c

Dirt.

A large quantity of dirt at the First Methodist church to be given to any one who wants it and will call for it to day.

THE HEKTOGRAPH.
100 copies from one writing.
Cap, Letter and Note size.
PHILLIPS & CREW,
AGENTS.
july8—d1y top 2d col 8p

A CHANCE FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT AT 48 MARIETTA STREET.

Do you know of any one to be married within 15 days? Have you a friend contemplating matrimony soon? If so, you can invest a few dollars to great advantage by taking out a certificate on that friend. Think of it! For $25 you can make $100; for $100, $400, and so on, within 30 days. It is the grandest speculation of the age. Thousands are availing themselves of the opportunity. Call up and examine plans. Will give you the address of hundreds who have been benefitted recently. All information cheerfully given. Remember the place—at Groves' General Agency, 48 Marietta street.
aug29 1m tues thurs sun—und Phil & Cr

Chi Phi.

Last night there was a meeting of the local committee of the Chi Phi fraternity preparatory to the general convention which will meet at the Kimball house on the 6th of September. Delegates from all parts of the country will be present, and a very interesting meeting is expected. There will be another meeting of the local members of the fraternity next Monday night at the Kimball to perfect all arrangements.

The Railroad Shops.

Last night only a small amount of the money necessary to secure the location of the Cincinnati and Georgia railroad shops here remained to be raised, and nearly all of that amount was in sight. An additional day of grace was granted, and the committee expect to raise the balance of the money to-day. The gentlemen having the matter in charge say their motto is: "Small favors thankfully received—large ones accordingly."

[redacted]

PERSONAL.

B A Stovall is at the Markham.

Colonel P F Pescud, of Raleigh, N. C., is at the Kimball.

J A Madden, of Maysville, Ga., is registered at the Markham.

Mr S G Haynes, of Savannah, is registered at the Kimball.

Colonel W C Wallace, of Augusta, is stopping at the Markham.

Colonel R S Lanier, and wife, of Macon, areat the Kimball.

Colonel A B Simms, of Covington, is stopping at the Markham.

Colonel Thomas P Saffold, of Madison, has rooms at the Markham.

Mrs. E. G. Lind died Sunday morning and was buried yesterday.

William H Johnson, of Greensboro, Ga., is registered at the Markham.

Hon John C Nicholls, of Blackshear, Ga., was at the Kimball yesterday.

Mr Horace H Proctor, of Forsyth, accompanied by his father, registered at the Kimball.

Mr Virgil Powers and lady and Miss Annie Powers, of Macon, have rooms at the Kimball.

Last night at a raffle at Smith & Boyd's, Mr. M. M. Brannan threw 43 and won a handsome gold watch.

Mrs Logan E. Bleckley, wife of Judge Bleckley, has returned from Tallulah falls, where she has been for her health.

Colonel Charles L Schlatter, president, and Mr R D Meader, superintendent of the Brunswick and Albany railroad, are at the Kimball house.

Miss Julia Ramsey, an accomplished young lady, who has been spending the past three or four weeks with Miss Sallie Greene, of this city, has returned home.

A delightful party went to Tallulah yesterday. Mrs. J. D. Stocker, Mrs. L. DeGive, Miss Louise DeGive, Miss Annie Horne, of Chicago, Mr. A. B. Carrier, of Michigan, and Mr. James Simmons, of Charleston, S. C.

New Orleans is well represented at the Kimball house. We notice the names of Mr H Freisen and servant, Miss Freilsen and maid, Mr H G Morgan, wife, children and nurses, Mrs J B Woods, two children and nurse, and Mrs Jonnesville and child.

Bank Notice.

The undersigned banks and bankers will close their doors throughout the day on Thursday, August 31st., 1882, in accordance with the proclamation of his excellency, the governor of the state, setting that day aside as a day of thanksgiving. According to law all papers maturing on that day are due and payable on Wednesday preceding, the 30th inst.

The attention of our dealers is respectfully called to the above notice.

EDWARD S. MCCANDLESS, Cashier Gate City National Bank.
P. ROMARE, Cashier Atlanta National Bank.
W. D. LUCKIE, Cashier Merchants Bank.
MADDOX, RUCKER & Co.
W. M. & R. J. LOWRY, Bankers.
J. H. JAMES.
F. M. COKER, Jr., Cashier Bank of the State of Georgia.
aug29 d2t

SIDEWALK NOTES.

Do you have a friend? Does that friend suffer with neuralgia or headache? If so you can do him no greater service than to tell him of the Neuralgine. It never fails to cure neuralgia and headache.
mar9—d1y sun, tues thur

Cheap ice! Come to stay, and "don't you forget it." Fifty cent packed. H. F. Emery, 15 Peachtree.

Try Scott & Bowne's SOLUBLE BEEF for soups; you will find it palatable as well as very nutritious. It also makes delicious beef tea for the sick. For sale by Druggists and Grocers.
june29—d&w6m thur sat tues No 3

It will be your own fault if you miss the best chance of the season—that of the sale by auction of the remainder of M Rich & Bro's large stock. D P Ellis, the auctioneer, will take pleasure in selling to you at the old stand, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets, at 10 o'clock, next Tuesday morning.
853 aug27 sun tues

Louisville a Fortunate City.

This city has been singularly fortunate, as several citizens have of late gotten small fortunes in drawing prizes in the lottery. The last fortunate one is Mr William W Irwin, a clerk in the Auditor's Office of the L & N R R, Second and Main streets. Mr. Irwin yesterday, while working in the office, received an official looking document bearing the N. O. post-mark, and discovered, to his great joy, official notification that he had drawn one-fifth of $75,000 in the Louisiana State Lottery, amounting to $15,000. The lucky ticket was No 83,003. Some time ago Mr. Irwin purchased his first lottery ticket, very nearly the number which then drew the capital prize. He then thought he would try again, and this time produced such golden results. Mr. Irwin is a middle-aged man, married, and has a small family. He has been connected with the L & N for several years, and has been a faithful worker, and many friends are profuse in their congratulations.—Louisville Courier-Journal, July 14. aug29d&w1t.

Make it your business to attend the final closing out sale at auction of the balance of M Rich & Bro's stock. Sale to commence on Tuesday next at 10 a m. See what is to be sold in another column.
853 aug27 sun tues

House wives need a convenient and nutritious stock for soups; nothing excels in natural meat flavor the SOLUBLE BEEF prepared by Scott & Bowne, and as it contains the substance of the meat dissolved it is more nutritious than beef extracts. For sale by Druggists and Grocers.
june29—d&w6m thur sat tues No 3

AUGUST 26TH, 1882.

NEW STYLES IN SILKS JUST OPENED.

We opened on yesterday another solid case of beautiful and stylish and IMPORTED SILKS in all the late shades. A full line of Dress Goods. New Black Goods. New Neckwear. New Gloves and Hosiery. New Table Linens and Napkins. New and Pretty Goods in every department. We will receive THIS SEASON THE LARGEST STOCK OF FINE IMPORTED DRESS GOODS EVER SHIPPED SOUTH.

BARGAINS In all style Summer Dress Goods; In Table Linens in short lengths; Odd lots in Hosiery, Lisle Thread Gloves, etc.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

We are closing all odd lots in our Shoe Department REGARDLESS OF COST. THESE GOODS ARE BEST MAKES.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!

New and stylish designs just received. We handle the best and all we ask is before you buy examine quality and prices of our WILTONS, MOQUTTES, VELVETS, BODY BRUSSELS, TAPESTRIES, INGRAINS, ETC. Also, we have a complete stock of OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, SHADES, LACE CURTAINS, CORNACES, LAMBREQUINS, OTTOMANS, etc., etc. MOTQUITO CANOPIES MADE TO ORDER.

Agents Butterrick's Patterns. CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO

SPECIAL NOTICE.
FOR SALE.

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A FIRST-CLASS Gent's Furnishing Goods House. Fine opportunity for a live man. Everything desirable. No old stock. For particulars, address
NICHOLSON & JAMES, 3 Pryor St.
aug18 3w fri sun tues

The four bishops of the C M E church will be in the city the 29th. The district meeting will come off September 1st. They will meet in the capitol. We hope to have a large attendance of both white and colored. Yours truly,
J. M. YOUNG, P. E.
aug29—1t

Messrs. Rushing, Keller & Co have leased the store next to the express office, No 28 Wall street, for a term of years, and will take possession september 1st. aug29—3t

Go get a first-class, one-horse wagon; get your hard wood lumber of Atlanta Wagon and Timber Co., corner Georgia railroad and Butler streets. 1t

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
Ready-made Clothing Department in Gents', Boys' and Children's is complete. If you need a new suit examine his immense stock. His prices are lower than the lowest.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!
Ladies' all-Leather sewed Shoes $1.
Ladies' sewed all-Leather Imitation Goat Shoes $1.
Ladies' Kid foxed Shoes $1.
Ladies' all-cloth beautiful Shoes 75c.
Ladies' Kid Slippers 50c.
Ladies' Newport Ties 75c.
Carpet Slippers for Men and Women 50c.
Men's Calf Shoes, in all sizes, $1.
These are the Biggest Bargains in Shoes ever offered in this city. Finer makes at satisfactory prices at W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

At the expiration of Alderman Beermann's term of office, the south side of the railroad will have no immediate representative in the aldermanic board, as there are two of the ones holding over from the north side. Justice demands that Alderman Beermann's successor should be from the south side of Atlanta and they present the name of that old, tried public spirited citizen, Major John H. Mecaslin, as a suitable man to fill the place and one that will be supported by the whole people of Atlanta.

MR. W. M. MIDDLEBROOKS,
OF PETERS STREET, AND
MR. W. M. TALLEY,
OF MITCHELL STREET,
(Two more of Atlanta's LIVE GROCERS) have joined the procession, making
59
firms now selling the
DIAMOND PATENT FLOUR.
NEXT!
aug29 d1t

ROLLER PATENT FLOUR.
We are receiving weekly shipments of the genuine Roller Patent Flour. Also No. 2 Snow Roller Patent Flour, from the finest and only exclusively Roller Mill in the Southern States
These two grades are not excelled by any other Flours manufactured in America.
Ask your Grocer for B. F. Wyly & Co.'s Number One Roller Patent and you will simply get the best made, and at the most reasonable price.
B. F. WYLY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
47 and 49 Alabama Street.
869 aug27 sun tues thurs 2w

Dyspeptics who can't eat solid food can live on Scott & Bowne's SOLUBLE BEEF; it contains all the elements of meat in a digested form. For sale by Druggists and Grocers.
June29—d&w6m thur sat tues No 3

Save your ready cash for the great auction sale of the balance of M Rich & Bro's stock. The goods will be sold at any price; they will bring under the hammer of Auctioneer Ellis. The time and place 10 o'clock next Tuesday morning at the old stand, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.
853 aug27 sun tues

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
Millinery Department, presided over by Mrs. B. LYON, is one of the most attractive establishments of the kind south of Baltimore.
Do not fail to call and examine the beautiful Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, etc.
Also, agent for the sale of Mme. Demorest's celebrated Patterns. This is the best and most reliable pattern sold.

Children are very fond of Scott & Bowne's SOLUBLE BEEF sprinkled on bread and crackers, and as it contains all of the nourishment of the meat is very desirable for them. For sale by Druggists and Grocers.
June29—d&w6m thur sat tues No 3

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO
HIRSCH BROS
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET,
Who were too busy yesterday receiving their Immense Fall Stock to prepare their advertisement.
mar20—d1y un cham 8p

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
Dress Goods Department is very attractive.
All-wool Black Bunting 15c.
Half-wool Black Bunting 10c.
Black and White, Brown and Black, Black and Blue and Black Striped Silks 50c.
Plain Black Silk 50c.
Colored Silks, in all shades, 50 cents.
Black all-wool Cashmere 40c.
Black Satin 50, Colered Satins in delicate shades $1.00, and all other goods in this department correspondingly low.

The Grand Bargains offered by D. H. DOUGHERTY the past week have been duly appreciated by the people and a good trade has been the result. A great many goods have been sold, but there are still enough left to supply all who need them. These bargains are unprecedented in the city and will still be offered that ALL MAY BE SUPPLIED.

Remember, DOUGHERTY is selling goods CHEAP FOR THE CASH. His prices cannot be touched by any other house and his fair dealing with all is proverbial

Don't let the chance to procure good goods at A VERY LOW PRICE escape you.

Fall Goods are now arriving daily and ROOM MUST BE MADE for them.

DOUGHERTY has adopted the CASH SYSTEM and it is working beautifully for his customers as weil as himself.

CORRECTION.

FROM HAVING SOLD OUT MY LIVERY BUSIness, I find the impression prevails with some that I also sold my undertaking business, so I respectfully announce to the public that I retain the undertaking business with
MR. H. M. PATTERSON,
undertaker, in charge, at the same place, and in connection with my former livery, now Miller & Brady's, Markham House Block, where everything pertaining to the business will be furnished in first-class style, at moderate prices.
Respectfully, G. R. BOAZ.
687Jan15 d1y 8p

FULTON COUNTY SHERIFF'S SALES FOR September, 1882—Will be sold before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September, 1882 within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the northeastern part of the city of Atlanta, beginning at the southwest corner of an eight acre lot, formerly owned by A V Brumby, commencing at the southwest corner of said eight acre lot and running due north two hundred and sixteen feet, thence north 14½ degrees east five hundred feet to stake in branch; thence north 70 degrees east along the line of said eight acre lot about one hundred and fifty feet to the corner of Crawford Monroe's line, between his said lot and a lot sold by A V Brumby to George Harris; thence south 14½ degrees west, six hundred and seventy feet to a stake on the north side of a new street, thirty feet wide, on the south of said eight acres; thence along the north side of said street to where it intersects the first line running due north, which said point of intersection constitutes the southwest corner of the property herein described, and is a part of land lot No 47 of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and contains three and one-tenth acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of Crawford Monroe, colored, to satisfy eight fi fas issued from the justice court of the 1234th district G M, in favor of John Neal against said Crawford Monroe and A V Brumby, security. Said land is sold for the purchase money. Levies made by J A Smith, L C, and handed to me. Property pointed out by defendant.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot 82, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, known in the subdivision of the Taliaferro property by the No 3, commencing on the north side of Jones avenue, at a point one hundred and six feet west from Mangum street, and running west on Jones avenue fifty three feet, and running back north same width, one hundred and eighty-three feet to a street thirty feet wide; levied on as the property of James C Baird, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Cox, Hill & Co, vs J C Baird.

Also at the same time and place all that tract or parcel of land situated in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, and a part of land, lot No. 82, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, and known in the subdivision of the Loyd property as lot No 25, fronting 103½ feet on the north side of Emma street and running back north 185½ feet to D'Alvigney street, bounded east by lot No. 26, and west by lot No. 24 as per plat, and survey of said property made by Jas T Cooper in June, 1868, and sold by Elia Loyd to Thomas Lewis, and recorded in book L, page 531, clerk's office Fulton superior court, levied on as the property of Thomas Lewis to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from 10th district Georgia militia, Fulton county, Ga., in favor of Bridget Burns vs. Thomas Lewis.

Also at the same time and place, a city house and lot No 588 Marietta street, fronting 52 feet on Marietta street and extending back to the right of way of Western and Atlantic railroad, being sixty-seven (67) feet on right of way, and being one hundred and forty-seven (147) feet on the south line bounded by property formerly owned by J D Delph, and on the north line being one hundred and sixty-six (166) feet and bounded by property formerly owned by Bobo and by Means street, being part of land lot 81 in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of defendant for purchase money to satisfy seven (7) fi fa's issued from 1234 District Georgia Militia, Fulton county Ga, in favor of H L Arnold vs Mrs M E Snyder.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, being that city lot in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, and the improvements thereon, fronting on the northwest side of Baker street, between Luckie and Marietta streets; said lot begins ninety one feet southwest from the west corner of Baker and Luckie streets, and extending thence southwest along Baker street 36 feet more or less, thence running back northwardly one hundred and eight feet more or less, to an alley on the rear, thence east along said alley towards Luckie street 35 feet more or less, thence southeast along a line from Luckie street ninety-one feet—one hundred feet more or less, to the beginning corner; said lot being part of land lot 70, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, as the trust property to which the defendant, T J Bowers, holds the titles as trustee, in accordance with the judgment rendered in this case. Levied on as the property to which T J Bowers holds the titles as trustee, to satisfy a fi fa issued from the 1234th district G. M., Fulton county, in favor of P H Norton vs T J Bowers.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land, adjoining the property of Bunge and others, being part of land lot No 193, 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing fifty acres, more or less; levied on as the property of Alexander W Stroup to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Willingham Bros vs A W Stroup.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land, being a part of land lot No one hundred and fifty (150) commencing at a stake on the right-of-way of the Western and Atlantic railroad at the northwest corner of J E Brown's lot and extending northwardly along said railroad 532 feet to a stake at the southwest corner of E P Howell's lot, thence north 30 degrees east along E P Howell's line 814 ft to a stake, thence east 805 feet to Howell's Ferry road, thence south along said road 871 feet to the northeast corner of J E Brown's lot, thence along Brown's lot 1036 feet, beginning point, being a part of said land lot 150 in the fourteenth (14) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia.

Also at the same time and place, all that part of land lot number one hundred and fifty (150) in the seventeenth (17) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, being northeast of the Western and Atlantic railroad and described as follows: One piece being a strip of land twenty (20) feet wide, commencing at the Western and Atlantic railroad right of way and running north along the extreme west side of said land lot one thousand and forty (1,040) feet, bounded east by land now owned by R T Wilson and west by land lot number one hundred and eighty-nine (189.)

Also another strip of land forty feet wide in said land lot 150 commencing at the right-of-way of the Western and Atlantic railroad and running same width forty feet, fifteen hundred and twenty-five (1525) feet to land lot number 151, bounded east by land lot of E P Howell and Mrs D A Sasseen, and west by land of R T Wilson.

Also eight (8) acres, more or less, described as follows: Lying between the Western and Atlantic railroad and the Howell mill road, and fronting on said Howell mill road, bounded west by a strip of land separating this eight acres from R T Wilson's land, south by land of E P Howell and others, east by land formerly owned by E R Sasseen and north by said Howell's mill road, being a part of land lot one hundred and fifty (150) in the seventeenth (17) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia; levied on as the property of E R Sasseen under and by virtue of an execution in favor of James R Edwards against E R Sasseen and William Ezzard security issued from Fulton Superior court.

A M PERKERSON, Sheriff.
aug 8—dlawtiw-tue

PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN
Portrait and Landscape Painter,
Has Removed His Studio to
NO. 73 1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE HE has fitted up rooms suitable to display his work of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Paintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.
The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. Stavoren is now prepared to instruct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscape painting
may 8 dtf

SHOES

JOHN KEELY
"The Leader of Low Prices."
Offers the following
BARGAINS
THIS WEEK.

1,000 pairs Ladies' Kid Button Shoes, $1 a pair, well worth $1.75, anywhere.

580 pairs Ladies' Kid Button Boots, box toe, worked button-holes, $1.25, worth $2.25.

1,000 pairs Goat Laced Shoes, sewed, 75 cts. per pair. Well worth $1.50.

WONDERFUL BARGAINS!

500 pairs fine fox Gaiters, 85c a pair, well worth $1.50 anywhere.

Men's plain or Box-toe Gaiters, $1.50 per pair. Always sold at $2.25.

Misses' fine foxed Gaiters 75c a pair, worth $1.25.

A superb stock of boy's shoes, just received, for school wear. Also Misses' and Childrens' school shoes in button and laced goods---every imaginable style.

The manufacturing establishments of the entire country have been searched, and the best line made in school shoes for children is here offered as the result.

Zeigler's goods, a full line. Bay State goods a full line, for fall wear just opened at

JOHN KEELY'S

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR ELECTRIC LIGHT AT HAAS'S OFFICE, 32 ALABAMA STREET.
aug24 dtf

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 75c and $1.00 Counters are more attractive than anything of the kind in the South. Articles at 5c and 10c that sell in other houses in a regular way for 25c and 50c.
Be sure and examine the goods on these Counters.

State of Georgia, Fulton County. To the Superior Court of said County:

THE PETITION OF HENRY L. WILSON, Robert D Spalding, William B Cox, Franklin P Rice and Washington J Houston, respectfully shows:

1st That they desire to become incorporated and made a body corporate and politic under the laws of Georgia with the corporate name and style of "Wilson's Park Company."

2nd. The objects of said corporation are pecuniary gains to its stockholders by means of conducting and carrying on a race course; zoological garden; "Schutzen Platz," fair and exhibition grounds; the keeping of stables, barns, feed, supplies, etc., necessary in caring for all kinds of stock and animals; the erection of all buildings, houses, stands, etc., necessary for the carrying out of these objects; the granting of premiums, rewards, charging admission and entrance fees; and doing all other things legitimately connected with said objects.

3rd. The office of the corporation and its place of doing business will be in said county of Fulton.

4th. The capital stock of said corporation is to be ten thousand dollars, divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, all of which shall be paid in to effect a permanent organization. The corporation herein named and the subscribers to said corporation to have no personal liability except for the amount of their unpaid subscriptions. And any corporator or stockholder when he has paid in all his subscriptions shall have the right to assign and transfer his stock so as to relieve himself from all future liability. Petitioners desire authority to increase said capital stock from time to time until the same may not exceed two hundred thousand dollars.

5th. Petitioners desire to be incorporated for the term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewals as often as it can be lawfully done;

6th. Petitioners desire said corporation to have the powers of suing and being sued; contracting and being contracted with; having and using a common seal and the same to alter or destroy at pleasure; of having succession; of making such by-laws, rules and regulations as it may desire, binding on its own members, as may not be in conflict with the laws of this state or the United States, and alter, amend or rescind the same at pleasure; to receive, rent, lease, purchase and hold such real and personal property as may be necessary for the purpose of the corporation or for securing debts to it and to alien or dispose of the same at pleasure; to elect such officers, manager, directors and agents as it may desire and to do all other acts necessary for the legitimate execution of its powers and for carrying out its objects.

7th. Petitioners ask that they may be made a body corporate and politic under the name and style as aforesaid. That this petition may be filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court of Fulton county, and be by him recorded as required by law and that the same may be published in The Atlanta Constitution, a public gazette of said county of Fulton once a week for one month, and that afterwards the court will pass an order declaring said application granted, and petitioners will ever pray, etc.

JACK J. SPALDING,
Attorney for Petitioners.

Filed in office 21st of August, 1882.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true extract from the Minutes of Fulton Superior Court. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.
aug22 d1awkiw tue

MILL & FACTORY SUPPLIES
Of all kinds. Belting, Hose and Packing, Oils, Pumps all kinds, Iron Pipe, Fittings, Brass Goods, Steam Gauges, Engine Governors, &c. Send for Price-list. W. H. DILLINGHAM & CO., 421 Main Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.
aug12—d1y sat tues thur